

Ethernet Routing Switch IP Phones Engineering

> > Avaya / Cisco Interoperability Technical Configuration Guide

Avaya Data Solutions Document Date: April 6, 2010 Document Number: NN48500-588 Document Version: 2.0



Abstract

The purpose of this TCG is to show some of the more common configurations for the interoperability of Avaya and Cisco products.

Revision Control

No	Date	Version	Revised by	Remarks
1	9/30/2009	1.0	ENS	Initial Document
2	3/16/2010	2.0	PRMGT	Added IP-VPN and Appendix A sections



Table of Contents

Docur	ment Updates	3
Conve	entions	3
1. C	Cisco Trunk Interface and Native VLAN	4
2. B	Basic Cisco EtherChannel to Avaya MLT without Spanning Tree	5
2.1 2.2	Configuration Steps	5 7
3. C	Cisco EtherChannel to Avaya Switch Cluster	10
4. L	ACP Interoperability between a ERS8600 Switch Cluster and Cisco 3750	17
4.1 4.2	Configuration Steps Verification	18 26
5. S	Spanning Tree interoperability between Avaya and Cisco	32
5.1 5.2 5.3	Cisco PVST+ to Avaya Switch Cluster Configuration Example MSTP Configuration Example – One Region MSTP Configuration Example - Two Regions	33 47 64
6. O	DSPF MD5 Authentication	76
6.1 6.2	Configuration Steps Verify Operations	76 77
7. A	Avaya IP Phone to Cisco Switch	80
7.1	Config Steps	80
8. C	Cisco Phone to Avaya Switch	86
For th	nis configuration example, we will configure the following	86
8.1 8.2 8.3	4500-1 Configuration Cisco Phone Configuration Verify Operations	86 90 91
9. IF	P-VPN interoperability between Avaya and Cisco	93
9.1 9.2	Configuration Steps Verify Operations	94 104
10.	Appendix A	116
10.1	1 Cisco to Avaya CLI Command Comparison	116



Document Updates

April 6, 2010

Conventions

This section describes the text, image, and command conventions used in this document.

Symbols:



Tip – Highlights a configuration or technical tip.



Note – Highlights important information to the reader.



Warning – Highlights important information about an action that may result in equipment damage, configuration or data loss.

Text:

Bold text indicates emphasis.

Italic text in a Courier New font indicates text the user must enter or select in a menu item, button or command:

ERS5520-48T# show running-config

Output examples from Avaya devices are displayed in a Lucinda Console font:

ERS5520-48T# show running-config

! Embedded ASCII Configuration Generator Script ! Model = Ethernet Routing Switch 5520-24T-PWR ! Software version = v5.0.0.011 enable configure terminal



1. Cisco Trunk Interface and Native VLAN

When a Cisco switch is configured as a trunk interface, by default, traffic becoming to the native VLAN (VLAN 1) is not trunk encapsulated. Cisco uses the native VLAN for such proprietary protocols such as CDP, PAgP, and VTP. To tag the native VLAN, the Cisco global vlan dot1q tag native command must be used where, unless you change the native VLAN identifier at an interface level, VLAN 1 will be tagged. At an interface level, the switchport trunk native vlan <1-4094> command can be used to change the VLAN identifier of the native VLAN. For example, the following configuration enables native VLAN tagging using VLAN 1050 as the native VLAN on port 1/0/18 on a Cisco 3750.

```
!
vlan internal allocation policy ascending
vlan dot1q tag native
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/18
switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
switchport trunk native vlan 1050
switchport trunk allowed vlan 1000,1100
switchport mode trunk
priority-queue out
mls qos trust dscp
!
```

If you have an older Cisco switch that does not support native VLAN tagging and you need to pass the native VLAN traffic via an Avaya switched network, the Avaya switch can be configured to support an untagged default VLAN. Although Avaya also uses VLAN 1 as the default VLAN, any VLAN number can be used as the default VLAN. The following shows a configuration example for both an ERS8600 and an ERS5000 switch using VLAN 1050 as the default untagged VLAN.

a) ERS8600 Configuration

```
# PORT CONFIGURATION - PHASE I
#
ethernet 3/2 perform-tagging enable
#
# PORT CONFIGURATION - PHASE II
#
ethernet 3/2 default-vlan-id 1050
ethernet 3/2 untag-port-default-vlan enable
b) ERS5500 Configuration
```

```
!

! *** VLAN ***

!

vlan create 1050 name "default-native" type port

vlan ports 1/3 tagging unTagPvidOnly filter-untagged-frame disable

filter-unregistered-frames disable priority 0

vlan members 1050 1/3

vlan ports 1/3 pvid 1050
```



2. Basic Cisco EtherChannel to Avaya MLT without Spanning Tree



For this example, we will configure the following:

- MLT 2 with port member 1/24 and 2/24 on the Avaya 5698 stack
- EtherChannel on the Cisco 3750 using ports 1/0/23 and 1/0/24
- Enable 802.1Q tagging between the Avaya and Cisco switch with VLAN 300

2.1 Configuration Steps

2.1.1 ERS5698 Configuration

2.1.1.1 Create VLAN

```
5698TFD-1-PWR: Step 1 – Create VLAN 300
```

```
5698TFD-1-PWR(config)# vlan create 300 name services type port
5698TFD-1-PWR(config)# vlan configcontrol automatic
5698TFD-1-PWR(config)# vlan ports 1/24,2/24 tagging tagall
5698TFD-1-PWR(config)# vlan members add 300 1/11,1/24,2/24
5698TFD-1-PWR(config)# vlan members remove 1 1/11,1/24,2/24
```

2.1.1.2 Create MLT

```
5698TFD-1-PWR: Step 1 – Create MLT 2
```

```
5698TFD-1-PWR(config) # mlt 2 name cisco_ether enable member 1/24,2/24 learning disable
```



2.1.1.3 Enable Spanning Tree Fast Start and BPDU filtering on all Access Ports

```
5698TFD-1-PWR: Step 1 – Enable STP Fast Start and BPDU Filtering

5698TFD-1-PWR(config)# interface fastEthernet 1/11

5698TFD-1-PWR(config-if)# spanning-tree learning fast

5698TFD-1-PWR(config-if)# spanning-tree bpdu-filtering timeout 0

5698TFD-1-PWR(config-if)# spanning-tree bpdu-filtering enable

5698TFD-1-PWR(config-if)# exit
```

2.1.2 Cisco 3750 Configuration

The following is the configuration used on the Cisco 3750 used for this example.

```
!
aaa session-id common
switch 7 provision ws-c3750g-24t
system mtu routing 1500
vtp mode transparent
ip subnet-zero
ip routing
ip domain-name mydomain.com
vlan 300
name services
1
interface Port-channel1
switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
switchport trunk allowed vlan 300
switchport mode trunk
spanning-tree bpdufilter enable
1
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/11
switchport access vlan 300
switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
switchport mode access
spanning-tree portfast
spanning-tree bpduguard enable
1
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/23
switchport trunk encapsulation dotlq
switchport trunk allowed vlan 300
switchport mode trunk
no cdp enable
channel-group 1 mode on
1
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/24
switchport trunk encapsulation dotlq
switchport trunk allowed vlan 300
switchport mode trunk
no cdp enable
channel-group 1 mode on
T
```



2.2 Verification

2.2.1 Verify MLT on Avaya 5698 stack

Step 1 – Verify that the MLT instance and MLT VLAN members is configured correctly by issuing the following commands:

5698TFD-1-PWR# show mlt 2

Result:

Id	Name	Members	Bpdu	Mode	Status
2	cisco ether	1/24,2/24	All	Basic	Enabled

5698TFD-1-PWR# show vlan interface vids 1/24,2/24

Result:

Verify the following information:

Option	Verify
Members VLAN	Verify that the MLT is enabled and assigned to VLAN 300 MLT 2: Member of VLANs <i>300</i> with port members <i>1/24</i> and <i>2/24</i>
Status	Displays as <i>Enabled</i> .
Mode	Displays as Basic which is the default setting for MLT load balancing using MAC hashing. A setting of <i>advance</i> provides MLT load balancing using IP hashing and is configurable using the CLI command <i>mlt 2</i> <i>loadbalance <advance basic></advance basic></i>



2.2.2 Verify EtherChannel on Cisco 3750 switch

Step 1 – Verify that the MLT instance and MLT VLAN members are configured correctly by issuing the following commands:

C3750-1# show etherchannel 1 port-channel

Result:

```
Port-channels in the group:
Port-channel: Po1
Age of the Port-channel = 11d:23h:32m:14s
Age of the forc channelInterferenceLogical slot/port= 10/1GC= 0x00000000HotStandBy port= null
             = Ux00000000
= Port-channel Ag-Inuse
Port state
Protocol
               = Disabled
Port security
Ports in the Port-channel:
Index Load Port EC state No of bits
0 00 Gi1/0/23 On
                                   0
 0
      00
            Gi1/0/24 On
                                     0
Time since last port bundled: 0d:00h:59m:25s Gi1/0/24
Time since last port Un-bundled: 0d:00h:59m:40s Gi1/0/24
```

```
C3750-1# show interfaces port-channel 1
```

Result:

```
Port-channel1 is up, line protocol is up (connected)
 Hardware is EtherChannel, address is 000d.65cc.0917 (bia 000d.65cc.0917)
 MTU 1500 bytes, BW 2000000 Kbit, DLY 10 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 0/255
 Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
 Keepalive set (10 sec)
 Full-duplex, 1000Mb/s, link type is auto, media type is unknown
 input flow-control is off, output flow-control is unsupported
 Members in this channel: Gi7/0/23 Gi7/0/24
 ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
 Last input 01:43:59, output 6d02h, output hang never
 Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
 Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
 Queueing strategy: fifo
 Output queue: 0/40 (size/max)
 5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
 5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
    724558882 packets input, 49268190185 bytes, 0 no buffer
    Received 622359 broadcasts (618700 multicasts)
    0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
    0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored
    0 watchdog, 618700 multicast, 0 pause input
    0 input packets with dribble condition detected
    720546813 packets output, 49009901404 bytes, 0 underruns
```



()	output errors, 0 collisions, 1 interface resets
(C	babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred
()	lost carrier, 0 no carrier, 0 PAUSE output
()	output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out

Verify the following information:

Option	Verify
Port	Verify that the EtherChannel running with the correct port member:
EC state	 Port-channel 1 with port members 1/0/23 and 1/0/24
	EC State is <i>On</i>
Port State	Displays as Port-channel Ag-inuse . Otherwise, it would be displayed as Ag-Not-Inuse . If not operational, use the <i>show interfaces port-</i> <i>channel 1</i> command and verify that the port-channel is up and the line protocol is up (connected) as shown above. If not, ensure that the interface speeds are the same on both the Avaya and Cisco switches and that the interfaces are configured as tagged trunk ports



3. Cisco EtherChannel to Avaya Switch Cluster



For this configuration example, a Cisco 3750 switch is used at the SMLT access layer using EtherChannel to connect to the ERS8600 Switch Cluster. Note that any local proprietary loadbalance mechanism or 802.3ad can be used to connect to a Switch Cluster. Overall, we will configure the following items:

- IST using MLT 1 with port members 2/1 and 3/1 and IP subnet 10.1.2.0/30
- SLT 129 for the Cisco 3750 Edge switch with VLAN 3
- Enable EtherChannel on the Cisco 3750 with tagged port members 1/0/23 and 1/0/24

It is recommended to use the same MLT ID's between the two SMLT clusters for ease in configuration and trouble-shooting.

It is recommended to use a unique IP subnet between the SMLT Cluster.

If you require an OSPF adjacency between the IST peers, you have to create a separate IP subnet on the IST, as Avaya does not recommend enabling routing protocols over the IST IP

As illustrated in the diagram above, the SMLT or SLT ID is local to an SMLT Cluster. The ERS8600 support up to 128 SMLT ID's using ID's 1 to 128. The SLT ID's can be any value from 1 to 512, however, it is recommended to use a SLT ID greater than the maximum possible SMLT ID so as to not use up a possible SMLT instance. Hence the reason we are using SLT-129 in Switch Cluster. Please note that this is not a requirement; it just illustrates the flexibility of the solution. Also note that the SMLT ID or SLT ID used on each peer in the Switch Cluster must be the same.

 $(\mathbf{1})$



3.1.1 Switch Cluster

3.1.1.1 Create VLANs

The following port based VLANs will be configured on the Switch cluster

- VLAN 2 to be used by the Inter Switch Trunk (IST)
- VLAN 3 to be used at Layer 2 for the C3750-1 users.

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Create VLANs 2 and 3

```
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 2 create byport 1 name IST
```

ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 3 create byport 1 name Services

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Create VLAN 2 and 3

ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 2 create byport 1 name IST

ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 3 create byport 1 name Services

3.1.1.2 Change fdb aging timer for VLAN 3

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Change fdb aging timer for VLAN 3

ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 3 fdb-entry aging-time 21601

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Change fdb aging timer for VLAN 3

ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 3 fdb-entry aging-time 21601

3.1.1.3 Create IST

Multilink Trunking 1 (MLT 1) will be used for the IST with 802.1Q tagged port members 2/1 and 3/1. Spanning Tree will be disabled on all IST port members by default. We will enable VLACP will on the IST port members.

```
ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Create MLT 1 for IST
```

ERS8600-1:5# config mlt 1 create ERS8600-1:5# config mlt 1 name IST ERS8600-1:5# config mlt 1 add port 2/1,3/1 ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 2 add-mlt 1 ERS8600-2: Step 1 - Create MLT 1 for IST

```
ERS8600-2:5# config mlt 1 create
ERS8600-2:5# config mlt 1 name IST
```

```
ERS8600-2:5# config mlt 1 add port 2/1,3/1
```



ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 2 add-mlt 1

ERS8600-1: Step 2 – Create IST

ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 2 ip create 10.1.2.1/30 ERS8600-1:5# config mlt 1 ist create ip 10.1.2.2 vlan-id 2

ERS8600-1:5# config mlt 1 ist enable

ERS8600-2: Step 2 – Create IST

ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 2 ip create 10.1.2.2/30

ERS8600-2:5# config mlt 1 ist create ip 10.1.2.1 vlan-id 2

ERS8600-2:5# config mlt 1 ist enable

ERS8600-1: Step 3 – Enable VLACP

```
ERS8600-1:5# ethernet 2/1,3/1 vlacp macaddress 01:80:c2:00:00:0f
ERS8600-1:5# ethernet 2/1,3/1 vlacp slow-periodic-time 10000
```

ERS8600-1:5# ethernet 2/1,3/1 vlacp enable

ERS8600-1:5# config vlacp enable

ERS8600-2: Step 3 – Enable VLACP

```
ERS8600-2:5# ethernet 2/1,3/1 vlacp macaddress 01:80:c2:00:00:0f
ERS8600-2:5# ethernet 2/1,3/1 vlacp slow-periodic-time 10000
ERS8600-2:5# ethernet 2/1,3/1 vlacp enable
ERS8600-2:5# config vlacp enable
```

\$

It is recommended to use the reserved multicast MAC address of 01:80:c2:00:00:0f for the VLACP MAC address.

3.1.1.4 Add VLAN 3 to IST

```
ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Add VLAN 3 to IST MLT
```

ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 3 add-mlt 1

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Add VLAN 3 to IST MLT

```
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 3 add-mlt 1
```



3.1.1.5 SLT-129 to C3750-1

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Create SLT-129

ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 4/6 perform-tagging enable ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1 ports remove 4/6

ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 3 ports add 4/6

ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 4/6 smlt 129 create

ERS8600-2: Step 1 - Create SLT-129

ERS8600-2:5# config ethernet 4/6 perform-tagging enable ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 1 ports remove 4/6 ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 3 ports add 4/6 ERS8600-2:5# config ethernet 4/6 smlt 129 create

3.1.1.6 CP Limit – SMLT port members

CP Limit will be enabled on all the SLT Access port members. For this example, we will select the moderate recommendations for CP-Limit.

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – CP Limit for SLT Access ports

ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 4/6 cp-limit enable multicast-limit 2500 broadcast-limit 2500

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – CP Limit for SLT Access ports

```
ERS8600-2:5# config ethernet 4/6 cp-limit enable multicast-limit 2500 broadcast-limit 2500
```

3.1.1.7 SLPP

For this example, we will pick ERS8600-1 as the primary switch for the switch cluster. SLPP will be enabled globally and on the SLT access port 4/6 on the switch cluster. On the SLT primary switch, we will set the SLPP packet-rx-threshold to 5 while on the SLT secondary switch, we will set the SLPP packet-rx-threshold to 50 for the access ports.



SLPP should only be enabled on the SMLT access or core ports and not on the IST port members.

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Enable SLPP and in regards to the core port on the primary switch only, set the SLPP Rx-Threshold with a value of 5

```
ERS8600-1:5# config slpp add 3
ERS8600-1:5# config slpp operation enable
```



```
avaya.com
```

```
ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 4/6 slpp packet-rx enable
ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 4/6 slpp packet-rx-threshold 5
ERS8600-2: Step 1 - Enable SLPP
ERS8600-2:5# config slpp add 3
ERS8600-2:5# config slpp operation enable
ERS8600-2:5# ethernet 4/6 slpp packet-rx enable
ERS8600-2:5# ethernet 4/6 slpp packet-rx-threshold 50
```

3.1.1.8 Ext-CP Limit

Ext-CP Limit will be enable globally and on the SMLT access ports in the SMLT switch cluster. The SoftDown option will be used with the bandwidth utilization threshold set to 10%.

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Enable EXT-CP-Limit

ERS8600-1:5# config sys ext-cp-limit extcplimit enable

```
ERS8600-1:5# config sys ext-cp-limit max-ports-to-check 5
```

ERS8600-1:5# config sys ext-cp-limit trap-level Normal

ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 4/6 ext-cp-limit SoftDown threshold-utilrate 10

ERS8600-2: Step 2 – Enable EXT-CP-Limit

```
ERS8600-2:5# config sys ext-cp-limit extcplimit enable
ERS8600-2:5# config sys ext-cp-limit max-ports-to-check 5
ERS8600-2:5# config sys ext-cp-limit trap-level Normal
ERS8600-2:5# config ethernet 4/6 ext-cp-limit SoftDown threshold-util-
rate 10
```

3.1.1.9 Discard Untagged Frames

It is recommended to enable discard untagged frames on all IST and SMLT ports.

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Enable Discard Untagged Frames

ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 2/1,3/1,4/6 untagged-frames-discard enable

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Enable Discard Untagged Frames

ERS8600-2:5# config ethernet 2/1,3/1,4/6 untagged-frames-discard enable



3.1.2 Configuration - Edge Switch

Spanning Tree, PVST+, is enabled by default on a Cisco switch. Spanning Tree should be left enabled on all user ports and set for portfast, but disabled on the trunk EtherChannel ports. This can be accomplished on the Port-channel ports using the command 'spanning-tree bpdufilter enable' command.

The EtherChannel load balance method can be changed from the default setting by using the command *port-channel load-balance* <*dst-ip*/*dist-mac*/*src-dst-ip*/*src-dst-mac*/*src-mac*/*s*

3.1.2.1 C3750

```
!
no aaa new-model
switch 1 provision ws-c3750g-24ts
system mtu routing 1500
vtp mode transparent
ip subnet-zero
ip routing
1
spanning-tree mode pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
1
vlan 3
!
interface Port-channel1
 switchport trunk encapsulation dotlq
 switchport trunk allowed vlan 3
 switchport mode trunk
  spanning-tree bpdufilter enable
L
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/3
switchport access vlan 3
switchport mode access
1
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/4
 switchport access vlan 3
 switchport mode access
I.
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/23
 switchport trunk encapsulation dotlq
 switchport trunk allowed vlan 3
 switchport mode trunk
 channel-group 1 mode on
I.
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/24
 switchport trunk encapsulation dotlq
 switchport trunk allowed vlan 3
 switchport mode trunk
 channel-group 1 mode on
!
```





```
no cdp run
!
```

If the EtherChannel is not coming up and you notice the Interface line protocol is down by using the *show interfaces gigabitEthernet <port>*, check to see if auto trunk encapsulation is enabled by issuing the command *show etherchannel detail*.

For example:

Problem: Interface line protocol is down

C3750-2# show interfaces gigabitEthernet 1/0/24 GigabitEthernet1/0/24 is up, line protocol is down (suspended)

Entering the following command to look at the EtherChannel details:



C3750-2# show etherchannel detail

Probable reason: trunk encap of Gi1/0/24 is **auto**, Po1 is dot1q Port-channels in the group:

This tells us we should disable auto trunk encapsulation on this interface

To fix this problem, enter the following commands:

C3750-2(config)# *interface range gigabitEthernet 1/0/23 - 24* C3750-2(config-if-range)# *switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q* C3750-2(config-if-range)# *do show int gig 1/0/23* GigabitEthernet1/0/23 is up, line protocol is **up (connected)**



4. LACP Interoperability between a ERS8600 Switch Cluster and Cisco 3750



For this example, we will configure the following:

- A Link Aggregation Group (LAG) is configured between the ERS8600 triangle topology and a Cisco 3750.
 - VLANs 10 and 20 will be tagged across the LAG
 - LACP key = 4
 - \circ MLT ID = 4
 - \circ SMLT ID = 4
 - LACP Timeout = Long
- Use MLT 1, VLAN 2 for the IST with port members 1/1 and 2/1 using IP Subnet 10.1.2.0/30
- For this application to work, we will need to configure the SMLT System Identifier so that LACP global identifier is the same on both ERS8600-1 and ERS8600-2. Although you can use any MAC address, we will simply use the LACP identifier from ERS8600-1 to avoid any possible duplicate addresses.



Please note that Cisco does not support LACP short timer



Please note that in order for LACP to work all links must be operating at the same speed. If LACP does not come up, please check that the interfaces on both ERS8600 switches in the Switch Cluster are operating at the same speed. For example, if port 3/23 on ERS8600-1 is using a legacy module 8648TX and port 3/23 on ERS8600-2 is using an R-module 8648GTR, by default port 1/23 on ERS8600-1 will connect at 100Mbps and port 3/23 on ERS8600-2 will connect at 100Mbps. To solve this issue, either set the speed to a fixed rate or set the auto-negotiation advertisements.



4.1 Configuration Steps

4.1.1 Switch Cluster Configuration

4.1.1.1 Create IST VLAN

Create VLAN 2 to be used by the Inter Switch Trunk (IST)

```
ERS8600-1: Step 1 – VLAN 2
```

ERS8600-1# config vlan 2 create byport 1 name IST

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Create 2

ERS8600-2# config vlan 2 create byport 1 name IST

4.1.1.2 Create IST

Multilink Trunking 1 (MLT 1) will be used for the IST with port members 1/1 and 2/1. 802.1Q tagging will be enabled on all IST port members and Spanning Tree will be disabled on all IST port members by default. VLACP will be enabled on the IST trunk.

```
ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Create MLT 1 for IST
```

ERS8600-1# config mlt 1 create

```
ERS8600-1# config mlt 1 name IST
```

ERS8600-1# config mlt 1 add port 1/1,2/1

ERS8600-1# config vlan 2 add-mlt 1

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Create MLT 1 for IST

ERS8600-2# config mlt 1 create

ERS8600-2# config mlt 1 name IST

ERS8600-2# config mlt 1 add port 1/1,2/1

```
ERS8600-2# config vlan 2 add-mlt 1
```

ERS8600-1: Step 2 – Create IST

```
ERS8600-1# config vlan 2 ip create 10.1.2.1/30
```

ERS8600-1# config mlt 1 ist create ip 10.1.2.2 vlan-id 2

ERS8600-1# config mlt 1 ist enable

ERS8600-2: Step 2 – Create IST

```
ERS8600-2# config vlan 2 ip create 10.1.2.2/30
ERS8600-2# config mlt 1 ist create ip 10.1.2.1 vlan-id 2
```



```
ERS8600-2# config mlt 1 ist enable
```

ERS8600-1: Step 3 – Enable VLACP

ERS8600-1# config ethernet 1/1,2/1 vlacp macaddress 01:80:c2:00:00:0f

```
ERS8600-1# config ethernet 1/1,2/1 vlacp slow-periodic-time 10000
```

ERS8600-1# config ethernet 1/1,2/1 vlacp enable

ERS8600-1# config vlacp enable

ERS8600-2: Step 3 – Enable VLACP

```
ERS8600-2# config ethernet 1/1,2/1 vlacp macaddress 01:80:c2:00:00:0f
ERS8600-2# config ethernet 1/1,2/1 vlacp slow-periodic-time 10000
ERS8600-2# config ethernet 1/1,2/1 vlacp enable
ERS8600-2# config vlacp enable
```

5

It is recommended to use the reserved multicast MAC address of 01:80:c2:00:00:0f for the VLACP MAC address with a long timeout value of 5.

4.1.1.3 Create MLT with LACP Key

Create MLT 4 using key 4.

```
ERS8600-1: Step 1 - Create MLT 4 using LACP key 4

ERS8600-1# config mlt 4 create

ERS8600-1# config mlt 4 name c3750_lacp

ERS8600-1# config mlt 4 lacp key 4

ERS8600-1# config mlt 4 lacp enable

ERS8600-2: Step 1 - Create MLT 4 using LACP key 4

ERS8600-2# config mlt 4 create

ERS8600-2# config mlt 4 name c3750_lacp

ERS8600-2# config mlt 4 lacp key 4

ERS8600-2# config mlt 4 lacp key 4

ERS8600-2# config mlt 4 lacp key 4
```



4.1.1.4 Create Access VLANs

ERS8600-1 Step 1 – Configure VLANs 10 and 20

ERS8600-1# config ethernet 3/23 perform-tagging enable ERS8600-1# config vlan 1 ports remove 3/23 ERS8600-1# config vlan 10 create byport 1 ERS8600-1# config vlan 10 ports add 3/23 ERS8600-1# config vlan 20 create byport 1 ERS8600-1# config vlan 20 ports add 3/23

ERS8600-2 Step 1 – Configure VLANs 10 and 20

ERS8600-2# config ethernet 3/23 perform-tagging enable

ERS8600-2# config vlan 1 ports remove 3/23

ERS8600-2# config vlan 10 create byport 1

ERS8600-2# config vlan 10 ports add 3/23

ERS8600-2# config vlan 20 create byport 1

ERS8600-2# config vlan 20 ports add 3/23

4.1.1.5 Change fdb aging timer for VLAN 10 and 20

ERS8600-1 Step 1 - Change fdb aging timer for VLAN 10 and 20

ERS8600-1# config vlan 10 fdb-entry aging-time 21601

ERS8600-1# config vlan 20 fdb-entry aging-time 21601

ERS8600-2 Step 1 – Change fdb aging timer for VLAN 10 and 20

ERS8600-2# config vlan 10 fdb-entry aging-time 21601

```
ERS8600-2# config vlan 20 fdb-entry aging-time 21601
```

4.1.1.6 Configure LACP on Aggregation Ports

```
ERS8600-1 Step 1 - Enable LACP on each port and globally and add SMLT System ID of
ERS8600-1# config ethernet 3/23 lacp enable
ERS8600-1# config ethernet 3/23 lacp key 4
ERS8600-1# config ethernet 3/23 lacp aggregation true
ERS8600-1# config lacp smlt-sys-id 00:01:81:28:84:00
ERS8600-1# config lacp enable
```



ERS8600-2 Step 1 – Enable LACP on each port and globally and add SMLT System ID of ERS8600-1

```
ERS8600-2# config ethernet 3/23 lacp enable
ERS8600-2# config ethernet 3/23 lacp key 4
ERS8600-2# config ethernet 3/23 lacp aggregation true
ERS8600-2# config lacp smlt-sys-id 00:01:81:28:84:00
ERS8600-2# config lacp enable
```

To view the global LACP System ID, enter the following command

• ERS8600-1# show lacp info



```
Lacp Global Information

SystemId: 00:01:81:28:84:00

SmltSystemId: 00:01:81:28:84:00

Lacp: enable

system-priority: 32768

timeout-admin: 3

fast-periodic-time-admin: 1000

slow-periodic-time-admin: 2000

timeout-oper: 3

fast-periodic-time-oper: 1000

slow-periodic-time-oper: 30000

aggr-wait-time-oper: 2000
```

4.1.1.7 Create SMLT-4 to C3750

```
ERS8600-1:Step 1 - Create SMLT-4 and add VLANs 10 and 20 to the IST MLT 1ERS8600-1#config mlt 4 smlt create smlt-id 4ERS8600-1#config vlan 10 add-mlt 1ERS8600-1#config vlan 20 add-mlt 1ERS8600-2:Step 1 - Create SMLT-4 and add VLANs 10 and 20 to the IST MLT 1ERS8600-2#config mlt 4 smlt create smlt-id 4ERS8600-2#config vlan 10 add-mlt 1ERS8600-2#config vlan 10 add-mlt 1ERS8600-2#config vlan 10 add-mlt 1
```



4.1.1.8 CP Limit – SMLT Port Members

CP Limit will be enabled on all the SMLT Access port members. For this example, we will select the moderate recommendations for CP-Limit.

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – CP Limit

ERS8600-1# config ethernet 3/23 cp-limit enable multicast-limit 2500 broadcastlimit 2500

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – CP Limit

ERS8600-2# config ethernet 3/23 cp-limit enable multicast-limit 2500 broadcastlimit 2500



4.1.1.9 SLPP

SLPP will be enabled globally and only on the SMLT access port 3/23 for VLAN 10 and 20. On the SMLT primary switch we will set the SLPP packet-rx-threshold to 5, while on the SMLT secondary switch we will set the SLPP packet-rx-threshold to 50. For this example, we will pick ERS8600-1 as the primary switch.



The recommended SLPP receive threshold value for the primary switch is 5 and 50 for the secondary switch in an SMLT cluster.

SLPP should only be enabled on the SMLT access ports and not on the IST port members.

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Enable SLPP

```
ERS8600-1# config slpp add 10,20
```

ERS8600-1# config slpp operation enable

ERS8600-1# config ethernet 3/23 slpp packet-rx-threshold 5

ERS8600-1# config ethernet 3/23 slpp packet-rx enable

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Enable SLPP

```
ERS8600-2# config slpp add 10,20
```

ERS8600-2# config slpp operation enable

ERS8600-2# config ethernet 3/23 slpp packet-rx-threshold 50

ERS8600-2# config ethernet 3/23 slpp packet-rx enable

4.1.1.10 Ext-CP Limit

Enable Extended CP-Limit globally with trap set to normal. Also enable Extended CP-Limit with SoftDown option on port 3/23. Since the port is a 100Mbps Ethernet interface, we will set the threshold to 80%.

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Enable EXT-CP-Limit

ERS8600-1# config sys ext-cp-limit extcplimit enable

ERS8600-1# config sys ext-cp-limit max-ports-to-check 5

ERS8600-1# config sys ext-cp-limit trap-level Normal

ERS8600-1# config ethernet 3/23 ext-cp-limit SoftDown threshold-utilrate 80

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Enable EXT-CP-Limit

```
ERS8600-2# config sys ext-cp-limit extcplimit enable
```

ERS8600-2# config sys ext-cp-limit max-ports-to-check 5



```
ERS8600-2# config sys ext-cp-limit trap-level Normal
ERS8600-2# config ethernet 3/23 ext-cp-limit SoftDown threshold-util-
rate 80
```

4.1.1.11 Discard Untagged Frames

It is recommended to enable discard untagged frames on all IST and SMLT ports.

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Enable Discard Untagged Frames

ERS8600-1# config ethernet 3/23,1/1,2/1 untagged-frames-discard enable

```
ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Enable Discard Untagged Frames
```

ERS8600-2# config ethernet 3/23,1/1,2/1 untagged-frames-discard enable

4.1.2 Cisco C3750 Configuration

The configuration configures port-channel 4 with the port-channel load-balance set for src-dstmac. Note, when configuring port-channel on Cisco, you must configure this item first under the interface level prior to configuring the switchport settings. Also, all the access ports are configured for Spanning Tree portfast and multicast/broadcast rate limiting set to a limit of 10%.

```
I.
hostname C3750-1
1
no aaa new-model
switch 1 provision ws-c3750g-24ts
system mtu routing 1500
vtp mode transparent
ip subnet-zero
ip routing
1
vlan 10
T
vlan 20
T
port-channel load-balance src-dst-mac
no file verify auto
spanning-tree mode pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
interface Port-channel4
 switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
 switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,20
 switchport mode trunk
 switchport nonegotiate
 spanning-tree bpdufilter enable
interface GigabitEthernet7/0/3
 switchport access vlan 10
 switchport mode access
```



```
storm-control broadcast level 10.00
storm-control multicast level 10.00
storm-control action trap
spanning-tree portfast
T
interface GigabitEthernet7/0/4
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
storm-control broadcast level 10.00
storm-control multicast level 10.00
storm-control action trap
spanning-tree portfast
T
interface GigabitEthernet7/0/5
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
storm-control broadcast level 10.00
storm-control multicast level 10.00
storm-control action trap
spanning-tree portfast
T
interface GigabitEthernet7/0/6
interface GigabitEthernet7/0/7
switchport access vlan 20
switchport mode access
storm-control broadcast level 10.00
storm-control multicast level 10.00
storm-control action trap
spanning-tree portfast
I
interface GigabitEthernet7/0/8
switchport access vlan 20
switchport mode access
storm-control broadcast level 10.00
storm-control multicast level 10.00
storm-control action trap
spanning-tree portfast
L
interface GigabitEthernet7/0/9
switchport access vlan 20
switchport mode access
storm-control broadcast level 10.00
storm-control multicast level 10.00
storm-control action trap
spanning-tree portfast
T.
interface GigabitEthernet7/0/23
switchport trunk encapsulation dotlq
switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,20
switchport mode trunk
no cdp enable
channel-group 4 mode active
spanning-tree bpdufilter enable
1
interface GigabitEthernet7/0/24
switchport trunk encapsulation dotlq
```



```
switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,20
switchport mode trunk
no cdp enable
channel-group 4 mode active
spanning-tree bpdufilter enable
!
no cdp run
!
```



In order for LACP to come up between an Avaya and Cisco switch, Cisco DTP (Dynamic Trunking Protocol) and native VLAN encapsulation should be disabled. Use the *show interface gigibitEthernet <port number> switchport* command to verify if DTP is enabled or not. If it is, enter the command *switchport nonegotiate* command at the port-channel and interface level. Also, disable tagging of the native VLAN (VLAN 1 by default) by issuing the CLI command *no vlan dot1q tag native*. In addition, the Cisco switch VTP (VLAN Trunking Protocol) should be set for transparent and CDP (Cisco Discovery Protocol) should be disabled.

4.2 Verification

4.2.1 SMLT Cluster

4.2.1.1 Verify MLT Configuration

Step 1 – Verify that the MLT instances are configured correctly and are functioning by issuing the following command:

ERS8600-1# show mlt info

Result:

				Mlt	Info						
MLT	'ID IFI	NDEX 1	NAME	PORT TYPE	SVLAN TYPE	MLT ADMIN	MLT CURRE	PC ENT MEN	DRT MBERS	VL# IDS	AN
 1 4	4096 4099	IST c375	0_lacp	trunk trunk	normal normal	ist smlt	ist smlt	1/1, 3/23	,2/1 3		2 10 20 10 20
MLT	'ID IFI	NDEX	MULTICA DISTRIE	AST BUTION	NT-STG	DESIGNA PORTS	ATED	LACP ADMIN	LACP OPER		
1 9	61 61	44 52	enable disabl	.e	enable disable	null null		disable enable	down up		



On each ERS8600 in the switch cluster verify the following information:

Option	Verify
PORT MEMBERS VLAN IDS	Verify that the VLAN ids assigned to the IST and SMLT MLT are correct:
	 IST MLT 1: Member of VLANs 10, 20 & 2 with port members 1/1 and 2/1
	• MLT 4: Member of VLAN 10 & 20 with port member 3/23
MLT Admin MLT CURRENT	Displays as <i>smlt</i> or <i>ist</i> . The value <i>normal</i> under MLT CURRENT indicates that the IST or SMLT is not operational.
PORT TYPE	Displays as <i>trunk</i> for all IST and SMLT ports and will pass tagged frames. The value <i>access</i> indicates that the port will pass untagged frames.
LACP ADMIN LACP OPER	LACP Admin should be displayed as <i>enable</i> and LACP OPER should be displayed as <i>up</i> .

4.2.1.2 Verify LACP Operations

Step 1a – The following command is used to verify the global VLACP System ID on 8600-1						
ERS8600-1# show lacp info						
Result:						
Lacp Global Information						
SystemId: 00:01:81:28:84:00 SmltSystemId: 00:01:81:28:84:00 Lacp: enable						
system-priority: 32768 timeout-admin: 3 fast-periodic-time-admin: 1000						
slow-periodic-time-admin: 30000 aggr-wait-time-admin: 2000 timeout-oper: 3						
fast-periodic-time-oper: 1000 slow-periodic-time-oper: 30000 aggr-wait-time-oper: 2000						



ERS8600-:	2 # sh a	ow la	cp inf	о								
Result:												
					===== La	cp Glc	bal I	===== nform 	====== ation 			
	fa s. fa	Sr syste ast-per low-per aggr ast-pe: low-pe: aggr	Syste nltSyste em-prior time riodic-t r-wait-t time riodic-t riodic-t	emId: emId: acp: ity: ime-ac ime-ac ime-ac ime-op ime-op ime-op	00:e0 00:01 enabl 32768 dmin: dmin: dmin: per: per: per: per: per:	:7b:bc :81:28 3 1000 2000 3 1000 30000 2000	::20:0 3:84:0	0 0				
				1								
Step 2 – Vo	erify L <i>i</i>	ACP o	peratior	n on th	he SN	/ILT po	orts					
Step 2 – Ve ERS8600-1	erify LA	ACP of	peration	n on th	he SM	MLT po ctor-	orts admi.	про	rt 3/2	23		
Step 2 – V e ERS8600–: Result:	erify L <i>i</i> 1# sha	ACP of	peratior rt inf	n on th	he SN	MLT po ctor-	orts •admi	n po	rt 3/2	23		
Step 2 – Vo ERS8600-: Result:	erify L <i>i</i> 1# sha	ACP of	peratior rt inf	n on th	he SM	MLT po ctor-	orts admi	n po	rt 3/2	23		
Step 2 – Vo ERS8600– Result:	erify LA	ACP of of of the second	peration rt inf	o lao	he SN	MLT po ctor- Admin KEY	orts admi.	n po	rt 3/2	23		
Step 2 – Vo ERS8600- Result:	erify L/ 1# sho	ACP 0 <i>>w po</i> <i>yys s</i> <i>yrs s</i> <i>yr s s</i> <i>yr s s</i> <i>yr s s</i> <i>yr s s</i> <i>yr s s s</i> <i>yr s s s</i> <i>yr s s s s</i> <i>yr s s s s s s s s s s s s s s <i>s s s s s</i></i>	peration rt inf SYS ID O0:01:81	o 1ac	he SM	ALT po ctor- Admin KEY	PORT PORT 0x56	n po Port Prio	rt 3/2	23	long a	===== ===== aggr
Step 2 – Vo ERS8600– Result: Step 3 – Vo	I # sha	ACP o <i>pw po</i> <i>sys s</i> 2710 - 32768 (r end	peration rt inf SYS ID D0:01:81 LACP o	n on th o lad	he SN cp a Actor 4:00	ALT po ctor- Admin KEY 4 n the \$	orts admi. PORT 0x56 SMLT	n po PORT PRIO	rt 3/2 STATE 768 act		long a	===== ===== aggr
Step 2 – Vo ERS8600- Result: Step 3 – Vo ERS8600-	erify L/ 1# sho ====================================	ACP of pw po SYS S PRIO 2 32768 (r end l >w po	peration rt inf SYS ID D0:01:81 LACP o rt inf	o non the	he SM cp a Actor 4:00 ion ol	ALT po ctor- Admin KEY 4 n the s artne	orts admi admi port 0x56 SMLT er-op	n po PORT PRIO 32 ports	rt 3/2 ====== STATE 768 act S ort 3/	23 /23	long a	===== ===== aggr
Step 2 – Vo ERS8600-1 Result: Step 3 – Vo ERS8600-1 Result:	erify L/ 1# sho ====================================	ACP of pw po SYS S PRIO I 32768 (r end l >w po	peration rt inf SYS ID D0:01:81 LACP o rt inf	o lao	he SM cp a Actor 4:00 ion ol	ALT po ctor- Admin KEY 4 n the { artne	orts admi PORT 0x56 SMLT er-op	n po Port PRIO 32 ports er p	rt 3/2 ====== STATE 768 act S ort 3/	23 /23	long a	===== ===== aggr
Step 2 – Vo ERS8600- Result: Step 3 – Vo ERS8600- Result:	erify L/ 1# sho INDEX 3 3/23 3 erify fa 1# sho	ACP of pw po 3YS S 2RIO 2 32768 (r end 1 pw po	peration rt inf SYS ID D0:01:81 LACP o rt inf	n on th o lac ::28:8 perati	he SM cp a Actor 4:00 ion o cp p	ALT po ctor- Admin KEY 4 n the s artne	orts admi. PORT 0x56 SMLT pr−op	n po PORT PRIO 32 ports er p	rt 3/2 STATE	23 /23	long a	
Step 2 – Vo ERS8600- Result: Step 3 – Vo ERS8600- Result:	erify L/ 1# sho ======== INDEX \$ 3/23 \$ erify fa 1# sho	ACP of pw po sys s prio 3 32768 (r end 1 pw po	peration rt inf SYS ID D0:01:81 LACP o rt inf	n on th o lad	he SM cp a Actor 4:00 ion o cp p	Admin Admin KEY A n the s artne	ports admi. PORT 0x56 SMLT pr-op	n po Port PRIO 32 ports er p	rt 3/2 STATE 768 act S ort 3/	23	long a	===== ===== aggr
Step 2 – Vo ERS8600- Result: Step 3 – Vo ERS8600- Result: INDEX	erify L/ 1# sho ====================================	ACP of pw po sys s 2768 (r end l pw po sys po sys po sys po sys po	peration rt inf SYS DO:01:81 LACP o rt inf	n on th	he SM cp a Actor 4:00 ion o cp p Partr KEY	ALT po ctor- Admin KEY 4 n the s artne her Ope PORT	PORT PORT 0x56 SMLT PORT PORT PORT PORT PORT	n po PORT PRIO 32 ports er p	rt 3/2 STATE 768 act 5 ort 3/	23 	long a	===== aggr



On ERS8600-2 in the switch cluster verify the following information:

Option	Verify
SystemId	In an SMLT configuration, both switches in an SMLT cluster must use the same System ID. You can use the System ID from either switch. This is to ensure proper LACP operation at the edge switch in case of a SMLT cluster switch failure. This will ensure the edge always sees the same ID from the LACP packets from both switch in the cluster in case if one of the switches should fail
SYS ID	For this example, the value of 00:01:81:28:84:00 should be displayed when using the LACP actor-admin command via either switch in the SMLT cluster and also via the Cisco switch.
	The LACP partner value will be the value send by the Cisco switch and verified by using the command " <i>show lacp sys-id</i> ' on the C3750. For this example, the value is 00:0d:65:cc:09:00.
STATE	When the LACP aggregation is up and running the following states should display on local interfaces (Actor) and far end interfaces (Partner):
	short OR long : Negotiated timer type
	aggr : Aggregation enabled
	sync : Port is synchronized with far end
	col : Port is collecting frames (receiving traffic)
	dis : Port is distributing frames (transmitting traffic)



4.2.2 C3750

4.2.2.1 Verify LACP Operations

Step 1 – The following command is used to view the global LACP System ID

C3750# show lacp sys-id

Result:

32768, 000d.65cc.0900

Step 2 – The following command is used to verify the interface level LACP operation

C3750# show interfaces port-channel 4 etherchannel

Result:

```
      Port-channel4
      (Primary aggregator)

      Age of the Port-channel = 00d:02h:11m:03s

      Logical slot/port = 10/4
      Number of ports = 2

      HotStandBy port = null

      Port state = Port-channel Ag-Inuse

      Protocol = LACP

      Ports in the Port-channel:

      Index Load Port EC state No of bits

      0
      00

      Gi7/0/23
      Active 0

      0
      00

      Gi7/0/24
      Active 0

      Time since last port bundled:
      00d:00h:23m:40s
      Gi7/0/24
```

Step 3 – The following command is used to verify local LACP operation and key

```
C3750# show lacp 4 internal
```

Result:

 Flags:	S - Devic F - Devic A - Devic	e is reque e is reque e is in Ac	sting Slow sting Fast tive mode	LACPDUs LACPDUs P - Dev	ice is ir	n Passive	mode
Channel	group 4		LACP port.	Admin	Oper	Port.	Port.
Port Gi7/0/23 Gi7/0/24	Flags SA SA	State bndl bndl	Priority 32768 32768	Key 0x4 0x4	Key 0x4 0x4	Number 0x14F 0x150	State 0x3D 0x3D



Step 4 – The following command is used to view the LACP partner values										
C3750# show lacp 4 neighbor										
Result:										
	Flags: S F	ags: S - Device is requesting Slow LACPDUs F - Device is requesting Fast LACPDUs A - Device is in Active mode P - Device is in Passive mode								
	Channel group 4 neighbors									
	Partner's information:									
	Port Gi7/0/23 Gi7/0/24	Flags SA SA	LACP port Priority 32768 32768	Dev ID 0001.8128 0001.8128	.8400 .8400	Age 17s 19s	Oper Key Ox4 Ox4	Port Number 0x56 0xD7	Port State 0x3D 0x3D	



5. Spanning Tree interoperability between Avaya and Cisco

Cisco supports three Spanning Tree modes of operation, PVST+, Rapid-PVST, and MST. Of the three, only MST support standards based 802.1s which can interoperate with any of Avaya switches offered today. In regards to the ERS8600 only, it also supports the older PVST+ Spanning Tree mode of operation.

By default, Cisco comes enabled with Rapid-PVST. This proprietary protocol combines the functionality of RSTP with PVST creating an RSTP (802.1w) instance per VLAN. The Cisco implementation also defines a concept of "native" VLAN whereby BPDUs generated for the native vlan are standard compliant (802.1w for Rapid-PVST) whereas BPDUs generated for all other VLANs are modified with a Cisco multicast MAC address and are q-tagged with the vlan-id they belong to, thus rendering them incompatible with the standard.

It is therefore highly recommended to avoid Cisco's proprietary Rapid-PVST and enable instead MST on Cisco and MSTP on the Avaya switches.

It is still possible to make the Rapid-PVST protocol interoperate with Avaya standards based 802.1w (RSTP) by letting Cisco's native VLAN instance interoperate with Avaya single RSTP instance and allowing the other Cisco Spanning Tree instances to be flooded transparently across the Avaya switches. The native VLAN by default is set to VLAN 1. This method will work providing the native RSTP instance on an Avaya switch never blocks any interface. Hence, it can get a little difficult setting up a network.

If the Avaya switches are being deployed as edge switches onto a Cisco Core using Rapid-PVST an even better approach is to simply disable Spanning Tree on the Avaya switch uplink ports to the Cisco core and let the Cisco core take care of any loops. This is illustrated in Figure 2. The proprietary BPDUs generated by the Cisco Core will simply be re-flooded in the vlan by the Avaya edge switch and thus one of the Cisco's will block one of the uplinks. Note that in this design only non-native VLANs must be tagged on the uplinks to the Avaya switches. The native VLAN on the Cisco Core needs to be set to some unused vlan; for instance left configured at default VLAN 1 which should never be used.





5.1 Cisco PVST+ to Avaya Switch Cluster Configuration Example



For this configuration example, two Cisco 3650 switches are used at the access layer and configured with PVST+ to connect to an ERS8600 Switch Cluster. The Cisco Switches could be seen as the Distribution Layer of a large Network or just as a couple of cascaded switches at the edge of a network where configuring Etherchannel is not possible because of the Cascade implementation.

This type of configuration is useful when transitioning from a Spanning Tree Solution (older L2 deployments) to an Avaya Switch Cluster Solution.

At this particular point in time, there is no elegant way to implement any flavor of Spanning Tree across a Switch Cluster Core. By design, the IST in a switch Cluster does not allow BPDU packets between the core switches.

In this particular configuration, we take advantage of the fact that PVST+ BPDUs are used in every VLAN except for the Default VLAN. PVST+ BPDUs uses a L2 Multicast Destination Address (01:00:0C:CC:CC) which in turn make things simple when leaving via a tagged interface (802.1q) as the BPDUs are tagged with their corresponding VLAN ID.

The individual switches of an Avaya Switch Cluster do not recognize these Multicast addresses as BPDUs so they just flood these multicast frames on their appropriate VLANs (even across the IST).

This means that the Avaya Switch Cluster is completely transparent to PVST+ and the two Cisco Switches will go through their normal Spanning tree process of preventing a loop by eventually blocking a link. Depending on PVST+ configuration of the Cisco Switches, the blocked link will either be the link between the 2 Cisco Switches (as shown in the diagram) or one of the Cisco-Avaya links.

The configuration is very simple especially when considering that PVST+ is the default on Cisco Switches.

Note that in this scenario, the Avaya Switch Cluster is transparently passing the PVST+ BPDUs across the IST therefore allowing the Cisco Switches to detect a loop and eventually preventing any problem arising from such a loop by blocking a port on the specific VLAN. The Switch Cluster is not participating in any way to Spanning tree and therefore could never become a root bridge or ever block a link to prevent a loop from occurring nor will it fast age MAC addresses following a PVST+ active topology change.



In summary, we will configure the following:

- IST configured as normal using VLAN 2, MLT 1 with port members 2/1 and 3/1, and IP subnet 10.1.2.0/30
- Three VLANs will be configured with management VLAN 5 and VLANs 10 and 20 for end user access
- Since the Cisco switches will be using PVST+ to manage the dual homing to the Avaya Core, the Switch Cluster will not need to have a SMLT or an SLT link setup for the Cisco Switches. The only requirement is to have the correct VLANs set on the individual ports on each Core switch and for the VLAN to be crossing the IST of course.
- It will be possible of course to setup SMLT/SLT to other distributions or edges that support link Aggregation back to our switch Cluster.

The use of the default VLAN (VLAN 1) is not recommended in most cases, but in this particular scenario even more so. Even in PVST+ mode, the Default VLAN always sends its BPDUs to the IEEE STP MAC address (0180.c200.0000) in untagged frames. This could vary from inconvenient, when the BPDUs are dropped by the receiving port on the Switch Cluster, to potentially dangerous as there could be no way of detecting a loop on the Default VLAN. For that reason alone, the Default VLAN should not be used in this scenario.



In addition, it is also recommended not to use the Native VLAN setting on trunk ports used to interconnect to a Switch Cluster. The Native VLAN on a Trunk port (802.1Q) would be sent out as untagged frames and, according to Cisco documentation, the native VLAN would also send out BPDUs to the IEEE STP MAC address (0180.c200.0000) in untagged frames.

To keep things simple, do not use the Default VLAN (VLAN 1) and do not use the Native Vlan option on the trunk ports connecting to the Switch Cluster.



5.1.1 Configuation

5.1.1.1 Create VLANs

The following port based VLANs will be configured on the SMLT Switch cluster

- VLAN 2 to be used by the Inter Switch Trunk (IST)
- VLAN 5 to be used as Management VLAN for this Network
- VLAN 10 and 20 to be used as User VLANs out to the Cisco Switches

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Create VLANs

```
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 2 create byport 1 name IST
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 5 create byport 1 name Mgmt
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 10 create byport 1 name Data10
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 20 create byport 1 name Data20
```

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Create VLANs

```
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 2 create byport 1 name IST
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 5 create byport 1 name Mgmt
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 10 create byport 1 name Data10
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 20 create byport 1 name Data20
```

5.1.1.2 Change fdb aging timer for Management and User VLANs

ERS8600-1: Step 1 - Change fdb aging timer for VLAN 5,10 and 20 ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 5 fdb-entry aging-time 21601

```
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 10 fdb-entry aging-time 21601
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 20 fdb-entry aging-time 21601
```

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Change fdb aging timer for VLAN 5,10 and 20

```
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 5 fdb-entry aging-time 21601
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 10 fdb-entry aging-time 21601
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 20 fdb-entry aging-time 21601
```
5.1.1.3 Create IST

Multilink Trunking 1 (MLT 1) will be used for the IST with 802.1Q tagged port members 2/1 and 3/1. Spanning Tree will be disabled on all IST port members by default. We will enable VLACP on the IST port members.



It is recommended to use the reserved multicast MAC address of 01:80:c2:00:00:0f for the VLACP MAC address.

```
ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Create MLT 1 for IST
ERS8600-1:5# config mlt 1 create
ERS8600-1:5# config mlt 1 name IST
ERS8600-1:5# config mlt 1 add port 2/1,3/1
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 2 add-mlt 1
ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Create MLT 1 for IST
ERS8600-2:5# config mlt 1 create
ERS8600-2:5# config mlt 1 name IST
ERS8600-2:5# config mlt 1 add port 2/1,3/1
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 2 add-mlt 1
ERS8600-1: Step 2 – Create IST
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 2 ip create 10.1.2.1/30
ERS8600-1:5# config mlt 1 ist create ip 10.1.2.2 vlan-id 2
ERS8600-1:5# config mlt 1 ist enable
ERS8600-2: Step 2 – Create IST
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 2 ip create 10.1.2.2/30
ERS8600-2:5# config mlt 1 ist create ip 10.1.2.1 vlan-id 2
ERS8600-2:5# config mlt 1 ist enable
ERS8600-1: Step 3 – Enable VLACP
ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 2/1,3/1 vlacp macaddress 01:80:c2:00:00:0f
ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 2/1,3/1 vlacp slow-periodic-time 10000
ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 2/1,3/1 vlacp enable
ERS8600-1:5# config vlacp enable
```



ERS8600-2: Step 3 – Enable VLACP

```
ERS8600-2:5# ethernet 2/1,3/1 vlacp macaddress 01:80:c2:00:00:0f
ERS8600-2:5# ethernet 2/1,3/1 vlacp slow-periodic-time 10000
ERS8600-2:5# ethernet 2/1,3/1 vlacp enable
ERS8600-2:5# config vlacp enable
```

5.1.1.4 Add Management and User VLANs to IST

```
ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Add VLANs 5, 10, and 20 to IST MLT
```

```
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 5 add-mlt 1
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 10 add-mlt 1
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 20 add-mlt 1
```

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Add VLANs 5, 10, and 20 to IST MLT

```
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 5 add-mlt 1
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 10 add-mlt 1
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 20 add-mlt 1
```

5.1.1.5 Add VLAN port members to C3650 switch

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Add VLAN port members

```
ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 2/2 perform-tagging enable
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1 ports remove 2/2
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 5 ports add 2/2
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 10 ports add 2/2
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 20 ports add 2/2
```

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Add VLAN port members

```
ERS8600-2:5# config ethernet 2/2 perform-tagging enable
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 1 ports remove 2/2
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 5 ports add 2/2
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 10 ports add 2/2
ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 20 ports add 2/2
```



5.1.1.6 CP Limit – on ports used for inter-switch connections

CP Limit will be enabled on all ports used for inter-switch connections. For this example, we will select the moderate recommendations for CP-Limit.

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – CP Limit

ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 2/2 cp-limit enable multicast-limit 2500 broadcast-limit 2500

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – CP Limit

ERS8600-2:5# config ethernet 2/2 cp-limit enable multicast-limit 2500 broadcast-limit 2500

5.1.1.7 SLPP

To be extra safe, we will configure SLPP on the ports connecting to the Cisco Switches on the VLANs used on the Cisco Switches. This is to make sure that if a configuration error occurs on the Cisco Switches, the Avaya Switch Cluster will still be able to detect and prevent a loop from occurring

For this example, we will select ERS8600-1 as the primary switch for the switch cluster. SLPP will be enabled globally and on the ports used to connect to the Cisco Switches. On the primary switch, we will set the SLPP packet-rx-threshold to 5 while on the secondary switch; we will set the SLPP packet-rx-threshold to 50.



SLPP should not be enabled on the IST port members.

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Enable SLPP

```
ERS8600-1:5# config slpp add 5,10,20
ERS8600-1:5# config slpp operation enable
ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 2/2 slpp packet-rx enable
ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 2/2 slpp packet-rx-threshold 5
ERS8600-2: Step 1 - Enable SLPP
ERS8600-2:5# config slpp add 5,10,20
```

ERS8600-2:5# config slpp operation enable ERS8600-2:5# ethernet 2/2 slpp packet-rx enable ERS8600-2:5# ethernet 2/2 slpp packet-rx-threshold 50



5.1.1.8 Ext-CP Limit

Ext-CP Limit will be enabled globally and on the ports used for inter-switch connections. The SoftDown option will be used with the bandwidth utilization threshold set to 10%.

```
ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Enable EXT-CP-Limit
```

```
ERS8600-1:5# config sys ext-cp-limit extcplimit enable
ERS8600-1:5# config sys ext-cp-limit max-ports-to-check 5
ERS8600-1:5# config sys ext-cp-limit trap-level Normal
ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 2/2 ext-cp-limit SoftDown threshold-util-
rate 10
```

ERS8600-2: Step 2 – Enable EXT-CP-Limit

```
ERS8600-2:5# config sys ext-cp-limit extcplimit enable
ERS8600-2:5# config sys ext-cp-limit max-ports-to-check 5
ERS8600-2:5# config sys ext-cp-limit trap-level Normal
ERS8600-2:5# config ethernet 2/2 ext-cp-limit SoftDown threshold-util-
rate 10
```

5.1.1.9 Discard Untagged Frames

It is recommended to enable discard untagged frames on all IST and inter-switch connecting ports

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Enable Discard Untagged Frames

```
ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 2/1,3/1,2/2 untagged-frames-discard enable
```

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Enable Discard Untagged Frames

```
ERS8600-2:5# config ethernet 2/1,3/1,2/2 untagged-frames-discard enable
```



5.1.2 Configuration – Cisco Edge Switches

The Configuration of the two Cisco switches will be very basic considering that PVST+ on the Cisco Switches is enabled by default

The two switches will be basically identical except for the Management IP address the Configurations are shown below in summarized form.

5.1.2.1 C3650-1 Configuration

```
!
version 12.2
no service pad
service timestamps debug uptime
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
!
hostname Switch
!
1
no aaa new-model
system mtu routing 1500
ip subnet-zero
!
1
1
L
no file verify auto
spanning-tree mode pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
I.
vlan internal allocation policy ascending
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
switchport access vlan 10
spanning-tree portfast
!
.
.
interface GigabitEthernet0/24
switchport access vlan 10
spanning-tree portfast
T
interface GigabitEthernet0/25
switchport access vlan 20
spanning-tree portfast
!
```



•

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/48
switchport access vlan 20
spanning-tree portfast
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/49
1
interface GigabitEthernet0/50
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/51
switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
switchport trunk allowed vlan 5,10,20
switchport mode trunk
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/52
 switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
switchport trunk allowed vlan 5,10,20
switchport mode trunk
1
interface Vlan1
no ip address
shutdown
!
interface Vlan5
ip address 10.1.5.11 255.255.255.0
!
ip default-gateway 10.1.5.1
ip classless
ip http server
1
!
control-plane
1
line con 0
line vty 0 4
login
line vty 5 15
login
!
```

end



5.1.2.2 C3650-2 Configuration

```
!
version 12.2
no service pad
service timestamps debug uptime
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
1
hostname Switch
!
!
no aaa new-model
system mtu routing 1500
ip subnet-zero
1
1
!
1
no file verify auto
1
spanning-tree mode pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
!
vlan internal allocation policy ascending
1
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
 switchport access vlan 10
 spanning-tree portfast
1
•
•
.
interface GigabitEthernet0/24
 switchport access vlan 10
 spanning-tree portfast
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/25
 switchport access vlan 20
 spanning-tree portfast
!
.
.
interface GigabitEthernet0/48
 switchport access vlan 20
 spanning-tree portfast
1
interface GigabitEthernet0/49
```



```
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/50
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/51
 switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
 switchport trunk allowed vlan 5,10,20
 switchport mode trunk
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/52
 switchport trunk encapsulation dotlq
 switchport trunk allowed vlan 5,10,20
switchport mode trunk
!
interface Vlan1
no ip address
         shutdown
!
interface Vlan5
ip address 10.1.5.12 255.255.255.0
!
interface Vlan10
no ip address
spanning-tree port-priority 16
!
ip default-gateway 10.1.5.1
ip classless
ip http server
!
!
control-plane
!
!
line con 0
line vty 0 4
login
line vty 5 15
 login
1
```



5.1.3 Verify Operations

5.1.4 Cisco

To verify the Cisco Switches in this configuration are working as expected, enter the CLI command *show spanning-tree* on of each switch and ensure that each VLAN has a blocking port on the switch which is not the Root Bridge for that VLAN.

Step 1 – Enter the CLI command *show spanning-tree* to view the operational state for each interface on all VLANs on C3650-1

C3650-1# show spanning-tree

Result:

```
VLAN0005
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID
          Priority 32773
           Address
                     0011.939e.8000
           Cost 4
Port 52 (GigabitEthernet0/52)
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32773 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 5)
           Address 0022.0c40.cb80
Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Address
           Aging Time 300
                              Prio.Nbr Type
Interface
             Role Sts Cost
_____ ____
Gi0/51 Altn BLK 19 128.51 P2p
Gi0/52 Root FWD 4 128.52 P2p
             Root FWD 4
                              128.52 P2p
VLAN0010
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
          Priority 32778
Address 0011.939e.8000
 Root ID
           Cost 4
Port. 52 (GigabitEthernet0/52)
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32778 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 10)
           Address
                     0022.0c40.cb80
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 300
Interface
              Role Sts Cost
                               Prio.Nbr Type
_____ _____
      Altn BLK 19 128.51 P2p
Root FWD 4 128.52 P2p
Gi0/51
Gi0/52
VLAN0020
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID
          Priority 4116
           Address
                     0011.939e.8000
           Cost 4
Port 52 (GigabitEthernet0/52)
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32788 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 20)
```



	Address Hello Time Aging Time 3	0022.0c40.c 2 sec Max 300	cb80 x Age 20 s	sec Forward	Delay 15	sec
Interface	Role Sts	s Cost	Prio.Nbr	Туре		
Gi0/51 Gi0/52	Altn BLF	x 19	128.51 128.52	P2p P2n		

Step 1 – Enter the CLI command *show spanning-tree* to view the operational state for each interface on all VLANs on C3650-2

C3650-2# show spanning-tree

Result:

```
VLAN0005
  Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
  Root ID
          Priority 32773
                       0011.939e.8000
            Address
            This bridge is the root
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
  Bridge ID Priority 32773 (priorit
Address 0011.939e.8000
                       32773 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 5)
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 300
Interface
              Role Sts Cost
                                Prio.Nbr Type
----- ---- ---- ---- -----
                                               _____
Gi0/51Desg FWD 19128.51P2pGi0/52Desg FWD 19128.52P2p
VLAN0010
  Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID Priority 32778
Address 0011.939e.8000
            This bridge is the root
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32778 (priorit
Address 0011.939e.8000
                       32778 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 10)
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 300
Interface
              Role Sts Cost
                                Prio.Nbr Type
 ----- ---- ---- -----
                                                _____
Gi0/51Desg FWD 19128.51P2pGi0/52Desg FWD 19128.52P2p
VLAN0020
  Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
  Root ID
          Priority 32788
                      0011.939e.8000
            Address
            This bridge is the root
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
  Bridge ID Priority 32788 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 20)
                     0011.939e.8000
            Address
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
            Aging Time 300
```



Interface	Role	Sts	Cost	Prio.Nbr	Туре
Gi0/51	Desg	FWD	19	128.51	P2p
Gi0/52	Desg	FWD	19	128.52	P2p



5.2 MSTP Configuration Example – One Region



For this configuration example, we will configure the following:

- All switches are configured in the same region named region1 and using revision 1
- C3750-1 will be configured so that it will become the CIST Root by configuring the lowest CIST Priority of 4096.
- C3750-2 will be configured so that it will become the CIST backup by configuring the next highest CIST Priority of 8192.
- Three VLANs will be configured, VLAN 200 for management and VLANs 1000 and 1100 for end user access
- For the management VLAN 200, we will configure a management IP address as shown in the diagram above – for this example, no routes are configured for the management as it is a simple Layer 2 network
- We will configure two MSTI instances; MSTI 1 for VLAN 200 and 1000, and MSTI 2 for VLAN 1100 to load balance traffic as illustrated in the diagram above
- C3750-1 will be configured as the root bridge for MSTI 1 and backup root for MSTI 2
- C3750-2 will be configured as the root bridge for MSTI 2 and backup root for MSTI 1
- 8600-1 will be configured with a CIST and MSTI 1 priority of 12288 so that will become both CIST and MSTI 1 root if both C3750-1 and C3750-2 should fail
- 8600-2 will be configured with a CIST priority of 16384 so that it will become CIST root if C3750-1, C3750-2, and 8600-1 should fail



• 8600-2 will be configured with a MSTI 2 priority of 12288 so that it will become MSTI 2 root if both C3750-1 and C3750-2 should fail

After all the switches have been configured using the above settings, the traffic flow for each MSTI instance and CIST should be as that shown in the following diagrams.







Figure 2: MSTP Example with One Region – MSTI 1 Data Flow





Figure 3: MSTP Example with One Region – MSTI 2 Data Flow

5.2.1 Configuration

In this configuration example, NNCLI will be used on 8600-1 while CLI will be used on 8600-2.

5.2.1.1 Set Spanning Tree Mode to MSTP

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Set the bootconfig Spanning Tree mode to MSTP
ERS-8610:5(config) # boot config flags spanning-tree-mode mstp
ERS-8610:5(config)# save bootconfig
ERS-8610:5(config)# boot -y
ERS-8610:5(config)# sys name ERS8600-1

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Set the bootconfig Spanning Tree mode to MSTP

```
ERS-8610:5# config bootconfig flags spanning-tree-mode mstp
```

```
ERS-8610:5# save bootconfig
ERS-8610:5# boot -y
```

ERS-8610:5# config sys set name ERS8600-2



ERS4550T-1: Step 1 – Set Spanning Tree Operation mode to MSTP

4550T(config) # spanning-tree op-mode mstp

4550T(config) # write memory

4550T(config) # **boot**

Reboot the unit(s) (y/n) ? y

4550T(config)# snmp-server name 4550T-1

4550T-1(config) # **banner disabled**

ERS4528GT-2: Step 1 – Set Spanning Tree Operation mode to MSTP

4548GT#(config)# spanning-tree op-mode mstp

4548GT#(config)# write memory

4548GT#(config)# **boot**

Reboot the unit(s) (y/n) ? \boldsymbol{y}

4548GT(config)# snmp-server name 4548GT-2

4548GT(config) # **banner disabled**

C3750-1: Step 1 – Set Spanning Tree mode to MSTP

C3750(config)# spanning-tree mode mst

C3750(config)# hostname C3750-1

C3750-2: Step 1 – Set Spanning Tree mode to MSTP

C3750(config)# spanning-tree mode mst

C3750(config)# hostname C3750-2

5.2.1.2 Create VLANs

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Create VLANs 200, 1000, and 1100 and add port members

```
ERS8600-1:5(config)# vlan create 200 name mgmt type port-mstprstp 1
ERS8600-1:5(config)# vlan create 1000 type port-mstprstp 1
ERS8600-1:5(config)# vlan create 1100 type port-mstprstp 2
ERS8600-1:5(config)# vlan ports 1/23,1/24,1/33,1/35 tagging tagAll
ERS8600-1:5(config)# vlan members remove 1 1/5,1/6,1/23,1/24,1/33,1/35
ERS8600-1:5(config)# vlan members add 200 1/23,1/24,1/33,1/35
ERS8600-1:5(config)# vlan members add 1000 1/5,1/23,1/24,1/33,1/35
ERS8600-1:5(config)# vlan members add 1100 1/6,1/23,1/24,1/33,1/35
```



ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Create VLANs 200, 1000, and 1100 and add port members

ERS8600-2:5#	config vlan 200 create byport-mstprstp 1 name mgmt
ERS8600-2:5#	config vlan 1000 create byport-mstprstp 1
ERS8600-2:5#	config vlan 1100 create byport-mstprstp 2
ERS8600-2:5#	config ethernet 1/23,1/24,1/34,1/36 perform-tagging enable
ERS8600-2:5#	config vlan 1 ports remove 1/5,1/6,1/23,1/24,1/34,1/36
ERS8600-2:5#	config vlan 200 ports add 1/23,1/24,1/34,1/36
ERS8600-2:5#	config vlan 1000 ports add 1/5,1/23,1/24,1/34,1/36
ERS8600-2:5#	config vlan 1100 ports add 1/6.1/23.1/24.1/34.1/36

ERS4550T-1: Step 1 - Create VLANs 200, 1000, and 1100 and add port members

1

4550T-1(config)# sp	panning-tree mstp msti 1
4550T-1(config)# sp	panning-tree mstp msti 2
4550T-1(config)# v 2	lan create 200 name mgmt type port msti
4550T-1(config)# v 2	lan create 1000 type port msti 1
4550T-1(config)# v	lan create 1100 type port msti 2
4550T-1(config)# v 2	lan configcontrol automatic
4550T-1(config)# v	lan ports 33,34 tagging tagall
4550T-1(config)# v	lan members add 200 33,34
4550T-1(config)# v i	lan members add 1000 5,33,34
4550T-1(config)# v 2	lan members add 1100 6,33,34
4550T-1(config)# v i	lan members remove 1 5,6,33,34

ERS4528GT-2: Step 1 – Create VLANs 200, 1000, and 1100 and add port members

```
4548GT-2(config) # spanning-tree mstp msti 1
4548GT-2(config) # spanning-tree mstp msti 2
4548GT-2(config) # vlan create 200 name mgmt type port msti 1
4548GT-2(config) # vlan create 1000 type port msti 1
4548GT-2(config) # vlan create 1100 type port msti 2
4548GT-2(config) # vlan configcontrol automatic
4548GT-2(config) # vlan ports 35,36 tagging tagall
4548GT-2(config) # vlan members add 200 35,36
4548GT-2(config) # vlan members add 1000 5,35,36
4548GT-2(config) # vlan members add 1100 6,35,36
```



C3750-1(config) # vtp mode transparent C3750-1(config) # vlan 200 C3750-1(config-vlan) # name mgmt C3750-1(config-vlan) # vlan 1000 C3750-1(config-vlan) # vlan 1100 C3750-1(config-vlan) # exit C3750-1(config-vlan) # exit C3750-1(config) # interface range gigabitEthernet 7/0/21 - 24 C3750-1(config-if-range) # switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q C3750-1(config-if-range) # switchport mode trunk

C3750-1: Step 1 - Create VLANs 200, 1000, and 1100 and add port members

C3750-1(config-if-range) # switchport trunk allowed vlan 200,1000,1100

C3750-1(config-if-range)# exit

C3750-1(config)# interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/5

C3750-1(config-if) # switchport mode access

C3750-1(config-if) # switchport access vlan 1000

C3750-1(config-if)# exit

C3750-1(config)# interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/6

C3750-1(config-if) # switchport mode access

C3750-1(config-if) # switchport access vlan 1100

C3750-1(config-if)# exit

C3750-2: Step 1 – Create VLANs 200, 1000, and 1100 and add port members

```
C3750-2(config)# vtp mode transparent

C3750-2(config)# vlan 200

C3750-2(config-vlan)# name mgmt

C3750-2(config-vlan)# vlan 1000

C3750-2(config-vlan)# vlan 1100

C3750-2(config-vlan)# exit

C3750-2(config)# interface range gigabitEthernet 1/0/21 - 24

C3750-2(config-if-range)# switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q

C3750-2(config-if-range)# switchport mode trunk

C3750-2(config-if-range)# switchport trunk allowed vlan 200,1000,1100

C3750-2(config-if-range)# exit

C3750-2(config-if-range)# exit

C3750-2(config-if-range)# exit
```



```
C3750-2(config-if)# switchport access vlan 1000
C3750-2(config-if)# exit
C3750-2(config)# interface gigabitEthernet 1/0/6
C3750-2(config-if)# switchport mode access
C3750-2(config-if)# switchport access vlan 1100
C3750-2(config-if)# exit
```



On the ERS4500, if a port is removed from the default VLAN (VLAN 1) prior to adding the port as a port member to a different VLAN, STP participation is disabled for this port. Hence, at an interface level, Spanning Tree Port must be re-enabled for each removed port. This inconvenience can be avoided if the port or ports are removed from the default VLAN after the port or ports are added to a different VLAN.

5.2.1.3 MSTP Configuration

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Add MSTP configuration

```
ERS8600-1:5(config)# spanning-tree mstp region region-name region1 region-
version 1
ERS8600-1:5(config)# spanning-tree mstp priority 12288
ERS8600-1:5(config)# spanning-tree mstp msti 1 priority 12288
```

ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Add MSTP configuration

```
ERS8600-2:5# config mstp region name region1
```

```
ERS8600-2:5# config mstp region revision 1
```

```
ERS8600-2:5# config mstp cist priority 16384
```

```
ERS8600-2:5# config mstp msti 2 priority 12288
```

ERS4550T-1: Step 1 – Add MSTP configuration

```
4550T-1(config)# spanning-tree mstp region region-name region1 region-version 1
4550T-1(config)# spanning-tree mstp msti 1 enable
4550T-1(config)# spanning-tree mstp msti 2 enable
4550T-1(config)# spanning-tree mstp priority f000
4550T-1(config)# spanning-tree mstp msti 1 priority f000
4550T-1(config)# spanning-tree mstp msti 2 priority f000
```

ERS4528GT-2: Step 1 – Add MSTP configuration

```
4548GT-2(config)# spanning-tree mstp region region-name region1 region-version 1
4548GT-2(config)# spanning-tree mstp msti 1 enable
4548GT-2(config)# spanning-tree mstp msti 2 enable
```



4548GT-2(config) #spanning-tree mstp priority f000

4548GT-2(config) #spanning-tree mstp msti 1 priority f000

4548GT-2(config) #spanning-tree mstp msti 2 priority f000

C3750-1: Step 1 – Add MSTP configuration

C3750-1(config) # spanning-tree mst configuration

C3750-1(config-mst)# name region1

C3750-1(config-mst)# revision 1

C3750-1(config-mst)# instance 1 vlan 200,1000

C3750-1(config-mst)# instance 2 vlan 1100

C3750-1(config-mst)# exit

C3750-1(config) # spanning-tree mst 0,1 priority 4096

C3750-1(config)# spanning-tree mst 2 priority 8192

C3750-2: Step 1 – Add MSTP configuration

```
C3750-2(config)# spanning-tree mst configuration
C3750-2(config-mst)# name region1
C3750-2(config-mst)# revision 1
C3750-2(config-mst)# instance 1 vlan 200,1000
C3750-2(config-mst)# instance 2 vlan 1100
C3750-2(config-mst)# exit
C3750-2(config)# spanning-tree mst 0,1 priority 8192
C3750-2(config)# spanning-tree mst 2 priority 4096
```

ERS8600-1: Step 2 – Configure access ports as Edge Port

ERS8600-1:5(config)# interface fastEthernet 1/5,1/6

ERS8600-1:5(config-if) # spanning-tree mstp edge-port true

ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# exit

ERS8600-2: Step 2 – Configure access ports as Edge Port

ERS8600-2:5# config ethernet 1/5,1/6 mstp cist edge-port true

ERS4550T-1: Step 2 – Configure access ports as Edge Port

```
4550T-1(config) # interface fastEthernet 5,6
```

```
4550T-1(config-if) # spanning-tree mstp edge-port true
```

```
4550T-1(config-if)# exit
```



ERS4528GT-2: Step 2 – Configure access ports as Edge Port

4548GT-2(config)# interface fastEthernet 5,6

```
4548GT-2(config-if)# spanning-tree mstp edge-port true
```

4548GT-2(config-if)# exit



Note that Cisco does not have a MSTP Edge Port configurable parameter, but, it is activated with the portfast command.

5.2.1.4 Management VLAN Configuration

ERS8600-1: Step 2 – Add management IP address and add port members

```
ERS8600-1:5(config)# interface vlan 200
```

ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# ip address 10.12.200.12 255.255.255.0

ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# exit

ERS8600-2: Step 2 – Add management IP address

ERS8600-2:5# config vlan 200 ip create 10.12.200.13/24

ERS4550T-1: Step 2 – Add management IP address

4550T-1(config) # vlan mgmt 200

4550T-1(config)# ip address 10.12.200.14 netmask 255.255.255.0

ERS4528GT-2: Step 2 – Add management IP address

4548GT-2(config)# **vlan mgmt 200**

4548GT-2(config)# ip address 10.12.200.15 netmask 255.255.255.0

C3750-1: Step 2 – Add management IP address

C3750-1(config) # interface vlan 200

C3750-1(config-if)# ip address 10.12.200.10 255.255.255.0

C3750-1(config-if)# exit

C3750-2: Step 2 – Add management IP address

C3750-2(config)# interface vlan 200

C3750-2(config-if)# ip address 10.12.200.11 255.255.255.0

C3750-2(config-if)# exit



5.2.2 Verify Operations

5.2.2.1 Verify CIST Root

Step 1 – Verify that the CIST root and CIST Regional root is C3750-1:						
ERS8600-1:5# show spanning-t.	ree mstp status					
Result:						
	 MSTP Status					
Bridge Address Cist Root Cist Regional Root Cist Root Port Cist Root Cost Cist Regional Root Cost Cist Instance Vlan Mapped Cist Instance Vlan Mapped3k Cist Instance Vlan Mapped4k Cist Instance Vlan Mapped4k Cist Forward Delay	<pre>: 00:e0:7b:b3:04:01 : 10:00:00:0d:65:cc:09:00 : 10:00:00:0d:65:cc:09:00 : 1/23 : 0 : 200000 : 1-199,201-999,1001-1024 : 1025-1099,1101-2048 : 2049-3072 : 3073-4094 : 20 seconds : 15 seconds</pre>					
ERS8600-2:5# show mstp statu	s					
Result:						
	MSTP Status					
Bridge Address Cist Root Cist Regional Root Cist Root Port Cist Root Cost Cist Regional Root Cost Cist Instance Vlan Mapped Cist Instance Vlan Mapped2k Cist Instance Vlan Mapped3k Cist Instance Vlan Mapped4k Cist Max Age Cist Forward Delay	: 00:80:2d:ba:d4:01 : 10:00:00:0d:65:cc:09:00 : 10:00:00:0d:65:cc:09:00 : 1/24 : 0 : 200000 : 1-199,201-999,1001-1024 : 1025-1099,1101-2048 : 2049-3072 : 3073-4094 : 20 seconds : 15 seconds					
4550T-1# show spanning-tree mstp status						
Result:						
Bridge Address:00:Cist Root:10:Cist Regional Root:10:Cist Root Port:33Cist Root Cost:0Cist Regional Root Cost:400	19:69:E6:40:00 00:00:0D:65:CC:09:00 00:00:0D:65:CC:09:00 000					

Cist Max Age: 20 seconds Cist Forward Delay: 15 seconds



C3750-2# show spanning-tree mst 0

Result:

##### MSTO	vlans mapped: 1-199,	201-999,1001-1	099,1101-4094
Bridge	address 000f.9053.d300) priority	8192 (8192 sysid 0)
Root	address 000d.65cc.0900) priority	4096 (4096 sysid 0)
	port Gi1/0/21	path cost	0
Regional Root	address 000d.65cc.0900) priority	4096 (4096 sysid 0)
		internal cos	t 20000 rem hops 19
Operational	hello time 2 , forward	d delay 15, max	age 20, txholdcount 6
Configured	hello time 2 , forward	d delay 15, max	age 20, max hops 20
Interface	Role Sts Cost	Prio.Nbr Type	
Gi1/0/1	Desg FWD 200000	128.1 P2p	
Gi1/0/21	Root FWD 20000	128.21 P2p	
Gi1/0/22	Altn BLK 20000	128.22 P2p	
Gi1/0/23	Desg FWD 200000	128.23 P2p	
Gi1/0/24	Desg FWD 200000	128.24 P2p	

On each switch, verify the following information:

Option	Verify			
CIST Root	Verify that the CIST root bridge is C3750-1 whose address is 000d.65cc.0900 .			
CIST Regional Root	Verify that all switches recognize the same CIST Regional root; this indicates that all switches are in the same MST Region; in this case the CIST Regional root matches the CIST Root			
Root Port	Verify that under normal operations that the correct port to the CIST root is used:			
	• 8600-1: Port 1/23			
	• 8600-2: Port 1/24			
	• 4550T-1: Port 33			
	• 4548GT-2: Port 35			
	• C3750-2: Either port 1/0/21 or 1/0/22			



5.2.2.2 Verify MSTI 1 Root and port forwarding state

Step 1 – Verify that the MSTI 1 root	t is C3750-1:					
ERS8600-1:5# show spanning-	tree mstp msti config 1					
Result:						
	MSTP Instance Status					
Instance Id Msti Bridge Regional Root Msti Bridge Priority Msti Root Cost Msti Root Port Msti Instance Vlan Mapped Msti Instance Vlan Mapped3 Msti Instance Vlan Mapped4	: 1 : 10:00:00:0d:65:cc:09:00 : 32768 (0x8000) : 200000 : 1/23 : 200,1000 : :					
ERS8600-2:5# show mstp insta	ance 1					
Result:						
	MSTP Instance Status					
Instance Id Msti Bridge Regional Root Msti Bridge Priority Msti Root Cost Msti Root Port Msti Instance Vlan Mapped Msti Instance Vlan Mapped3 Msti Instance Vlan Mapped4	<pre>: 1 : 10:00:00:0d:65:cc:09:00 : 32768 (0x8000) : 200000 : 1/24 : 200,1000 </pre>					
4550T-1# show spanning-tree	mstp msti config 1					
Result:						
Msti Bridge Regional Root: Msti Bridge Priority (hex): Msti Root Cost: Msti Root Port: Msti State: VLAN members	10:00:0D:65:CC:09:00 F000 400000 33 Enabled					
200 1000						
4548GT-2# show spanning-tre	e mstp msti config 1					
Result:						
Msti Bridge Regional Root: Msti Bridge Priority (hex): Msti Root Cost: Msti Root Port: Msti State:	10:00:00:0D:65:CC:09:00 F000 400000 35 Enabled					



	VLAN members	3							
	200 1000								
C3750)-1# show s j	panning-tre	e mst 1						
Resul	t:								
	##### MST1 Bridge Root	vlans mapped address 000 this switch	d: 200,10 d.65cc.0900 for MST1) priori	ty	4097	(4096	sysid 1)	
	Interface	Role Sts	Cost	Prio.Nbr	Туре				
	Gi7/0/21 Gi7/0/22 Gi7/0/23 Gi7/0/24	Desg FWD Desg FWD Desg FWD Desg FWD	20000 20000 200000 200000	128.345 128.346 128.347 128.348	P2p P2p P2p P2p P2p				
C3750)-2# show s	panning-tre	e mst 1						
Resul	t:								
	##### MST1 Bridge Root	vlans mapped address 000 address 000 port Gil	1: 200,10 f.9053.d300 d.65cc.0900 /0/21)00) priorit) priorit cost	ty ty	8193 4097 20000	(8192 (4096 re	sysid 1) sysid 1) em hops 19	
	Interface	Role Sts	Cost	Prio.Nbr	Туре				
	Gi1/0/21 Gi1/0/22 Gi1/0/23 Gi1/0/24	Root FWD Altn BLK Desg FWD Desg FWD	20000 20000 200000 200000	128.21 128.22 128.23 128.24	P2p P2p P2p P2p				
Step 2	2 – Verify that I	VISTI 1 port sta	te:						
ERS86	500-1:5# sh	ow spanning	-tree ms	tp msti	port	role	1/23,	1/24,1/33	,1/35
Resul	t:								
			MSTI Port	. Roles a	nd Stat	ces			
	Port-Index	Instance-Id	Port-Role	e Port-	State	Port-S	STP	Port-Oper	
	Port-Index 	Instance-Id 1 2	Port-Role Root Alternate	Port- Forwar Discar	State rding rding	Port-S Ena Ena	STP abled abled	Port-Oper Enabl Enabl	ed ed
	Port-Index 	Instance-Id 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	Port-Role Root Alternate Root Designate	Forwar Forwar Discar Forwar Forwar Forwar	State rding rding rding rding rding	Port-S Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena	STP abled abled abled abled abled	Port-Oper Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl	ed ed ed ed ed
	Port-Index 1/23 1/23 1/24 1/24 1/33 1/33 1/35 1/35	Instance-Id 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	Port-Role Root Alternate Root Designate Designate Designate	Forwar Discar Discar Forwar ed Forwar ed Forwar ed Forwar ed Forwar	State rding rding rding rding rding rding rding rding	Port-S Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena	Abled abled abled abled abled abled abled abled abled	Port-Oper Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl	ed ed ed ed ed ed ed ed ed ed
ERS86	Port-Index 1/23 1/23 1/24 1/24 1/33 1/35 1/35 500-2:5# shc	Instance-Id 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Port-Role Root Alternate Root Designate Designate Designate Designate	Forwar Discar Discar Forwar ed Forwar ed Forwar ed Forwar ed Forwar ed Forwar	State rding rding rding rding rding rding rding rding	Port-S Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena	STP abled abled abled abled abled abled abled abled	Port-Oper Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl	ed ed ed ed ed ed ed ed ed
ers86 Resul i	Port-Index 1/23 1/23 1/24 1/24 1/24 1/33 1/35 1/35 500-2:5# sho	Instance-Id I 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 w port info	Port-Role Root Alternate Root Designate Designate Designate Mstp ms	Forwar Discar Discar Forwar ed Forwar ed Forwar ed Forwar ed Forwar ed Forwar	State rding rding rding rding rding rding rding rding	Port-S Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena I/23, 2	STP abled abled abled abled abled abled abled abled	Port-Oper Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl Enabl 1/34,1/36	ed ed ed ed ed ed ed ed



	Port-	Index I	nstance-Id	Port-Role	Port-State	Port-STP	Port-Oper
	1/23	1		Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/23	2		Root	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/24	1		Root	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/24	2		Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/34	1		Designated	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/34	2		Designated	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/36	1		Designated	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/36	2		Designated	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
4550r-1# snow spanning-tree mstp msti port role 1 Result:							
Resul	t:						
Resul	Port	Role	State	STP Stat	us Oper Stat	cus	
Resul	Port 5	Role 	State Discardi	STP Stat	us Oper Stat		
Resul	Port 5 33	Role Disabled Root	State Discardi Forwardi	STP Stat	us Oper Stat Disabled Enabled		
Resul	Port 5 33 34	Role Disabled Root Alternate	State Discardi Forwardi Discardi	STP Stat	us Oper Stat Disabled Enabled Enabled		
Resul 45480	t: Port 5 33 34 GT-2#	Role Disabled Root Alternato	State Discardi Forwardi Discardi anning-tre	STP Stat	us Oper Stat Disabled Enabled Enabled	le 1	
Resul 45480 Resul	t: Port 5 33 34 GT-2# t:	Role Disabled Root Alternate	State Discardi Forwardi Discardi	STP Stat	us Oper Stat Disabled Enabled Enabled	le 1	
Resul 45480 Resul	t: Port 5 33 34 GT-2# t: Port	Role Disabled Root Alternato	State Discardi Forwardi anning-tre State	STP Stat	us Oper Stat Disabled Enabled ti port rol	le 1	
Resul 45480 Resul	t: Port 5 33 34 5 5 5 FT-2# t: Port 5	Role Disabled Root Alternate show spa	State Discardi Forwardi Discardi anning-tre State Discardi	STP Stat 	us Oper Stat Disabled Enabled ti port ro	le 1	
Resul 45480 Resul	t: Port 5 33 34 GT-2# t: Port 5 35	Role Disabled Root Alternato show spa	State Discardi Forwardi anning-tre State Discardi Forwardi	STP Stat ng Enabled ng Enabled e mstp ms STP Stat 	us Oper Stat Disabled Enabled ti port rol	le 1	

On each switch, verify the following information:

Option	Verify			
Root	Verify that the MIST 1 root bridge is C3750-1 whose address is 000d.65cc.0900.			
MSTI 1 Root Port	Verify that under normal operations that the correct port to the MIST 1 root bridge is used:			
	• 8600-1: Port 1/23			
	• 8600-2: Port 1/24			
	• 4550T-1: Port 33			
	• 4548GT-2: Port 35			
	• C3750-2: Either port 1/0/21 or 1/0/22			
VLANs	Verify that only VLANs 200 and 1000 are configured for MSTI 1. If not, the MSTI instance will not come up on the corresponding switch.			



5.2.2.3 Verify MSTI 2 Root and port forwarding state

Step 1 – Verify that the MSTI 2 root is C3750-2:
ERS8600-1:5# show spanning-tree mstp msti config 2
Result:
MSTP Instance Status
Instance Id : 2 Msti Bridge Regional Root : 10:00:00:0f:90:53:d3:00 Msti Bridge Priority : 32768 (0x8000) Msti Root Cost : 200000 Msti Root Port : 1/24 Msti Instance Vlan Mapped : Msti Instance Vlan Mapped2k : 1100 Msti Instance Vlan Mapped3k : Msti Instance Vlan Mapped4k :
ERS8600-2:5# show mstp instance 2
Result:
MSTP Instance Status Instance Id : 2 Msti Bridge Regional Root : 10:00:00:0f:90:53:d3:00 Msti Bridge Priority : 12288 (0x3000) Msti Root Cost : 200000 Msti Root Port : 1/23 Msti Instance Vlan Mapped : Msti Instance Vlan Mapped2k : 1100 Msti Instance Vlan Mapped3k : Msti Instance Vlan Mapped4k : 4550T-1# show spanning-tree mstp msti config 2
Result:
Msti Bridge Regional Root: 10:00:00:0F:90:53:D3:00 Msti Bridge Priority (hex): F000 Msti Root Cost: 400000 Msti Root Port: 34 Msti State: Enabled VLAN members
4548GT-2# show spanning-tree mstp msti config 2
Result:
Msti Bridge Regional Root: 10:00:00:0F:90:53:D3:00 Msti Bridge Priority (hex): F000 Msti Root Cost: 400000 Msti Root Port: 36 Msti State: Enabled



	VLAN members							
	1100							
C3750	-1 # show s j	panning-tre	e mst 2					
Result	:							
	##### MST2 Bridge Root	vlans mapped address 0000 address 0000 port Gi7	d: 1100 d.65cc.0900 E.9053.d300 /0/21) priori priori cost	ty ty	28674 4098 20000	(28672 (4096 re	2 sysid 2) sysid 2) em hops 19
	Interface	Role Sts	Cost	Prio.Nbr	Туре			
	Gi7/0/21 Gi7/0/22 Gi7/0/23 Gi7/0/24	Root FWD Altn BLK Desg FWD Desg FWD	20000 20000 200000 200000	128.345 128.346 128.347 128.348	P2p P2p P2p P2p P2p			
C3750	-2# show s	oanning-tre	e mst 2					
Result	:							
	##### MST2	vlans mapped	1: 1100					
	Bridge Root	address 000: this switch	E.9053.d300 for MST2) priori	ty	4098	(4096	sysid 2)
	Interface	Role Sts	Cost	Prio.Nbr	Туре			
	Gi1/0/21 Gi1/0/22 Gi1/0/23 Gi1/0/24	Desg FWD Desg FWD Desg FWD Desg FWD	20000 20000 200000 200000	128.21 128.22 128.23 128.24	P2p P2p P2p P2p P2p			
Step 2	- Verify that	the MSTI 2 po	rt state:					
ERS86	00-1:5# sh a	ow spanning	-tree ms	tp msti	port	role	1/23,	1/24,1/33,1/35
Result	:							
			MSTI Port	Roles a	nd Stat	tes ======		
	Port-Index	Instance-Id	Port-Role	e Port-	State	Port-S	STP	Port-Oper
	1/23 1/23 1/24 1/24 1/33 1/33	1 2 1 2 1 2	Root Alternate Alternate Designate Designate	Forwa Disca Disca Forwa ed Forwa ed Forwa	rding rding rding rding rding rding	Ena Ena Ena Ena Ena	abled abled abled abled abled abled	Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled
ERS86	1/35 00-2:5# sho	w port info	Designate	tirole	rding port	Ena 1/23,1	lbled	Enabled



Result							
				======= MSTI Port R	oles and Stat	es	
		- ,	- 1				
	Port-	Index Inst	ance-1d	Port-Role	Port-State	Port-STP	Port-Oper
	1/23	1		Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/23	2		Root	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/24	1		Root	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/24	2		Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/34	1		Designated	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/34	2		Designated	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/36	1		Designated	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/36	2		Designated	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
4550T·	-1# s	how spann.	ing-tree	mstp mst	i port role	2	
Result	1						
	Port	Role	State	STP Stat	us Oper Stat	us 	
	6	Disabled	Discardin	g Enabled	Disabled		
	33	Alternate	Discardin	g Enabled	Enabled		
	34	Root	Forwardin	g Enabled	Enabled		
4548G	r− 2#	show span	ning-tree	e mstp ms	ti port rol	le 2	
Result	:						
	Port	Role	State	STP Stat	us Oper Stat	us	
	6	Disabled	Discardin	q Enabled	Disabled		
	35	Alternate	Discardin	g Enabled	Enabled		
	36	Root	Forwardin	g Enabled	Enabled		

On each switch, verify the following information:

Option	Verify
Root	Verify that the MIST 2 root bridge is C3750-2 whose address is 000f.9053.d300.
MSTI 2 Root Port	Verify that under normal operations that the correct port to the MIST 2 root bridge is used:
	• 8600-1: Port 1/24
	• 8600-2: Port 1/23
	• 4550T-1: Port 34
	• 4548GT-2: Port 36
	• C3750-2: Either port 1/0/21 or 1/0/22
VLANs	Verify that only VLAN 1100 is configured for MSTI 2. If not, the MSTI instance will not come up on the corresponding switch.



5.3 MSTP Configuration Example - Two Regions



In this configuration example, we take the exact same configuration used in Section 3 with the exception of creating a second region with switches 8600-1, 8600-2, 4550T-1, and 4548GT-2. All the same CIST and MSTI priorities will be used. The only configuration change will be the MSTP region name as illustrated in the diagram above. This will result in only one forwarding port between the two regions via 8600-1 port 1/23. In the region named "region2", 8600-1 will become the root bridge for MSTI 1 while 8600-2 will become the root bridge for MSTI 2. 8600-1 will also become the CIST Regional Root for the region named "region2" based on the priority settings configured.



After all the switches have been configured using the above settings, the traffic flow for each MSTI instance should as that shown in the following diagrams.



Figure 4: MSTP Example with Two Regions - MSTI 1 Data Flow



Figure 5: MSTP Example with Two Regions – MSTI 2 Data Flow



5.3.1 Configuration

5.3.1.1 MSTP Configuration

Please note that the exact same configuration is used in this example from Section 4.1 with the exception of changing the MSTP region name for switches 8600-1, 8600-2, 4550T-1, and 4548GT-2.

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Add MSTP configuration
ERS8600-1:5(config)# spanning-tree mstp region region-name region2 region- version 1
ERS8600-2: Step 1 – Add MSTP configuration
ERS8600-2:5# config mstp region name region2 ERS8600-2:5# config mstp region revision 1
ERS4550T-1: Step 1 – Add MSTP configuration
4550T-1(config) # spanning-tree mstp region region-name region2 region-version 1
ERS4528GT-2: Step 1 – Add MSTP configuration
4548GT-2(config)# spanning-tree mstp region region-name region2 region-version

1



5.3.2 Verify Operations

5.3.2.1 Verify CIST Root and Regional Root

Step 1 – Verify that the CIST root bridge is C3750-1. Verify that the regional root bridge is C3750-1 for the region named "region1" and 8600-2 for the region named "region2". There should only be one forwarding port between the regions which should be via port 1/23 on 8600-1.

ERS8600-1:5# show spanning-tree mstp status

Result:

	MSTP Status
Bridge Address	: 00:e0:7b:b3:04:01
Cist Root	: 10:00:00:0d:65:cc:09:00
Cist Regional Root	: 30:00:00:e0:7b:b3:04:01
Cist Root Port	: 1/23
Cist Root Cost	: 200000
Cist Regional Root Cost	: 0
Cist Instance Vlan Mapped	: 1-199,201-999,1001-1024
Cist Instance Vlan Mapped2k	: 1025-1099,1101-2048
Cist Instance Vlan Mapped3k	: 2049-3072
Cist Instance Vlan Mapped4k	: 3073-4094
Cist Max Age	: 20 seconds
Cist Forward Delay	: 15 seconds

```
ERS8600-2:5# show mstp status
```

Result:

```
MSTP StatusBridge Address: 00:80:2d:ba:d4:01Cist Root: 10:00:00:0d:65:cc:09:00Cist Regional Root: 30:00:00:e0:7b:b3:04:01Cist Root Port: 1/34Cist Root Cost: 200000Cist Regional Root Cost: 400000Cist Instance Vlan Mapped: 1-199,201-999,1001-1024Cist Instance Vlan Mapped2k: 202-1099,1101-2048Cist Instance Vlan Mapped4k: 3073-4094Cist Max Age: 20 secondsCist Forward Delay: 15 seconds
```

4550T-1# show spanning-tree mstp status

Result:

Bride	ge Address:
Cist	Root:
Cist	Regional Root:
Cist	Root Port:

00:19:69:E6:40:00 10:00:00:0D:65:CC:09:00 30:00:00:E0:7B:B3:04:01

33



Cist Root Cost: 200000 Cist Regional Root Cost: 200000 Cist Max Age: 20 seconds Cist Forward Delay: 15 seconds 4548GT-2# show spanning-tree mstp status Result: Bridge Address: 00:1B:25:F3:90:00 10:00:00:0D:65:CC:09:00 Cist Root: Cist Regional Root: 30:00:00:E0:7B:B3:04:01 Cist Root Port: 35 Cist Root Port: Cist Root Cost: 200000 Cist Regional Root Cost: 200000 20 seconds Cist Max Age: Cist Forward Delay: 15 seconds C3750-1# show spanning-tree mst 0 Result: ##### MSTO 1-199,201-999,1001-1099,1101-4094 vlans mapped: Bridge address 000d.65cc.0900 priority 4096 (4096 sysid 0) Root this switch for the CIST Operational hello time 2 , forward delay 15, max age 20, txholdcount 6 Configured hello time 2 , forward delay 15, max age 20, max hops 20 20 Interface Role Sts Cost Prio.Nbr Type ----- ---- ---- ---- ----- -----
 Gi7/0/1
 Desg FWD 200000
 128.325
 P2p

 Gi7/0/21
 Desg FWD 20000
 128.345
 P2p

 Gi7/0/22
 Desg FWD 20000
 128.345
 P2p
 Desg FWD 20000 Desg FWD 20000 128.346 P2p Desg FWD 200000 128.347 P2p Gi7/0/22 Gi7/0/23 Gi7/0/24 Desg FWD 200000 128.348 P2p C3750-2# show spanning-tree mst 0 **Result:** ##### MST0 vlans mapped: 1-199,201-999,1001-1099,1101-4094 address 000f.9053.d300 priority 8192 (8192 sysid 0) address 000d.65cc.0900 priority 4096 (4096 sysid 0) Bridge Root portGi1/0/21path cost0Regional Root address000d.65cc.0900priority4096(4096 sysid 0) internal cost 20000 rem hops 19 Operational hello time 2 , forward delay 15, max age 20, txholdcount 6 Configured hello time 2 , forward delay 15, max age 20, max hops 20 Interface Role Sts Cost Prio.Nbr Type Gi1/0/1Desg FWD 200000128.1P2pGi1/0/21Root FWD 20000128.21P2pGi1/0/22Altn BLK 20000128.22P2pGi1/0/23Desg FWD 200000128.23P2pGi1/0/24Desg FWD 200000128.24P2p



On each switch, verify the following information:

Option	Verify
CIST Root	Verify that the CIST root bridge is C3750-1 whose address is 000d.65cc.0900.
CIST Regional Root	Verify that the regional root bridge is C3750-1 for the region named "region1" and 8600-1 for the region named "region2" whose address is <i>00:E0:7B:B3:04:01</i>
Root Port	Verify that under normal operations that the correct port to the CIST root is used:
	• 8600-1: Port 1/23
	• 8600-2: Port 1/34
	• 4550T-1: Port 33
	• 4548GT-2: Port 35
	 C3750-2: Either port 1/0/21 or 1/0/22

5.3.2.2 Verify MSTI 1 Root and port forwarding state

Step 1 – Verify that the MSTI 1 root is 8600-1 for the region named "region2" and C3750-1 is the MSTI 1 root for the region named "region1":

ERS8600-1:5# show spanning-tree mstp msti config 1

Result:

```
MSTP Instance Status
```

```
Instance Id : 1

Msti Bridge Regional Root : 30:00:00:e0:7b:b3:04:01

Msti Bridge Priority : 12288 (0x3000)

Msti Root Cost : 0

Msti Root Port : cpp

Msti Instance Vlan Mapped : 200,1000

Msti Instance Vlan Mapped2k :

Msti Instance Vlan Mapped3k :

Msti Instance Vlan Mapped4k :
```

ERS8600-2:5# show mstp instance 1



```
Result:
        _____
                                       MSTP Instance Status
        _____
       Instance Id : 1

Msti Bridge Regional Root : 30:00:00:e0:7b:b3:04:01

Msti Bridge Priority : 32768 (0x8000)

Msti Root Cost : 400000
       Msti Root Cost
                                         : 400000
       Msti Root Port
                                         : 1/34
       Msti Root Port : 1/34
Msti Instance Vlan Mapped : 200,1000
       Msti Instance Vlan Mapped2k
                                         :
       Msti Instance Vlan Mapped3k
       Msti Instance Vlan Mapped4k
                                         :
4550T-1# show spanning-tree mstp msti config 1
Result:
       Msti Bridge Regional Root: 30:00:00:E0:7B:B3:04:01
       Msti Bridge Priority (hex): F000
                                     200000
       Msti State:
                                     Enabled
       VLAN members
        _____ _ ____ ____ ____ ____ ____ ____
        200
              1000
4548GT-2# show spanning-tree mstp msti config 1
Result:
       Msti Bridge Regional Root: 30:00:00:E0:7B:B3:04:01
       Msti Bridge Priority (hex): F000
       Msti Root Cost: 200
Msti Poot Port: 35
                                     200000
       Msti Root Port:
       Msti State:
                                    Enabled
       VLAN members
         ----- ----- ------ ------ ------
       200
             1000
C3750-1# show spanning-tree mst 1
Result:
       ##### MST1 vlans mapped: 200,1000
Bridge address 000d.65cc.0900 priority
Root this switch for MST1
                                                             4097 (4096 sysid 1)
       Interface Role Sts Cost Prio.Nbr Type
                                                                 _____

        Gi7/0/21
        Desg FWD 20000
        128.345
        P2p

        Gi7/0/22
        Desg FWD 20000
        128.346
        P2p

        Gi7/0/23
        Desg FWD 20000
        128.347
        P2p

        Gi7/0/24
        Desg FWD 20000
        128.348
        P2p

C3750-2# show spanning-tree mst 1
```



lesult:					
####	MST1 vlans m	apped: 200,10	00		
Bridge	e address	000f.9053.d300	priority	8193 (8192	sysid 1)
Root	address	000d.65cc.0900	priority	4097 (4096	sysid 1)
	port	Gi1/0/21	cost	20000 re	em hops 19
Inter	face Role	Sts Cost	Prio.Nbr Type		
Gi1/0	21 Root	FWD 20000	128.21 P2p		
Gi1/0	/22 Altn	BLK 20000	128.22 P2p		
Gi1/0	/23 Desg	FWD 200000	128.23 P2p		
Gi1/0	/24 Desg	FWD 200000	128.24 P2p		
tep 2 – Verif	y that the MSTI 1	port state.			
RS8600-1:	5# show span r	ing-tree mst	p msti port	: role	
esult:					
		MSTI Port	Roles and Sta	ites ====================================	
Port-	Index Instance	-Id Port-Role	Port-State	Port-STP	Port-Oper
1/5	1	Disabled	Discarding	Enabled	Disabled
1/6	2	Disabled	Discarding	Enabled	Disabled
1/23	1	Master	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/23	2	Master	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/24	1	Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/24	2	Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/33	1	Designate	d Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/33	2	Root	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/35	1	Designate	d Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/35	2	Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
esult:	o# show port .	info mstp ms	tirole port	1/23,1/24,	1/34,1/36
		MSTI Port	Roles and Sta	ites	
Port-	Index Instance	-Id Port-Role	Port-State	Port-STP	Port-Oper
1/23	1	Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/23	2	Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/24	1	Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/24	2	Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/34	1	Root	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/34	2	Designate	d Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/36	1	Designate	d Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
1/36	2	Designate	d Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
550T-1# s	how spanning-	tree mstp ms	ti port rol	le 1	
Result:					
Port	Role S	tate STP St	atus Oper Sta	itus	
	Dischlad D'				
5	uisapied Dis	carging Enable	u uisabled	1	


	33	Root	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	34	Designated	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
4548GI	2-2#	show spann	ing-tree i	mstp msti	port role 1
Result:					
	Port	Role	State	STP Status	Oper Status
			Discusting		
	э 35	Disabled Boot	Forwarding	Enabled	Disabled
	36	Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled

On each switch, verify the following information:

Option	Verify				
Root	Verify that the MIST 1 root bridge is C3750-1 for region named "region1" whose address is <i>000d.65cc.0900.</i> Verify that the MSTI 1 root bridge is 8600-1 for region named "region2" whose address is <i>00:E0:7B:B3:04:01</i> .				
MSTI 1 Root Port	Verify that under normal operations that the correct port to the MIST 1 root bridge is used:				
	 8600-1: Port 1/23 (Master Forwarding to "region1") 				
	• 8600-2: Port 1/34				
	• 4550T-1: Port 33				
	• 4548GT-2: Port 35				
	• C3750-2: Either port 1/0/21 or 1/0/22				
VLANs	Verify that only VLANs 200 and 1000 are configured for MSTI 1. If not, the MSTI instance will not come up on the corresponding switch.				

5.3.2.3 Verify MSTI 2 Root and port forwarding state

Step 1 – Verify that the MSTI 2 root is C3750-2 for region named "region1" and the MSTI 2 root is 8600-2 for region named "region2":

ERS8600-1:5# show spanning-tree mstp msti config 2

Result:

```
MSTP Instance Status
```

```
Instance Id : 2

Msti Bridge Regional Root : 30:00:00:80:2d:ba:d4:01

Msti Bridge Priority : 32768 (0x8000)

Msti Root Cost : 400000

Msti Root Port : 1/33

Msti Instance Vlan Mapped :

Msti Instance Vlan Mapped2k : 1100

Msti Instance Vlan Mapped3k :

Msti Instance Vlan Mapped4k :
```



ſ

1

ERS8600-2:5# show mstp instance 2								
Result:								
			MSTP I	instance	Status			
	Instance Id Msti Bridge F Msti Bridge F Msti Root Cos Msti Root Por Msti Instance Msti Instance Msti Instance	Regional Root Priority St St Vlan Mapped Vlan Mapped2k Vlan Mapped3k Vlan Mapped4k	: 2 : 30 : 12 : 0 : cp : : : 11):00: 00:8 2288 (0x3) pp .00	0:2d:ba	:d4:01		
4550T-	-1# show sp	anning-tree	mstp ms	sti con	fig 2			
Result:								
	Msti Bridge F Msti Bridge F Msti Root Cos Msti Root Por Msti State: VLAN members	Regional Root: Priority (hex): st: t:	10:00:00 F000 200000 34 Enabled):80:2D:B	A:D4:01			
4548G1	-2# show s	panning-tree	e mstp n	nsti con	nfig 2	2		
Result:								
	Msti Bridge F Msti Bridge F Msti Root Cos Msti Root Por Msti State: VLAN members	Regional Root: Priority (hex): t: t:	30:00:00 F000 200000 36 Enabled):80:2D:B	A:D4:01			
C3750-	1100 -1# show sp	anning-tree	mst 2					
Result:	-							
	##### MST2 Bridge Root	vlans mapped: address 000d. address 000f. port Gi7/0	1100 65cc.0900 9053.d300 /21) priori priori cost	ty ty	28674 4098 20000	(28672 sysid 2) (4096 sysid 2) rem hops 19	
	Interface	Role Sts C	Cost	Prio.Nbr	Туре			
	Gi7/0/21 Gi7/0/22 Gi7/0/23 Gi7/0/24	Root FWD 2 Altn BLK 2 Desg FWD 2 Desg FWD 2	0000 0000 00000 00000	128.345 128.346 128.347 128.348	P2p P2p P2p P2p			



	lt:					
	##### MST2	vlans mapped	d: 1100			
	Bridge	address 0001	E.9053.d300	priority	4098 (4096	sysid 2)
	Root	this switch	for MST2			
	Intorfaco	Polo Sta	Cost D	rio Nhr Turo		
	Gi1/0/21	Desg FWD	20000 12	28.21 P2p		
	Gi1/0/22	Desg FWD	20000 12	28.22 P2p		
	Gi1/0/23	Desg FWD	200000 12	28.23 P2p		
	Gi1/0/24	Desg FWD	200000 12	28.24 P2p		
p 2	2 – Verify that t	he MSTI 2 port	state:			
38	600-1:5# sh a	ow spanning	-tree mstp	msti por	t role	
sul	lt:					
			MSTI Port I	Roles and St	======================================	
	Port-Index	Instance-Id	Port-Role	Port-State	Port-STP	Port-Oper
	1/5	1	Disabled	Discarding	Enabled	Disablec
	1/6	2	Disabled	Discarding	Enabled	Disabled
	1/23	1	Master	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/23	2	Master	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/24	1	Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/24	2	Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/33	1	Designated	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/33	2	Root	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/35	1	Designated	Forwarding	Enabled	Enabled
	1/35	2	Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
380	600-2:5# sho	w port info	mstp mst:	irole port	: 1/23,1/24,	1/34,1/36
sul	lt:					
			MSTI Port B	Roles and St	======================================	
		Taskes at 1	Port-Role	Port-State	Port-STP	Port-Oper
	Port-Index	instance-id				
	Port-Index	Instance-id				TR 1- 1 1
	Port-Index 	1 1	Alternate	Discarding	Enabled	Enabled
	Port-Index 1/23 1/23	1 2	Alternate Alternate	Discarding Discarding	Enabled Enabled	Enabled Enabled
	Port-Index 1/23 1/23 1/24	1 2 1	Alternate Alternate Alternate	Discarding Discarding Discarding	Enabled Enabled Enabled	Enabled Enabled Enabled
	Port-Index 1/23 1/23 1/24 1/24	1 2 1 2	Alternate Alternate Alternate Alternate	Discarding Discarding Discarding Discarding	Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled	Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled
	Port-Index 1/23 1/23 1/24 1/24 1/24	1 2 1 2 1	Alternate Alternate Alternate Alternate Root	Discarding Discarding Discarding Discarding Forwarding	Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled	Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled
	Port-Index 1/23 1/23 1/24 1/24 1/34 1/34	1 2 1 2 1 2	Alternate Alternate Alternate Alternate Root Designated	Discarding Discarding Discarding Forwarding Forwarding	Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled	Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled



avaya.com

Result	:									
	Port	Role	State	STP Status	Oper Status					
	6	Disabled	Discarding	Enabled	Disabled					
	33 34	Designated Root	Forwarding Forwarding	Enabled Enabled	Enabled Enabled					
4548G	4548GT-2# show spanning-tree mstp msti port role 2									
Result:										
	Port	Role	State	STP Status	Oper Status					
	6	Disabled	Discarding	Enabled	Disabled					

On each switch, verify the following information:

Option	Verify				
Root	Verify that the MIST 2 root bridge is C3750-2 whose address is 000f.9053.d300. Verify that the MSTI 2 root bridge is 8600-2 for region named "region2" whose address is 00:80:2d:ba:d4:01				
MSTI 2 Root Port	Verify that under normal operations that the correct port to the MIST 2 root bridge is used:				
	• 8600-1: Port 1/33				
	 Port 1/24 (Master Forwarding to "region1") 				
	• 4550T-1: Port 34				
	• 4548GT-2: Port 36				
	• C3750-2: Either port 1/0/21 or 1/0/22				
VLANs	Verify that only VLAN 1100 is configured for MSTI 2 If not, the MSTI instance will not come up on the corresponding switch.				



6. **OSPF MD5** Authentication



For this example, we will configure the following:

- MD5 OSPF authentication between an Avaya ERS8600 switch and a Cisco 3750 switch
- We will set the MD5 password to avayatocisco



Note that Cisco will send OSPF hello messages with LLS (Link-Local Signaling). The Avaya ERS8600 does not accept LLS and thus will never form an OSPF neighbor if LLS is left enabled.

6.1 Configuration Steps

6.1.1 Enable MD5

ERS8600-1: Step 1 – Add and enable MD5 message key

```
ERS8600-1# config ip ospf interface 10.1.70.1 add-message-digest-key 1 md5-key
avayatocisco
ERS8600-1# config ip ospf interface 10.1.70.1 authentication-type message-
digest
```

C3750-1: Step 1 – Add and enable MD5 message key

```
C3750-1(config)# interface vlan 70
C3750-1(config-if)# ip ospf authentication message-digest
C3750-1(config-if)# ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 avayatocisco
C3750-1(config-if)# ip ospf lls disable
C3750-1(config-if)# exit
```



6.2 Verify Operations

6.2.1 ERS8600

Step 1 - Verify that MD5 message-digest is configured on the appropriate interface

ERS8600-8:5# show ip ospf int-auth

Result:

```
OSPF Interface AuthKey - GlobalRouter
INTERFACE AUTHTYPE AUTHKEY
10.1.70.1 message-digest
```

Step 2 – Verify that the Cisco switch is an OSPF neighbor:

ERS8600-8:5# show ip ospf neighbors

Result:

	OSPF	Neighbors - Glo	balRouter		
INTERFACE	NBRROUTERID	NBRIPADDR	PRIO_STATE	RTXQLEI	N PERMANENCE
10.1.70.1	10.1.1.2	10.1.70.2	1 Full	0	Dynamic

Total ospf neighbors: 1

Step 3 – Verify that the MLT MD5 key is configured:

ERS8600-8:5# config ip ospf interface 10.1.70.1 info

Result:



delete-message-digest-key	:	N/A
metric	:	10
mtu-ignore	:	disable
poll-interval	:	120
priority	:	1
retransmit-interval	:	5
transit-delay	:	1
bfd-enable	:	disabled

Verify the following information:

Option	Verify
AUTHTYPE AUTHKEY	Should be displayed as <i>message-digest</i> . This just indicates that message digest has been configured and enabled for the shown interface. Use the command <i>config ip ospf interface 10.1.70.1 info</i> as shown above to verify that a MD5 key has been added.
STATE	If everything is working, the Cisco switch neighbor state should be displayed as <i>Full</i> .



6.2.2 Cisco 3750

Step 1 – Verify that MD5 message-digest is configured on the appropriate interface, the line protocol is up, and that LLS is disabled

```
C3750-1# show ip ospf interface vlan 70
```

Result:

```
Vlan70 is up, line protocol is up
 Internet Address 10.1.70.2/30, Area 0
 Process ID 1, Router ID 47.133.58.137, Network Type BROADCAST, Cost: 1
 Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State BDR, Priority 1
 Designated Router (ID) 10.12.1.2, Interface address 10.1.70.1
 Backup Designated router (ID) 47.133.58.137, Interface address 10.1.70.2
 Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
   oob-resync timeout 40
   Hello due in 00:00:09
 Does not support Link-local Signaling (LLS)
 Cisco NSF helper support disabled
  IETF NSF helper support enabled
 Index 1/1, flood queue length 0
 Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)
 Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 1
 Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
 Neighbor Count is 1, Adjacent neighbor count is 1
   Adjacent with neighbor 10.12.1.2 (Designated Router)
  Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)
 Message digest authentication enabled
   Youngest key id is 1
```

Step 1 – Verify that the Avaya switch is an OSPF neighbor:

C3750-1# show ip ospf neighbor

Result:

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
10.12.1.2	1	FULL/DR	00:00:32	10.1.70.1	Vlan70



7. Avaya IP Phone to Cisco Switch



The following configuration example covers various methods for configuring a Cisco 3750 to support both voice and data on the same port with an Avaya IP Phone.

The access ports will be configured to allow untagged data traffic and tagged voice traffic using VLAN 1000 for the Data VLAN and VLAN 600 for the Voice VLAN. The Avaya IP Phone can either use double DHCP to get the Voice VLAN ID from a DHCP request on the data VLAN or the Cisco 3750 switch could be configured for LLDP-MED to tell the Avaya IP Phone what the voice VLAN ID is.

For QoS, the Cisco 3750 can either be configured to trust the layer 2 p-bit value or layer 3 DSCP value. At a layer 2 level, the switch can be setup to only trust only the tagged voice VLAN 802.1p value and remark all untagged traffic with a DSCP value of 0. At a layer 3 level, the switch can be configured to trust the DSCP values from both the voice and data VLANs without a policy-map configured, or only trust the DSCP value from the voice VLAN and remark the data VLAN with a policy-map defined.

7.1 Config Steps

For this configuration example, we will assume an Avaya model 1230 IP Phone.

7.1.1 PoE

By default, on a Cisco 3750, the switch automatically detects and supplies power if the connected device requires it. If you wish, use the following interface commands to set the desired PoE settings:

interface gigabitEthernet <interface number>

power inline auto (default setting and preferred for Avaya IP Phones) power inline auto max <4000-15400> milli-watts (To limit the power in auto mode) power inline static (To turn on power to the port even if there is no PoE device detected)

power inline static max <4000-15400> milli-watts (To limit the power in static mode) power inline never (To turn off power to the port)



power inline consumption <4000-15400> milli-watts (To set the amount of power consumption)

7.1.2 Avaya IP Phone default DSCP values when used with a Cisco Switch

The Avaya IP Phones uses a p-bit value of 6 and DSCP value of 46 for Voice Media. For Voice Signaling, the Avaya IP Phone uses a p-bit value of 5 and DSCP value of 40. The following command displays the default DSCP mappings on a Cisco switch.

C3750-2# show mls qos maps cos-dscp

Cos-dscp map: cos: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 dscp: 0 8 16 24 32 40 48 56

In order to support Avaya IP Phones on the Cisco switch, we need to change CoS value 6 with a DSCP value of 46. The can be accomplished by using issuing the following commands:

7.1.3 QoS at Layer 2 Option

If we configure the Cisco switch, as in this example, to support untagged data traffic and tagged voice traffic, the switch can be setup to trust only the 802.1p (p-bit) values from the tagged voice VLAN. All untagged traffic will be remarked with a DSCP value of 0. This can be accomplished with the *mls qos trust cos* interface level command.

Overall, the configuration should look like the configuration shown below to trust only the p-bit values from the tagged voice VLAN. We will also change the cos-dscp 6 value from the default DSCP value of 48 to a DSCP value of 46.

C3750-1 - Trust CoS Configuration Example for Avaya IP Phones: Trust only the tagged traffic and remark the untagged traffic with DSCP value of 0

```
!
vtp mode transparent
!
!
mls qos map cos-dscp 0 8 16 24 32 40 46 56
mls qos
!
vlan 600
name voice
!
vlan 1000
name data
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/17
switchport access vlan 1000
```



I

1

```
switchport mode access
switchport voice vlan 600
priority-queue out
mls qos trust cos
spanning-tree portfast
```

If you wish, you can also add a default CoS value for the untagged data VLAN traffic. By default, all the data traffic is remarked with a DSCP value of 0. If you set the **mls qos cos <0-7>** on a port, the switch will set the CoS value of all frames from the untagged data VLAN to the configured CoS value. The following shows a configuration changing default CoS value of 0 to 2 which in turn will remark all the untagged data traffic with a DSCP value of 16.

C3750-1: Trust CoS Configuration Example for Avaya IP Phones: Trust the tagged traffic and remark the untagged traffic with a default DSCP value of 16

```
vtp mode transparent
1
1
mls qos map cos-dscp 0 8 16 24 32 40 46 56
mls qos
!
vlan 600
name voice
1
vlan 1000
name data
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/17
switchport access vlan 1000
switchport mode access
switchport voice vlan 600
priority-queue out
mls qos cos 2
mls qos trust cos
 spanning-tree portfast
```

7.1.4 QoS at Layer 3 Option

The following is a configuration example of configuring the Cisco switch to trust the DSCP value instead of the p-bit value. Please see Section 7.1.2 regarding changing the default CoS mappings to support Avaya IP phone.

C3750-1 - Trust DSCP Configuration Example for Avaya IP Phones: Trust DSCP value from both tagged voice VLAN and untagged data VLAN

```
vtp mode transparent
!
mls qos map cos-dscp 0 8 16 24 32 40 46 56
mls qos
!
vlan 600
name voice
```

T



```
vlan 1000
name data
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/17
switchport access vlan 1000
switchport mode access
switchport voice vlan 600
priority-queue out
mls qos trust dscp
spanning-tree portfast
!
```

The above configuration will trust all traffic both from the untagged data VLAN and the tagged voice VLAN. In some cases, you may not want to trust the data VLAN. If this is the case, a policymap can be created to pass the voice VLAN traffic as-is and remark the data VLAN traffic. Assuming the data VLAN uses a subnet of 192.168.100.0/24 and the voice VLAN uses a subnet of 192.168.60.0/24, the following configuration will pass the CoS traffic from the voice VLAN as-is and remark the data VLAN traffic to a DSCP value of AF11.

C3750-1 - Trust DSCP Configuration Example for Avaya IP Phones: Trust DSCP value from tagged voice VLAN IP subnet and remark untagged data VLAN IP subnet with default DSCP value of 16 using a policy-map

```
!
vtp mode transparent
1
mls qos map cos-dscp 0 8 16 24 32 40 46 56
mls qos
!
vlan 600
name voice
vlan 1000
name data
1
class-map match-all data-1
match access-group name data-subnet
class-map match-all voice-1
match access-group name voice-subnet
1
1
policy-map policy-1
 class voice-1
  trust cos
class data-1
  set dscp af11
1
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/17
switchport access vlan 1000
 switchport mode access
switchport voice vlan 600
priority-queue out
mls qos trust dscp
 spanning-tree portfast
 service-policy input policy-1
1
ip access-list extended data-subnet
```



```
permit ip 192.168.100.0 0.0.0.255 any
ip access-list extended voice-subnet
permit ip 192.168.60.0 0.0.0.255 any
```

7.1.5 LLDP-MED

To enable LLDP-MED, you simple have to enter the command *lldp run*. The interface level *switchport voice vlan <1-4094>* command determines the voice VLAN ID sent by the switch. By default, LLDP transmit, receive and policy will be enabled at an interface level.

C3750-1 – LLDP-MED configuration

```
!
vtp mode transparent
!
!
mls qos map cos-dscp 0 8 16 24 32 40 46 56
mls qos
1
vlan 600
name voice
!
vlan 1000
name data
lldp run
1
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/17
switchport access vlan 1000
 switchport mode access
 switchport voice vlan 600
 priority-queue out
mls qos trust dscp
 spanning-tree portfast
۱
```



7.1.6 LLDP-MED : Verify the local attached Avaya IP Phone

Step 1 – Verify that the Avaya IP phone using LLDP-MED assuming an Avaya IP Phone model 1230 is connected via port 1/0/15 on the Cisco 3750 switch

```
C3750-2# show lldp neighbors gigabitEthernet 1/0/15 detail
```

Result:

```
Chassis id: 192.168.60.20
Port id: 0024.000d.8dcd
Port Description: Nortel IP Phone
System Name - not advertised
System Description:
Nortel IP Telephone 1230, Firmware:062AC6R
Time remaining: 179 seconds
System Capabilities: B,T
Enabled Capabilities: B,T
Management Addresses - not advertised
Auto Negotiation - supported, enabled
Physical media capabilities:
    100base-TX(FD)
    100base-TX(HD)
    10base-T(FD)
    10base-T(HD)
Media Attachment Unit type: 16
MED Information:
    MED Codes:
          (NP) Network Policy, (LI) Location Identification
          (PS) Power Source Entity, (PD) Power Device
          (IN) Inventory
    F/W revision: 062AC6R
    Manufacturer: Nortel-05
    Model: IP Phone 1230
    Capabilities: NP, LI, PD, IN
    Device type: Endpoint Class III
    Network Policy(Voice): VLAN 600, tagged, Layer-2 priority: 0, DSCP: 0
    PD device, Power source: Unknown, Power Priority: High, Wattage: 6.0
```



8. Cisco Phone to Avaya Switch



For this configuration example, we will configure the following

- Configure ERS4550-1 as a Layer 2 switch
- Add management VLAN 204, data VLAN 1001, and voice VLAN 600
- Configure MLT 1 using ports 1/21 and 2/25 for the uplink to the core network
- Enable ports 1/4 as untagPvidOnly to allow untagged data VLAN (PVID = 1001) and tagged voice VLAN (PVID = 600)
 - Enable LLDP-MED on port 1/4 and configure the LLDP-MED using ADAC
- Set the PoE priority level to high on port 1/4 for the IP Phone set

8.1 4500-1 Configuration

8.1.1 Go to configuration mode.

ERS4550-1 Step 1 - Enter configuration mode

```
4550-PWR> enable
4550-PWR# configure terminal
4550-1-PWR(config)# banner disable
4550-1-PWR(config)# snmp-server name 4550-1-PWR
```

8.1.2 Add MLT

```
ERS4550-1 Step 1 – Add MLT with port members 1/21 and 2/25 and enable port tagging
```

```
4550-1-PWR(config)# vlan ports 1/21,2/25 tagging tagall
4550-1-PWR(config)# mlt 1 enable member 1/21,2/25 learning disable
```



8.1.3 Enable ADAC Globally

ERS4550-1 Step 1 – Enable ADAC using VLAN 600, set the operation mode to tagged-frames, and add one of the uplink port member, i.e. port 1/21

4550-1-PWR(config) # adac voice-vlan 600 4550-1-PWR(config) # adac op-mode tagged-frames 4550-1-PWR(config) # adac uplink-port 1/21 4550-1-PWR(config) # adac enable

8.1.4 Add data and management VLANs and port members

ERS4550-1 Step 1 – Add data and management VLANs

```
4550-1-PWR(config) # vlan configcontrol automatic
4550-1-PWR(config) # vlan create 1001 name data type port
4550-1-PWR(config) # vlan create 204 name mgmt type port
4550-1-PWR(config) # vlan members add 1001 1/4,1/21,2/25
4550-1-PWR(config) # vlan members add 204 1/21,2/25
```

8.1.5 Enable ADAC at interface level

ERS4550-1 Step 1 – Enable ADAC on port member 1/4, set the ADAC detection to LLDP only, and enable the ADAC tag mode to tagged frames and untag the default VLAN

```
4550-1-PWR(config)# interface fastEthernet 1/4
4550-1-PWR(config-if)# adac detection lldp
4550-1-PWR(config-if)# no adac detection mac
4550-1-PWR(config-if)# adac tagged-frames-tagging untag-pvid-only
4550-1-PWR(config-if)# adac enable
4550-1-PWR(config-if)# exit
```



Note that by default, ADAC detection for MAC and LLDP is enabled. Hence, the command *adac detection lldp* is not required and only used in this example to show that there is a command to enable or disable the detection type.



8.1.6 Enable LLDP-MED

ERS4550-1 Step 1 – Enable LLDP-MED on port 1/4

```
4550-1-PWR(config)# interface fastEthernet 1/4
4550-1-PWR(config-if)# lldp tx-tlv local-mgmt-addr port-desc sys-cap sys-desc
sys-name
4550-1-PWR(config-if)# lldp status txAndRx config-notification
4550-1-PWR(config-if)# lldp tx-tlv med extendedPSE med-capabilities network-
policy
4550-1-PWR(config-if)# exit
```

8.1.7 Configure PoE levels

ERS4550-1 Step 1 - Set PoE Power level high on all VoIP ports

```
5520-1(config)# interface fastEthernet 1/4
5520-1 (config-if)# poe poe-priority high
5520-1 (config-if)# exit
```

8.1.8 Set Management VLAN

ERS4550-1 Step 1 – Configure VLAN 204 as the management VLAN and set the management IP address

4550-1-PWR(config) # **vlan mgmt 204**

```
4550-1-PWR(config)# ip address switch 10.5.204.5 netmask 255.255.255.0 default-
gateway 10.5.204.1
```

8.1.9 Enable SNMP Management

```
ERS4550-1 Step 1 – If you wish, enable SNMP management by entering the following command
```

```
4550-1-PWR(config)# snmp-server enable
```



8.1.10 Enable IP DHCP Snooping and ARP Inspection

The following commands are optional and only used if DHCP is used.

ERS4550-1 Step 1 – Enable IP DHCP Snooping for voice VLAN 600 and data VLAN 1001

```
4550-1-PWR(config)# ip dhcp-snooping vlan 600
4550-1-PWR(config)# ip dhcp-snooping vlan 1001
4550-1-PWR(config)# ip dhcp-snooping enable
```

ERS4550-1 Step 2 – Enable IP Arp Inspection for voice VLAN 600 and data VLAN 1001

```
4550-1-PWR(config)# ip arp-inspection vlan 600
4550-1-PWR(config)# ip arp-inspection vlan 1001
```

ERS4550-1 Step 3 – Enable core ports 1/21 and 2/25 as a trusted ports

```
4550-1-PWR(config)# interface fastEthernet 1/21,2/25
4550-1-PWR(config-if)# ip dhcp-snooping trusted
4550-1-PWR(config-if)# ip arp-inspection trusted
4550-1-PWR(config-if)# exit
```

8.1.11 Enable Spanning Tree Fast Start and BPDU filtering on access ports

```
ERS4550-1 Step 3 – Enable STP Fast Start and BPDU filtering on access port 1/4

4550-1-PWR(config)# interface fastEthernet 1/4

4550-1-PWR(config-if)# spanning-tree learning fast

4550-1-PWR(config-if)# spanning-tree bpdu-filtering timeout 0

4550-1-PWR(config-if)# spanning-tree bpdu-filtering enable

4550-1-PWR(config-if)# exit
```

8.1.12 Remove port members from default VLAN (VLAN 1)

ERS4550-1 Step 3 – Remove port member from the default VLAN

4550-1-PWR(config) # vlan members remove 1 1/4,1/21,2/25



8.2 Cisco Phone Configuration

The Cisco phone used for this example is based on software version SCCP41.8-3-4SR1S in SCCP mode. A remote Cisco call server (CUCM) was set up to recognize and register the phone when contacted.

Note that the Cisco phone is required to support LLDP-MED in order to inter-operate with the ERS 4500. Support for LLDP-MED was introduced in release 8.3(3) on most, but not all, phone models. Please consult release notes.

C7961G Step 1 – Confirm the Cisco phone supports LLDP-MED

- Press the "Settings" button
- Select "3 Device Configuration"
- Select "9 Network Configuration"
- Ensure that "LLDP: PC Port" is set to "Enabled"
- Ensure that "LLDP-MED: SW Port" is set to "Enabled"
- Press "Exit" twice to return to the main "Settings" menu.

C7961G Step 2 – Confirm that the Voice VLAN Id is not statically configured and DHCP is enabled

- Select "2 Network Configuration"
- Verify that the parameter "21 Admin. VLAN Id" is set to a null value (i.e. should be blank, no value). The Voice VLAN Id should not be statically configured because it will be advertised by the ERS 4500 via LLDP-MED. If this needs to be changed press "**#" to unlock the configuration and make the change.
- Verify that "22 DHCP" is set to "Yes"
- Press "Exit" twice to exit the "Settings" menu.



8.3 Verify Operations

8.3.1 Verify LLDP Neighbors

Step 1 – Verify the LLDP neighbor using the following commands:								
4550-1-PWR# show lldp neighbor								
Result:								
lldp neighbor								
<pre>Port: 1/4 Index: 12 Time: 19 days, 02:04:16 ChassisId: Network address IPv4 10.1.60.66 PortId: Locally assigned 001E4A34C6AB:P1 SysName: SEP001E4A34C6AB.cisco.com SysCap: TB / TB (Supported/Enabled) PortDesc: SW PORT SysDescr: Cisco IP Phone CP-7961G,V2, SCCP41.8-3-4SR1S</pre>								
4550-1-PWR# show lldp neighbor-mgmt-addr								
Result:								
 lldp neighbor-mgmt-addr								
Port: 1/4 Index: 12 Time: 19 days, 02:04:16 ChassisId: Network address IPv4 10.1.60.66 PortId: Locally assigned 001E4A34C6AB:P1 MgmtAddr: IPv4 10.1.60.66 MgmtOID: 0.0 Interface: type-unknown, number:0								
8.3.2 Verify ADAC Operation and correct VI AN is used								

8.3.2 Verify ADAC Operation and correct VLAN is used

Step 1 – Verify the Cisco IP phone is detected via ADAC using the following command:									
4550-1-PWR# show adac interface 1/4									
Result	Result:								
	Unit/		Auto	Oper	Auto				
	Port	Туре	Detection	State	Configuration	T-F PVID	T-F Tagging		
	 1 / л	 m	Enabled	Enchlod	Applied	No Change	Untag BVID Only		
1	⊥/4	т	Enabled	Enapled	Appiled	No change	Untag PVID Only		



Step 2 – Verify the voice VLAN is used on port 1/4:							
4550-1-P	WR# show vlan vid	600					
Result:							
Id	Name	Туре	Protocol	User PID	Active	IVL/SVL	Mgmt
600) Voice_VLAN Port Members: 1/4	Port 4,1/21,2/2	None 25	0x0000	Yes	IVL	No

8.3.3 Verify Cisco Phone operations

Once the phone learns the Voice VLAN via LLDP-MED it sends a DHCP Discovery/Request. The DHCP Server returned an IP address, default gateway, DNS Server, DNS Domain Name, and DHCP option 150 – "TFTP Server IP Address" so that the phone can reach its Call Server. Note that there are multiple methods in which the Cisco phone can learn of its Call Server:

- Static IP address
- Option 150 (single IP address)
- Option 66 (first IP address or Domain Name System [DNS] name)
- Lookup CiscoCM1.your.domain

To verify that the Cisco phone learned the Voice VLAN:

- Press the "Settings" button
- Select "2 Network Configuration"
- Verify that the parameter "20 Operational VLAN Id" is set to the Voice VLAN Id.



9. IP-VPN interoperability between Avaya and Cisco



In this configuration example, we will configure the following PE routers Avaya ERS8600 and Cisco 7602 with the following:

- Routing protocol between CE and PE routers
 - o OSPF
- Protocol between PE and P routers
 - OSPF
 - OSPF area 0.0.0.0
 - o LDP
- Protocol between PE routers
 - o BGP
 - AS: 3030
 - iBGP internal BGP configured between PE routers
 - Enable VPN-IPv4 via CLIP address between ERS8600 and C-7602
- On the ERS8600 PE:
 - The Circuitless IP Address (CLIP) will be used as OSPF Router-ID which in turn will become the BGP Router-ID and used to create the iBGP peers between the PE routers
 - o The Circuitless IP Address (CLIP) will be used as the MPLS Router-ID
 - The Route Distinguisher equals the AS number, RD = 3030
 - The Route Target equals the VLAN ID, RT = 1300 (VRF red) and RT = 1301 (VRF blue)



Node	VRF Name	VLAN	Subnet
EBS9600 (DE1)	Red	1300	10.1.130.0/24
EK30000 (PE1)	Blu	1301	10.1.131.0/24
Ciano 7602 (DE2)	Red	1300	10.72.72.0/24
CISCO 7602 (FE2)	Blue	1301	10.72.131.0/24

9.1 Configuration Steps

All configuration steps are shown using both CLI and PPCLI configuration mode.

9.1.1 PE 1 Configuration: ERS8600

```
9.1.1.1 Create MPLS Core VLAN
```

```
PE-1 Step 1 – Create VLAN 2015 to MPLS core
```

```
CLI
```

```
ERS8600-1:5(config) # vlan members remove 1 4/20
ERS8600-1:5(config) # vlan create 2015 type port 1
ERS8600-1:5(config) # vlan members add 2015 4/20
ERS8600-1:5(config) # interface vlan 2015
ERS8600-1:5(config-if) # ip address 10.93.102.2 255.255.255
ERS8600-1:5(config-if) # ip ospf enable
ERS8600-1:5(config-if) # exit
```

```
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1 ports remove 4/20
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 2015 create byport 1 name core-vlan2015
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 2015 ports add 4/20
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 2015 ip create 10.93.102.2/30
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 2015 ip ospf enable
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 2015 ip mpls ldp state enable
```



```
PE-1 Step 2 – Disable Spanning Tree on core port
```

CLI

ERS8600-1:5(config)# interface gigabitEthernet 4/20

ERS8600-1:5(config-if) # no spanning-tree stp 1

ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# shutdown

ERS8600-1:5(config-if) # no shutdown

ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# exit

PPCLI

ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 4/20 stg 1 stp disable ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 4/20 state disable ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 4/20 state enable

PE-1 Step 3 – Add Circuitless IP Address (CLIP). Assuming no other CLIP address has been added, we will use CLIP id 1. This address will be used for the OSPF Router-Id, LDP, and the BDP Router-Id

CLI

```
ERS8600-1:5(config)# interface loopback 1
ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# ip address 10.1.1.1/32
ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# ip ospf
ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# exit
```

PPCLI

ERS8600-1:5# config ip circuitless-ip-int 1 create 10.1.1.1/32 ERS8600-1:5# config ip circuitless-ip-int 1 ospf enable

PE-1 Step 4 – Add CLIP address as the OSPF Router Id and enable OSPF globally

CLI

ERS8600-1:5(config)# router ospf
ERS8600-1:5(config-ospf)# router-id 10.11.1.1
ERS8600-1:5(config-ospf)# exit

ERS8600-1:5(config) # router ospf enable



PPCLI

ERS8600-2:6# config ip ospf router-id 10.1.1.1

ERS8600-2:5# config ip ospf enable

PE-1 Step 5 – Enable LDP on core VLAN

CLI

ERS8600-1:5(config) # interface vlan 2015

ERS8600-1:5(config-if) # mpls ldp

ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# exit

PPCLI

ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 2015 ip mpls rsvp state enable

ERS8600-1 Step 6 – Use the CLIP address as the MPLS router-id and enable LDP globally

CLI

```
ERS8600-1:5(config) # mpls router-id 10.1.1.1
```

ERS8600-1:5(config) # mpls ldp

PPCLI

```
ERS8600-1:5# config mpls router-id 10.1.1.1
```

```
ERS8600-1:5# config mpls ldp state enable
```

9.1.1.2 VRF Configuration

```
PE-1: Step 1 – Create VRF instances
```

CLI

```
ERS8600-1:5(config)# ip vrf red vrfid 11
```

ERS8600-1:5(config) # ip vrf blue vrfid 12

```
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red create id 11
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue create id 12
```



PE-1: Step 2 – Enable OSPF to each VRF instance

CLI

ERS8600-1:5(config)# router vrf blue

ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ip ospf

ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# exit

ERS8600-1:5(config) # router vrf red

ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ip ospf

ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# exit

PPCLI

```
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ospf create
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ospf enable
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red ospf create
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red ospf enable
```

PE-1: Step 3 – Create VLAN 1300 for VRF red and 1301 for VRF blue

```
CLI

ERS8600-1:5(config) # vlan ports 3/48 tagging tagall

ERS8600-1:5(config) # vlan members remove 1 3/48

ERS8600-1:5(config) # vlan create 1300 name red type port 1

ERS8600-1:5(config) # vlan members add 1300 3/48

ERS8600-1:5(config) # interface vlan 1300

ERS8600-1:5(config-if) # vrf red

ERS8600-1:5(config-if) # exit
```

ERS8600-1:5(config) # vlan create 1301 name blue type port 1

ERS8600-1:5(config) # vlan members add 1301 3/48

```
ERS8600-1:5(config)# interface vlan 1301
```

ERS8600-1:5(config-if) # vrf blue

ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# exit

```
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1 ports remove 3/48
ERS8600-1:5# config ethernet 3/48 perform-tagging enable
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1300 create byport 1
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1300 name red
```



ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1300 vrf red ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1300 ports add 3/48 ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1301 create byport 1 ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1301 name blue ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1301 vrf blue ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1301 ports add 3/48 **PE-1: Step 4 – Add IP address and enable OSPF to each VRF instance**

```
CLI
```

ERS8600-1:5(config)# interface vlan 1300 ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# ip address 10.1.130.1 255.255.255.0 ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# ip ospf enable ERS8600-1:5(config)# interface vlan 1301 ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# ip address 10.1.131.1 255.255.255.0 ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# ip ospf enable ERS8600-1:5(config-if)# ip ospf enable

PPCLI

```
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1300 ip create 10.1.130.1/24
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1300 ip ospf enable
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1301 ip create 10.1.131.1/24
ERS8600-1:5# config vlan 1301 ip ospf enable
```

PE-1: Step 5 – Enable OSPF globally for VRF 11 and 12

```
\mathtt{CLI}
```

```
ERS8600-1:5(config) # router vrf blue
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # ip ospf admin-state
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # exit
ERS8600-1:5(config) # router vrf red
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # ip ospf admin-state
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # exit
```

```
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ospf enable
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red ospf enable
```



9.1.1.3 BGP Configuration

```
PE-1 Step 1 – Configure BGP Globally
```

```
CLI
```

ERS8600-1:5(config)# router bgp ERS8600-1:5(router-bgp)# no auto-summary ERS8600-1:5(router-bgp)# no synchronization

ERS8600-1:5(router-bgp) # no bgp aggregation enable

ERS8600-1:5(router-bgp)# exit

ERS8600-1:5(config)# router bgp 3030 enable

PPCLI

```
ERS8600-1:5# config ip bgp auto-summary disable
ERS8600-1:5# config ip bgp synchronization disable
ERS8600-1:5# config ip bgp local-as 3030
ERS8600-1:5# config ip bgp aggregation disable
ERS8600-1:5# config ip bgp enable
```

PE-1 Step 2 – Configure MP-BGP neighbor to the Cisco PE-2 router using the loopback address of 10.100.100.4 as the peer

CLI

```
ERS8600-1:5(config) # router bgp
ERS8600-1:5(router-bgp) # neighbor 10.100.100.4
ERS8600-1:5(router-bgp) # neighbor 10.100.100.4 remote-as 3030
ERS8600-1:5(router-bgp) # neighbor 10.100.100.4 address-family vpnv4 enable
ERS8600-1:5(router-bgp) # neighbor 10.100.100.4 update-source 10.1.1.1
ERS8600-1:5(router-bgp) # neighbor 10.100.100.4 enable
```

```
ERS8600-1:5# config ip bgp neighbor 10.100.100.4 create
ERS8600-1:5# config ip bgp neighbor 10.100.100.4 remote-as 3030
ERS8600-1:5# config ip bgp neighbor 10.100.100.4 address-family vpnv4 enable
ERS8600-1:5# config ip bgp neighbor 10.100.100.4 update-source-interface
10.1.1.1 add
ERS8600-1:5# config ip bgp neighbor 10.100.100.4 admin-state enable
```



	PE-1 Step	3 –	Configure	BGP	on each VR	F
--	-----------	-----	-----------	-----	------------	---

CLI

ERS8600-1:5(config) # router vrf blue ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # ip bgp ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # no ip bgp auto-summary ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # no ip bgp synchronization ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # ip bgp enable ERS8600-1:5(config) # router vrf red ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # ip bgp ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # no ip bgp auto-summary ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # no ip bgp synchronization ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # ip bgp enable ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # ip bgp enable ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf) # ip bgp enable

```
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue bgp create
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue bgp auto-summary disable
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue bgp synchronization disable
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue bgp enable
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red bgp create
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red bgp auto-summary disable
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red bgp synchronization disable
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red bgp enable
```



9.1.1.4 IP VPN Configuration

PE-1 Step 1 – Configure IPVPN where the RD equals the node number and VRF id and RT equals VRF id

~	
CI	1

```
ERS8600-1:5(config)# router vrf blue
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ipvpn
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# rd 3030 1301
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# route-target import 3030 1301
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ipvpn enable
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# exit
ERS8600-1:5(config)# router vrf red
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ipvpn
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# rd 3030 1300
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# route-target both 3030 1300
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ipvpn enable
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ipvpn enable
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ipvpn enable
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ipvpn enable
```

```
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ipvpn create
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ipvpn rd 3030:1301
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ipvpn rt add both 3030:1301
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ipvpn enable
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red ipvpn create
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red ipvpn rd 3030:1300
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red ipvpn rt add both 3030:1300
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red ipvpn enable
```



9.1.1.5 Add Route Policy to Re-distribute VRF BGP Routes into the VRF OSPF Instance

All external routes learned by IP-VPN will be distributed by BGP. In order for the CE routers to learn these routes, we must configure each VRF as and OSPF ASBR and enable route redistribution.

PE-1 Step 1 – Enable each VRF as an OSPF ASBR		
CLI		
ERS8600-1:5(config)# router vrf blue		
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ip ospf as-boundary-router enable		
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ip ospf redistribute bgp		
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ip ospf redistribute bgp enable		
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# exit		
ERS8600-1:5(config)# router vrf red		
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ip ospf as-boundary-router enable		
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ip ospf redistribute bgp		
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ip ospf redistribute bgp enable		
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# exit		
PPCLI		
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ospf as-boundary-router enable		
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red ospf as-boundary-router enable		
PE-1 Step 2 – Enable BGP redistribution into OSPF for each VRF		
CLI		
ERS8600-1:5(config)# router vrf blue		
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ip ospf as-boundary-router enable		
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# exit		
ERS8600-1:5(config)# router vrf red		
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# ip ospf as-boundary-router enable		
ERS8600-1:5(router-vrf)# exit		
DDCI I		
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ospf redistribute bgp create		
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ospf redistribute bgp create ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ospf redistribute bgp enable		
ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ospf redistribute bgp create ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf blue ospf redistribute bgp enable ERS8600-1:5# config ip vrf red ospf redistribute bgp create		



9.1.2 PE 2 Configuration: Cisco 7602

```
no aaa new-model
ip source-route
ip cef
ip vrf blue
rd 3030:1301
route-target export 3030:1301
route-target import 3030:1301
ip vrf red
rd 3030:1300
route-target export 3030:1300
route-target import 3030:1300
no ipv6 cef
multilink bundle-name authenticated
mpls label protocol ldp
1
archive
log config
 hidekeys
interface Loopback1
ip address 10.100.100.4 255.255.255.255
interface Loopback2
ip vrf forwarding red
ip address 10.0.72.1 255.255.255.255
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
ip address 10.91.100.5 255.255.255.252
duplex auto
speed auto
media-type rj45
no negotiation auto
mpls bgp forwarding
mpls label protocol ldp
mpls ip
interface GigabitEthernet0/3
no ip address
duplex full
speed 100
media-type rj45
no negotiation auto
no cdp enable
interface GigabitEthernet0/3.1300
encapsulation dot10 1300
ip vrf forwarding red
ip address 10.72.72.1 255.255.255.0
interface GigabitEthernet0/3.1301
encapsulation dot1Q 1301
 ip vrf forwarding blue
ip address 10.72.131.1 255.255.255.0
```

```
router ospf 2 vrf red
 router-id 10.0.72.1
 log-adjacency-changes
 redistribute bgp 3030 metric-type 1
subnets
network 10.72.72.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
1
router ospf 1
 router-id 10.100.100.4
 log-adjacency-changes
 network 10.91.100.4 0.0.0.3 area 0
network 10.100.100.4 0.0.0.0 area 0
1
router bgp 3030
 bgp router-id 10.100.100.4
 no bgp log-neighbor-changes
 timers bgp 30 90
 neighbor vpn peer-group
 neighbor vpn remote-as 3030
 neighbor vpn update-source Loopback1
 neighbor 10.1.1.1 peer-group vpn
 address-family ipv4
  neighbor vpn send-community extended
  neighbor 10.1.1.1 activate
  no auto-summarv
  no synchronization
 exit-address-family
 address-family vpnv4
  neighbor vpn send-community extended
  neighbor 10.1.1.1 activate
  exit-address-family
 address-family ipv4 vrf red
  redistribute connected
  redistribute ospf 2 vrf red
  neighbor 10.1.1.1 remote-as 3030
  neighbor 10.1.1.1 activate
  no synchronization
 exit-address-family
 address-family ipv4 vrf blue
  redistribute connected
  neighbor 10.1.1.1 remote-as 3030
  neighbor 10.1.1.1 activate
  no synchronization
 exit-address-family
I.
mpls ldp router-id Loopback1
1
control-plane
mgcp fax t38 ecm
mgcp behavior g729-variants static-pt
1
```



9.2 Verify Operations

9.2.1 Verify OSPF Operations

9.2.1.1 Verify OSPF Admin State and Router ID

Step 1 – Verify that the OSPF admin state and Router ID.

ERS8600-1:5# show ip ospf

PPCLI: ERS8600:6# show ip ospf info

Result:

```
OSPF General - GlobalRouter
```

```
RouterId: 10.1.1.1
AdminStat: enabled
VersionNumber: 2
AreaBdrRtrStatus: false
ASBdrRtrStatus: false
ExternLsaCount: 0
ExternLsaCksumSum: 0(0x0)
TOSSupport: 0
OriginateNewLsas: 306
RxNewLsas: 4252
TrapEnable: false
AutoVirtLinkEnable: false
SpfHoldDownTime: 10
Rfc1583Compatibility: disable
```

9.2.1.2 Verify OPSF Neighbors

```
      Step 1 – Verify that the OSPF neighbors.

      ERS8600-1:5# show ip ospf neighbor

      Result:

      OSPF Neighbors - GlobalRouter

      INTERFACE

      INTERFACE
      NBRROUTERID
      NBRIPADDR
      PRIO_STATE
      RTXQLEN PERMANENCE

      10.93.102.2
      10.100.100.1
      10.93.102.1
      0
      Full
      0
      Dynamic
```

9.2.1.3 MPLS LDP State

Step 1 – Verify that the LDP state

```
ERS8600-1:5# show mpls ldp
```

```
PPCLI: ERS8600:5# show mpls ldp info
```



Result:

State	:	enabled
Penultimate Hop Pop	:	implicit-null
Hello Hold Time	:	15
Session Keep Alive	:	40
Loop Detect Hop Count Limit	:	disabled
Loop Detect Path Vector Limit	:	disabled
Redist-connected	:	disabled
Session Status Traps	:	disabled
Session Threshold Traps	:	disabled
Path Vector Limit Traps	:	disabled

On the ERS8600 switch, verify the following information:

Option	Verify
State	Verify that the LDP state is <i>Enabled.</i>

9.2.1.4 Verify LDP ID

Step 1 – Verify LDP Id

```
ERS8600-1:5# show mpls ldp summary
```

Result:

```
Local Ldp Id : 10.1.1.1:0
Routes : 18
Interface Adjacencies : 2
Extended Adjacencies : 0
Sessions : 2
Label Switched Paths : 14
Programmed In-segments : 9
Programmed Out-segments : 5
Redist-connected : disabled
```

On the ERS8600 switch, verify the following information:

Option	Verify
Local Ldp Id	Verify that the LDP is the CLIP address configured on the switch. For the PE-1 switch, the LDP ID should be displayed as 10.1.1.1 .



9.2.1.5 Verify LDP Interface, Session, Discovery, and Neighbors

Step 1 – Verify LDP interface

ERS8600-1:5# show mpls ldp interface

Result:

```
Local LDP Id : 10.1.1.1:0
Interface : Vlan 2015 ; State : Up
Nbr Count : 1
Hello Interval : 5 ; Next Hello : 5
```

Step 2 – Verify LDP session

ERS8600-1:5# show mpls ldp session

Result:

```
Local LDP ID : 10.1.1.1:0

Peer LDP ID : 10.100.100.1:0 ; State : Operational

Hold Time : 30 ; Hold Time Remaining : 28
```

Total LDP sessions : 1

Step 3 – Verify LDP discovery

ERS8600-1:5# show mpls ldp discovery

Result:

```
Peer Ldp Id : 10.100.100.1:0 ; Transport Address : 10.100.100.1
    Interface : Vlan 2015
    Hello Holdtime : 15
    Config Seq Num : 1
```

Step 4 – Verify LDP neighbor

ERS8600-1:5# show mpls ldp neighbor

```
PPCLI: ERS8600-1:5# show mpls ldp peer-address
```

Result:

```
Peer LDP ID : 10.100.100.1:0
Address : 10.91.100.1
10.91.100.6
10.93.102.1
10.100.100.1
```



On PE-1, verify the following information:

Option	Verify
Local Ldp Id	Verify that the Local LDP ID is the CLIP address configured on the switch. For the PE-1 switch, the LDP ID should be displayed as 10.1.1.1 .
Peer LDP ID & Interface & State	Verify the Peer LDP ID is that for the direct neighbors. In the case of PE-1 which is connected to MPLS router P1, the Peer LDP ID should show up depending on how the direct P router is configured. For this example, P-1 LDP ID is <i>10.100.100.1</i> via interface <i>VLAN 2015</i> . The State should also be <i>Operational.</i>

9.2.1.6 MPLS LDP Path

Step 1 – Verify that the LDP labels used by issuing the following command:

ERS8600-1:5# show mpls ldp bindings

PPCLI: ERS8600:5# show mpls ldp path

Result:

```
Fec : 10.1.1.1/32
Local Binding : Label:3
Remote Binding : 10.100.100.1:0 ; Label : 100096(inactive)
Fec : 10.100.100.1/32
Remote Binding : 10.100.100.1:0 ; Label : 3(active)
Fec : 10.100.100.2/32
Remote Binding : 10.100.100.1:0 ; Label : 100000(active)
Fec : 10.100.100.4/32
Remote Binding : 10.100.100.1:0 ; Label : 100032(active)
Total LDP paths : 4
```

On the ERS8600 switch, verify the following information:

Option	Verify
Fec Local Binding Remote Binding	The LDP Forwarding Equivalence Class (FEC) is displayed here with each label it distributes. Both the local and remote LDP label is displayed here and which label is active or inactive. The active binding should follow the IGP route table.


9.2.1.7 LDP Statistics

By default, MPLS receive and transmit statistic are disabled and can be enabled by using the following commands:

PPCLI

• ERS8600-2:6# config mpls statistics receive

```
Sub-Context:
Current Context:
    disable
    enable
    start-label <label#>
    info
```

• ERS8600-2:6# config mpls statistics transmit enable

```
Sub-Context:
Current Context:
```

```
disable
enable
start-label <label#>
info
```

CLI

- ERS8600-1:5(config)# mpls statistics transmit start-label Transmit lsp start label <cr>
- ERS8600-1:5(config)# mpls statistics receive start-label Receive lsp start label <cr>



9.2.1.8 Verify IP-VPN Route Distinguisher and Route Targets

Step 1 – Verify that the IP-VPN RD ant RT

ERS8600-1:5# show ip vrf ipvpn info

CLI: ERS8600:5# show ip ipvpn

Result:

VRF Name	: red
Ipvpn-state	: enabled
Route-distinguisher	: Type-0 - 3030 : 1300
Import Route-Targets	: Type-0 - 3030 : 1300
Export Route-Targets	: Type-0 - 3030 : 1300
Svc Label Option	: per-vrf
±	1
VRF Name	: blue
Ipvpn-state	: enabled
Route-distinguisher	: Type-0 - 3030 : 1301
Import Route-Targets	: Type-0 - 3030 : 1301
Export Route-Targets	: Type-0 - 3030 : 1301
Svc Label Option	: per-vrf

On the ERS8600 switch, verify the following information:

Option	Verify				
VRF Name	For each VRF, using the parameters in this configuration example, the IPVPN Route Distinguisher and Route Targets should be as shown below. In this example, the route distinguisher is equal to the combination of the BGP AS number and the PE-1 number plus VRF number. The IPVPN Route Target is equal to the BGP AS number and the VRF id.				
Node		VRF	RD	RT (import & export)	
PE-1		Blue	3030:1301	3030:1301	
		Red	3030:1300	3030:1300	
PE-2		Blue	3030:1301	3030:1301	
		Red	3030:1300	3030:1300	

9.2.1.9 VRF Routes

Use the following command to verify the VRF routes. For this example, we will simply view the routes for the red VRF on PE-1.

Step 1 – VRF route table for the blue VRF

ERS8600-1:5# show ip route info vrf red

```
NNCLI: ERS8600:5# show ip route vrf red
```

Result:

DST	MASK	NEXT	NH VRF	COST	INTER FACE	PROT	AGE	TYPE	PRF
10.0.72.1	255.255.255.255	10.100.100.4	Glob~	0	2015	BGP	0	IB V	175
10.1.130.0	255.255.255.0	10.1.130.1	-	1	1300	LOC	0	DB	0
10.1.140.0	255.255.255.0	10.1.130.10	red	11	1300	OSPF	0	IB	20
10.1.141.0	255.255.255.0	10.1.130.10	red	11	1300	OSPF	0	IB	20
10.72.72.0	255.255.255.0	10.93.102.1	Glob~	0	2015	BGP	0	IB <mark>V</mark>	175
10.72.140.0	255.255.255.0	10.93.102.1	Glob~	0	2015	BGP	0	IB <mark>V</mark>	175
10.72.141.0	255.255.255.0	10.93.102.1	Glob~	0	2015	BGP	0	IB <mark>V</mark>	175
10.130.1.1	255.255.255.255	10.130.1.1	-	1	0	LOC	0	DB	0
10.72.141.0 10.130.1.1	255.255.255.0 255.255.255.255.255 tal Num of Route 1	10.93.102.1 10.130.1.1	Glob~ -	0 1 of De:	2015 0	BGP LOC works	0 0 dis	IB V DB	4

On each ERS8600 in the switch cluster verify the following information:

Option	Verify
NH VRF INTERFACE PROT	All local routes learned, in this case by PE-1, via the locally attached CE router with display a "NH VRF" value of red via VLAN 1300 using a protocol of OSPF. All external routes from PE-1 are learned via BGP via VLAN 2015.
TYPE	For all external routes learned, the Type will be displayed with "V" to indicate an IP-VPN route.

If the VRF routes are not showing up or missing: a) ensure that the IGP protocol (OSPF in this example) is up and operation and peered with each neighbor, b) ensure that LDP is operational, c) ensure that you have PE-PE connectivity by performing an 'mplsping' to the remote PE CLIP address and d) ensure that you ping the VRF interfaces.



For example, in reference to PE-1, ensure that it can ping PE routers PE-1 and PE-2 as follows using CLIP/Loopback addresses:

• ERS8600-1:5# ping 10.100.100.4 source ipvpn source 10.1.1.1 10.91.1.1 is alive



• CLI: ping-mpls ipv4 10.100.100.4/32 source 10.1.1.1

9.2.1.10 View VRF BGP Route Table

To view BGP route table for each VRF, please issue the following command. The following example shows the route table for the red VRF via PE-1's perspective.

Step 1 – VRF BGP route table for the red VRF

ERS8600-1:5# show ip bgp route vrf red

Result:

	BGP	Routes - VRF red		
The total number	of routes is 4			
NETWORK/MASK	PEER REM ADDR	NEXTHOP ADDRESS	ORG LOC PREF	
10.0.72.1/32 AS_PATH: MED:0	10.100.100.4 path-is-empty	10.100.100.4	INC 100	
10.72.72.0/24 AS_PATH: MED:0	10.100.100.4 path-is-empty	10.100.100.4	INC 100	
10.72.140.0/24 AS_PATH: MED:2	10.100.100.4 path-is-empty	10.100.100.4	INC 100	
10.72.141.0/24 AS_PATH: MED:2	10.100.100.4 path-is-empty	10.100.100.4	INC 100	

On PE-1, verify the following information:

Option	Verify
PEER REM ADDR	Please note that the BGP Peer and Next-hop address from PE-1 perspective
NEXTHOP	is the circuitless IP (CLIP) address from PE-2.



9.2.1.11 View BGP IP-VPN Learned Routes

To view the VPN-IPv4 routes for each VRF, please use the following command. The following is in reference to the red VRF via PE-1 perspective.

Step 1 – VRF BGP route table for the red VRF

ERS8600-2:5# show ip bgp route-vpnv4 ext-community vrf red

```
NNCLI: ERS8600# show ip bgp vpnv4 ext-community vrf red
```

Result:

```
_____
                  IPVPN BGP Routes - VRF red
_____
The total number of vpn routes are 4
NETWORK/MASK
            PEER REM ADDR NEXTHOP ADDRESS ORG LOC PREF SVC LABEL
_____
10.0.72.1/32
            10.100.100.4 10.100.100.4 INC 100 70
     Svc Label: 0x46
     RD -Type: ASNUM Value: 3030:1300
     RT -Type: ASNUM Value: 3030:1300
10.72.72.0/24
           10.100.100.4 10.100.100.4 INC 100
                                            79
     Svc Label: 0x4f
     RD -Type: ASNUM Value: 3030:1300
     RT -Type: ASNUM Value: 3030:1300
10.72.140.0/24 10.100.100.4 10.100.100.4 INC 100
                                             98
     Svc Label: 0x62
     RD -Type: ASNUM Value: 3030:1300
     RT -Type: ASNUM Value: 3030:1300
10.72.141.0/24
            10.100.100.4 10.100.100.4 INC 100
                                            81
     Svc Label: 0x51
     RD -Type: ASNUM Value: 3030:1300
     RT -Type: ASNUM Value: 3030:1300
```



On PE-1, verify the following information:

Option	Verify
NEXTHOP RD RT	For nexthop of 10.100.100.4, RD of 3030:1300 and RT of 3030:1300 should be displayed



9.2.1.12 Viewing MPLS Label

Step 1a – Enter the following command to view the global route table; notice for the type of "IBF" are replaced with MPLS label as displayed via the "show mpls ftn info" command in step 1b below

ERS8600-1:5# show ip route info

Result:

IP Route - GlobalRouter

 NH
 INTER

 DST
 MASK
 NEXT
 VRF
 COST
 FACE
 PROT
 AGE
 TYPE
 PRF

 10.1.1.1
 255.255.255.255
 10.1.1.1
 1
 0
 LOC
 0
 DB
 0

 1
 10.100.100.2
 255.255.255.255
 10.93.102.1
 Glob~
 Glob~
 11
 2015
 OSPF
 0
 IBF
 20

81 out of 81 Total Num of Route Entries, 81 Total Num of Dest Networks displayed

10.100.100.4 255.255.255.255 10.93.102.1 Glob~ 12 2015 OSPF 0 IBF 20

TYPE Legend: I=Indirect Route, D=Direct Route, A=Alternative Route, B=Best Route, E=Ecmp Rout e, U=Unresolved Route, N=Not in HW, F=Replaced by FTN, V=IPVPN Route PROTOCOL Legend: v=Inter-VRF route redistributed

Step 1b – Enter the following command to display the MPLS out label pushed out, for this example, by PE-1. FTN refers to the FEC (Forwarding Equivalence Class) to HHLFE (Next Hop Label Forwarding Entry).

ERS8600-1:5# show mpls ftn info

NNCLI command: ERS8600:5# show mpls ftn

Result:

```
Dest/Mask : 10.100.100.2/255.255.255
Out Label : 100000 ; Out Port : Vlan 2015 ; Next-Hop : 10.93.102.1
Type : ldp-dynamic
Dest/Mask : 10.100.100.4/255.255.255
Out Label : 100032 ; Out Port : Vlan 2015 ; Next-Hop : 10.93.102.1
Type : ldp-dynamic
```

Step 2 – Use the following command to specify a specific path, for example, to PE-2 Circuitless IP address

ERS8600-1:5# show mpls ftn info 10.100.100.4/32



NNCLI: ERS8600:5# show mpls ftn 10.100.100.4/32

Result:

```
Dest/Mask : 10.100.100.4/255.255.255.255
Out Label : 100032 ; Out Port : Vlan 2015 ; Next-Hop : 10.93.102.1
Type : ldp-dynamic
```

Step 3 – To test if the MPLS path is operation, i.e. to 10.100.100.4/32, enter the following command

ERS8600-1:5# mplsping ipv4 10.100.100.4/32 count 3

NNCLI: ERS8600:5# ping-mpls ipv4 10.100.100.4/32 count 3

Results:

```
Success for FEC 10.100.100.4/32: mpls_seq=1.
Success for FEC 10.100.100.4/32: mpls_seq=2.
Success for FEC 10.100.100.4/32: mpls_seq=3.
Label Switched Path to FEC 10.100.100.4/32 is operational.
----- MPLS PING Statistics-----
3 packets transmitted, 3 packets received, 0% packet loss
```



10. Appendix A

10.1 Cisco to Avaya CLI Command Comparison

10.1.1 CLI Mode: CLI/PPCLI

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750- E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
Convert between PPCLI to CLI			ERS-8610:5# save config file /flash/ <new cli="" file<br="">name> backup /flash/<orginal file<br="" ppcli="">name> mode nncli</orginal></new>
Convert between CLI to PPCLI			ERS8610:5# save config file /flash/ <new file<br="" ppcli="">name> backup /flash/<original cli="" file<br="">name> mode cli</original></new>
Enable CLI Mode from PPCLI interface			ERS-8610:5# config boot choice primary config-file /flash/config_nncli.cfg ERS-8610:5# config boot flags nncli true

10.1.2 Logistics

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750- E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
Enter privileged EXEC Mode	Switch> enable	5520-48-PWR> enable	ERS-8610:5>enable
Enter Global Config Mode	Switch#configure terminal	5520-48-PWR# configure terminal	ERS-8610:5# configure terminal
Set System Name (Hostname) and domain name	Switch(config)#hostname <name></name>	5520-48-PWR(config)# snmp- server name <name></name>	ERS-8610:5(config)#snmp- server name <name></name>
	C3750(config)#ip domain- name <cisco.com></cisco.com>	ERS5520(config)#ip domain- name <nortel.com></nortel.com>	ERS8600:5(config)#ip domain-name <nortel.com></nortel.com>
Setting encrypted Password to secret_password to access privileged EXEC Mode	C3750(config)#enable secret <secret_password></secret_password>		ERS8600:5(config)#cli password <rwa> read-write- all Enter the old password : ******* Enter the New password : *** Re-enter the New password : ***</rwa>
Enable login via	C3750(config)#line console 0	ERS5520(config)#cli	No separate password for



console with password	C3750(config-line)# password <word> C3750(config-line)#login C3750(config-line)#exit</word>	password serial local ERS5520(config)#cli password read-write <password></password>	console or telnet; use <rwa></rwa> user configured access as above
Enable login via telnet with password telnet_password	C3750(config)#line vty 0 4 C3750(config-line)#password <word> C3750(config-line)#login C3750(config-line)#exit</word>	ERS5520(config)#cli password telnet local ERS5520(config)#cli password read-write <password></password>	No separate password for console or telnet; use <rwa></rwa> user configured access as above
Setting Switch management IP address and default gateway			ERS8600:5(config)#boot config net mgmt ip <192.168.168.1> <255.255.255.0>
Use VLAN 1 for management	C3750(config)# interface vlan <1>	ERS5520(config)#vlan mgmt <1>	ERS8600:5(config)#interface vlan <1>
Assign management IP address	C3750(config-if)#ip address <a.b.c.d> <x.x.x> Example: Using VLAN 200 for management Cat2950-1-6(config)#vlan 200 Cat2950-1-6(config-vlan)#exit Cat2950-1-6(config-vlan)#exit Cat2950-1-6(config)#interface vlan 200 Cat2950-1-6(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.10 255.255.255.0 Cat2950-1-6(config-if)#exit Cat2950-1-6(config-if)#exit Cat2950-1-6(config)#ip default-gateway 192.168.1.1 C3750(config-if)#exit</x.x.x></a.b.c.d>	Layer 2 Mode: ERS5520(config)#ip address switch <a.b.c.d> netmask <x.x.x.x> default-gateway (a.b.c.d> ERS5520(config)#ip address stack < a.b.c.d> netmask <x.x.x.x> default-gateway < a.b.c.d> Layer 3 Mode: ERS5520(config-if)#ip address < a.b.c.d> <x.x.x> L3 Example: Using VLAN 200 for management ERS5520(config)#vlan create 200 type port ERS5520(config)#vlan mgmt 200 ERS5520(config)#vlan mgmt 200 ERS5520(config)#interface vlan 200 ERS5520(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.254 255.255.255.0</x.x.x></x.x.x.x></x.x.x.x></a.b.c.d>	ERS8600:5(config-if)#ip address <a.b.c.d> <x.x.x.> ERS8600:5(config-if)#exit</x.x.x.></a.b.c.d>
Assign out-of-band IP route			ERS8600:5(config)#boot config net mgmt route <47.0.0.0/255.0.0.0 47.162.102.1>
Configure default gateway	C3750(config)#ip default- gateway <192.168.1.1>	Layer 2: ERS5520(config)# ip default- gateway <192.168.1.1>	ERS8600:5(config)#ip route <a.b.c.d a.b.c.d="" x.x.x.x=""> weight <1></a.b.c.d>



10.1.3 VLANs

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750- E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
Show VLANs	C3750#show vlan	ERS5520(config)#show vlan	ERS8600:5#show vlan basic
Disable VTP participation – recommended setting	C3750(config)#vtp mode transparent	N/A	N/A
Creating two VLANs: Vlan 10 Engineering and VLAN 20 Marketing	C3750(config)#vlan 10 C3750(config-vlan)#name Engineering C3750(config-vlan)#exit C3750(config-vlan)#vlan 20 C3750(config-vlan)#name Marketing C3750(config-vlan)#exit	ERS5520(config)#vlan create 10 type port ERS5520(config)#vlan name 10 Engineering ERS5520(config)#vlan create 20 type port ERS5520(config)#vlan name 20 Marketing	ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan create 10 type port ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan name 10 Engineering ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan create 20 type port ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan name 20 Marketing
Adding an acces port to a VLAN, i.e. VLAN 1000	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/12 C3750(config-if)#switchport mode access C3750(config-if)#switchport access vlan 1000	5520-1(config)#vlan members add 1000 12	ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan members add 1000 12
Adding a range of access ports to a VLAN	C3750(config)#interface range gigabitEthernet 7/0/3- 11 C3750(config-if)#switchport mode access C3750(config-if)#switchport access vian 1000	5520-1(config)# vlan members add 1000 3-11	ERS-8610:5(config)# vlan members add 1000 3/30- 3/35
Configuring trunk port with 802.1Q encapsulation	C3750(config)#interface gi1/0/41 C3750(config-if)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q C3750(config-if)#switchport mode trunk	ERS5520(config)#vlan port 41 tagging enable or 5520(config)#vlan ports 41 tagging tagall	ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan ports 1/33 tagging tagAll
Configuring trunk port with 802.1Q encapsulation and add VLAN's	C3750(config)#interface gi1/0/41 C3750(config-if)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q C3750(config-if)#switchport switchport trunk allowed vlan 804,1000 C3750(config-if)#switchport mode trunk	5520(config)#vlan ports 41 tagging tagall 5520(config)#vlan members add 804 41 5520(config)#vlan members add 1000 41	ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan ports 1/33 tagging tagAll ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan members add 804 1/33 ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan members add 1000 1/33
Adding tagged Voice VLAN and untagged data VLAN on same port	C3750(config)#interface range gigabitEthernet 7/0/3- 11 C3750(config-if)#switchport access vlan 1000 C3750(config-if)#switchport mode access C3750(config-if)#switchport voice vlan 804	5520(config)#vlan ports 3-11 tagging untagpvidOnly 5520(config)#vlan members add 1000 3-11 5520(config)#vlan members add 804 3-11 5520(config)#vlan ports 3-11 pvid 1000	ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan ports 1/33 tagging tagAll ERS-610:5(config)#interface fastEthernet 1/33 ERS-8610:5(config-if)#untag- port-default-vlan enable ERS-8610:5(config-if)# default-vlan-id 1000



Verify VLAN configuration	C3750#show interfaces switchport	ERS5520# show vlan interface info	ERS-8610:5# show vlan members
	C3750#show interfaces trunk	ERS5520# show vlan interface vids	
	C3750#show vlan	ERS5520#show vlan	ERS-8610:5#show vlan members ERS-8610:5#show vlan basic ERS-8610:5#show vlan advance
View forwarding database	C3750#show mac-address- table	ERS5520# show mac- address-table	ERS-8610:5#show vlan mac-address-entry
Setting VLAN PVID (port VLAN ID)		ERS5520#vlan port <port #=""> pvid <1-4094></port>	
Using Exec commands in Configuration Mode	C3750(config)#do show vlan	5520(config)# show vlan Note: ERS 5500 does not require "do" in front of Exec command	ERS-8610:5(config)# show vlan basic Note: ERS 8600 does not require "do" in front of Exec command

10.1.4 Maintenance

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750-E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
VLAN configuration file	By default, all VLAN and VTP information is stored in flash using the file name of "vlan.dat". VLAN information in configuration file is vtp transparent is enabled		
Save configuration	C3750#copy running-config startup-config or C3750#write memory	5520-1#copy config nvram 5520-1#write memory 5520-1#save config	ERS-8610:5#copy running- config startup-config or ERS-8610:5#write memory
Reboot	C3750# reload System configuration has been modified. Save? [yes/no]: yes Building configuration [OK] Proceed with reload? [confirm] y	5520-1# boot Reboot the unit(s) (y/n) ? y	ERS-8610:5# boot -y
Time	C3750#clock set 11:59:10 11 November 2008	5520(config)#clock set <mmddyyyyhhmmss> 5520(config)#clock source <rtc sntp sysuptime></rtc sntp sysuptime></mmddyyyyhhmmss>	ERS8600-5:5#clock set <mmddyyyyhhmmss></mmddyyyyhhmmss>
		5520(config)#clock time- zone <word> <dif from<br="">UTC> Example: EST: 11:01am,</dif></word>	

avaya.com



		Jan. 29, 2010 5520(config)#clock set 01292010110100 5520(config)#clock source rtc 5520(config)#clock time- zone EST -5 5520(config)#clock summer- time EST date 14 March 2010 02:00 1 November 2010 02:00 +60	
Enable HTTP server	C3750(config)#enable http server	ERS5520(config)# web- server enable	ERS8600:5(config)# web- server enable
Saving configuration	C3750#copy running-config startup-config	ERS552#copy config nvram ERS552#write memory ERS552#save config	ERS8600:5#copy running- config startup-config

10.1.5 Load Sharing

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750-E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
Etherchannel vs MLT for SMLT Access	C3750(config)#interface port- channel <1-48> C3750(config-if)#switchport trunk encapsulation <dot1q isl negotiate> C3750(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan <add all except except none rem ove> C3750(config-if)#switchport mode <access dot1q- tunnel dynamic trunk> C3750(config-if)#spanning-tree <bpdufilter bpduguard cost gua rd link-type mst port- priority portfast stack-port vlan> C3750(config)#interface <ethernet fastethernet gigibiteth ernet 10gigabitether> <port #=""> C3750(config-if)#channel-group <1-48> mode <active auto disirable on passiv e> Example: C3750(config)#interface port- channel 2 C3750(config-if)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q C3750(config-if)#switchport</active auto disirable on passiv </port></ethernet fastethernet gigibiteth </bpdufilter bpduguard cost gua </access dot1q- </add all except except none rem </dot1q isl negotiate>	5520-1(config)#mlt <1-32> enable name <word> member <port #=""> learning <disable fast normal> <i>Example:</i> 5520-1(config)#mlt 2 name mlt_2 enable member 20-21 learning disable</disable fast normal></port></word>	ERS-8610:5(config)#mlt <1- 256> enable name <word, 0-20> ERS-8610:5(config)#mlt <1- 256> member <slot port-<br="">slot/port> ERS-8610:5(config)#mlt <1- 256> encapsulation dot1q ERS-8610:5(config)#mlt <1- 256> vlan <1-4094></slot></word,



	trunk allowed vlan 804,1000 C3750(config-if)#switchport mode trunk C3750(config-if)#spanning-tree bpdufilter enable C3750(config-if)#exit C3750(config)#interface range gigabitEthernet 7/0/20-21 C3750(config-if-range)#channel- group 2 mode on		
Load Balance method	C3750(config)#port-channel load-balance <dst-ip dst- mac src-dst-ip src-dst-mac src- ip src-mac></dst-ip dst- 	5520-1(config)# mlt <1-32> loadbalance <advance basic></advance basic>	
LACP	C3750(config)#interface port- channel 3 C3750(config-if)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q C3750(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan 804,1000 C3750(config-if)#switchport mode trunk C3750(config-if)#spanning-tree bpdufilter enable C3750(config-if)#exit C3750(config-if)#exit C3750(config)#interface range gigabitEthernet 7/0/20-21 C3750(config-if-range)#channel- group 2 mode active	5520-1(config)#interface fastEthernet 20-21 5520-1(config-if)#lacp key 3 5520-1(config-if)#lacp mode active 5520-1(config-if)#lacp aggregation enable 5520-1(config-if)#spanning- tree learning disable	ERS- 8610:5(config)#interface fastEthernet 1/33-1/34 ERS-8610:5(config-if)#lacp key 3 ERS-8610:5(config-if)#lacp mode active ERS-8610:5(config-if)#lacp aggregation enable

10.1.6 Interface Level Config

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750-E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
Interface Level Configuration - Base	C3750(config)#interface ethernet <port #=""> C3750(config)#interface fastethernet <port #=""> C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet C3750(config)#interface tengigabitethernet <port></port></port></port>	5520-1(config)#interface FastEthernet <port #=""></port>	ERS- 610:5(config)#interface FastEthernet <port #=""> ERS- 610:5(config)#interface GigabitEthernet <port #=""></port></port>
Interface Level: Port Ranges	C3750(config)#interface range gigabitEthernet 7/0/3-11	5520-1(config-if)#interface fastEthernet 3-11	ERS- 610:5(config)#interface fastEthernet 1/30-1/35
Interface Level Configuration - Port Speed	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3 C3750(config-if)#speed <10 100 1000 auto>	5520-1(config)#interface fastEthernet 3 5520-1(config-if)#speed <10/100/1000/auto>	ERS- 8610:5(config)#interface fastEthernet 1/30 ERS-8610:5(config- if)#speed <10 100> ERS-8610:5(config-if)#auto- negotiate enable ERS-8610:5(config-if)#no auto-negotiate enable
Interface Level Configuration - Port	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3	5520-1(config)# <i>interface</i> fastEthernet 3	ERS- 8610:5(config)# interface



Duplex	C3750(config-if)#duplex <auto full half></auto full half>	5520-1(config-if)# <i>duplex</i> <i><auto full half></auto full half></i>	fastEthernet 1/30 ERS-8610:5(config- if)#duples <half full> ERS-8610:5(config-if)#auto- negotiate enable ERS-8610:5(config-if)#no auto-negotiate enable</half full>
Broadcast/multicast control	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3 C3750(config-if)#storm-control broadcast level [<0.00 - 100.00 bps pps] C3750(config-if)#storm-control multicast level [<0.00 - 100.00 bps pps] C3750(config-if)#storm-control unicast level [<0.00 - 100.00 bps pps] C3750(config-if)#storm-control action <shutdown trap></shutdown trap>	5520-1(config)#interface fastEthernet 3 5520-1(config-if)#rate-limit broadcast <0-10> 5520-1(config-if)#rate-limit multicast <0-10> 5520-1(config-if)#rate-limit both <0-10> <i>NOTE:</i> The only choices are a) broadcast, b) multicast, or c) both. You cannot use the commands "rate-limit broadcast" and "rate-limit multicast" together; you must use "rate-limit both".	ERS- 8610:5(config)#interface fastEthernet 1/30 ERS-8610:5(config-if)#rate- limit broadcast <1-65535> ERS-8610:5(config-if)#rate- limit multicast <1-65535> NOTE: Rate-limit value is expressed in pkts/sec

10.1.7 Security

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750-E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
ARP Inspection: VLAN Level when DHCP is used	C3750(config)#ip arp inspection vlan 1000 or C3750(config)#ip arp inspection vlan 1000 logging <acl- match arp-probe dhcp- bindings></acl- 	5520-1(config)# ip arp- inspection vlan 1000	
ARP Inspection - Setting port as Trusted	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3 C3750(config-if)#ip arp inspection trust C3750(config-if)#exit	5520-1(config)#interface fastEthernet 3 5520-1(config-if)#ip arp- inspection trusted 5520-1(config-if)#exit	
Verify IP ARP Inspection	C3750#show ip arp inspection <interfaces log statistics vlan> Example: C3750#show ip arp inspection statistics vlan 1000</interfaces log statistics vlan>	5520 (config)# show ip arp- inspection <vlan interface></vlan interface>	
Verify ARP Inspection: Interface level	C3750#show ip arp inspection interfaces C3750#show ip arp inspection interfaces <ethernet fastethernet gigabite thernet 10GigabitEthernet Port- channel> <port #=""> Example: C3750#show ip arp inspection</port></ethernet fastethernet gigabite 	5520-1#show ip arp- inspection interface 5520-1#show ip arp- inspection interface fastEthernet 3	



	interfaces gigabitEthernet 7/0/3		
IP DHCP Snooping	C3750(config)#ip dhcp snooping <database information verify vl an></database information verify vl 	5520(config)# ip dhcp- snooping <enable vlan></enable vlan>	
IP DHCP Snooping: VLAN	C3750(config)#ip dhcp snooping vlan <vlan #="" or<br="">range></vlan>	5520-1(config)# ip dhcp- snooping vlan <vlan #=""></vlan> 5520-1(config)#i p dhcp- snooping enable	
IP DHCP Snooping - Setting interface as trusted	C3750(config) #interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3 C3750(config-if) #ip dhcp snooping trust C3750(config-if) #exit	5520-1(config)#interface fastEthernet 3 5520-1(config-if)#ip dhcp- snooping trusted 5520-1(config-if)#exit	
Show IP DHCP Bindings	C3750#show ip dhcp snooping binding	5520-1#show ip dhcp- snooping binding	
Show IP DHCP Database	C3750#show ip dhcp snooping database	5520(config)#show ip dhcp- snooping <binding vlan interface></binding vlan interface>	
IP Source Guard	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3 C3750(config-if)#ip verify source or C3750(config-if)#ip verify source port-security	5520-1(config)#interface fastEthernet 3 5520-1(config-if)#ip verify source	
Verfify IP Source Guard	C3750#show ip source binding <a.b.c.d h.h.h dhcp- snooping interface static vlan> Example: C3750#show ip source binding or C3750#show ip source binding interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3</a.b.c.d h.h.h dhcp- 	5520-1#show ip source binding <a.b.c.d interface> Example: 5520-1#show ip source binding or 5520-1#show ip source binding interface fastEthernet 3</a.b.c.d interface>	
Port Security - Enabling	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3 C3750(config-if)#switchport port-security	5520-1(config)#mac-security enable	
Port Security - Add static MAC with violation of shutdown	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3 C3750(config-if)#switchport port-security C3750(config-if)#switchport port-security mac-address 0011.0022.0033 C3750(config-if)#switchport port-security violation shutdown	5520-1(config)#mac-security enable 5520-1(config)#mac-security security-list 1 add 3 5520-1(config)#mac-security mac-address-table address 00.11.00.22.00.33 security- list 1 5520-1(config)#interface fastEthernet 3 5520-1(config-if)#mac- security enable	
Port Security - Dynamic	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3	5520-1(config)#mac-security enable	



	C3750(config-if)#switchport port-security C3750(config-if)#switchport port-security maximum <1- 6144> C3750(config-if)#switchport port-security mac-address sticky	5520-1(config)#interface fastEthernet 3 5520-1(config-if)#mac- security auto-learning port 3 max-addrs <1-25> 5520-1(config-if)#mac- security auto-learning port 3 enable	
Port Security - Set aging time	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3 C3750(config-if)#switchport port-security aging time <1- 1440; time in minutes>	5520-1(config)#mac-security intrusion-timer <0-65535>	
Show Port Security Address	C3750#show port-security address	5520-1(config)#show mac- security mac-address-table	
Show Port Security at Interface Leve	C3750#show port-security interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3	5520-1#show mac-security port 3	

10.1.8 LLDP Configuration

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750-E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
LLDP Global	C3750(config)# IIdp run	Method 1: Using ADAC 5520-1(config)#adac voice- vlan <vlan #=""> 5520-1(config)#adac op- mode tagged-frames 5520-1(config)#adac <uplink-port call-server- port> <port #=""> 5520-1(config)#adac enable Method 2: Without ADAC No global configuration</port></uplink-port call-server- </vlan>	
LLDP Interface Configuration	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3 C3750(config-if)#lldp receive C3750(config-if)#lldp transmit ## See note below C3750(config-if)#lldp med-tlv- select inventory-management C3750(config-if)#lldp med-tlv- select location C3750(config-if)#lldp med-tlv- select network-policy C3750(config-if)#lldp med-tlv- select power-management C3750(config-if)#lldp med-tlv- select power-management C3750(config-if)#exit NOTE: all of the lldp med-tlv setting are enabled by default. The example above just illustrates what can be configured.	Method 1: Using ADAC 5520-1(config)#interface fastEthernet 3 # Note: by default, both LLDP and MAC ADAC detection is enabled 5520-1(config-if)#no adac detection mac 5520-1(config-if)#adac tagged-frames-tagging untag-pvid-only 5520-1(config-if)#adac enable 5520-1(config-if)#lldp tx-tlv local-mgmt-addr port-desc sys-cap sys-name 5520-1(config-if)#lldp status txandRx config-notification 5520-1(config-if)#lldp tx-tlv med extendedPSE med-	



		capabilities network-policy 5520-1(config-if)#exit	
		Method 2: Without ADAC	
		ERS5520-1(config)#interface fastEthernet 3	
		ERS5520-1(config-if)#IIdp tx- tlv local-mgmt-addr port- desc sys-cap sys-desc sys- name	
		ERS5520-1(config-if)#IIdp status txandRx config- notification	
		ERS5520-1(config-if)#IIdp tx- tlv med extendedPSE med- capabilities network-policy	
		ERS5520-1(config-if)#IIdp med-network-policies voice tagging tagged vlan-id 805	
		ERS5520-1(config-if)#exit	
Show LLDP	C3750#show lldp	5520-1#show lldp	
Show all LLDP Entries	C3750#show lldp entry *	5520-1#show lldp neighbor	
Show LLDP Neighbor Details	C3750#show lldp neighbors gigabitEthernet 7/0/3 detail	5520-1#show lldp port 3 neighbor detail	

10.1.9 Spanning Tree Configuration

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750-E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
PVST+	For interopabiility with other vendors, the native VLAN must be configured and on trunk ports, VLAN 1 (not nessessarilty the native VLAN) must be allowed.		
Configuring STP mode	C3750(config)#spanning-tree mode pvst rapid-pvst mst	ERS5520(config)# spanning- tree op-mode stpg rstp mstp Example: 5520-24T- PWR(config)# spanning-tree op-mode mstp New operational mode MSTP will take effect upon reset 5520-24T-PWR(config)#boot	ERS-8610:5(config)#boot config flags spanning- tree-mode <mstp rstp> Note: Must reboot switch for changes to take place</mstp rstp>
Disable STP	C3750(config)# no spanning-tree vlan < <i>vlan_id</i> >	ERS5520(config)#spanning- tree stp <18> disable	
Change priority of	C3750(config)#spanning-tree	ERS5520(config)#spanning-	



the bridge	vlan < <i>vlan_id</i> > priority < <i>value</i> >	tree stp <18> priority < <i>value</i> >	
Change STP cost for port	C3750(config)#interface <gi1 0="" 1=""> C3750(config-if)#spanning-tree cost <value></value></gi1>	ERS5520(config)#interface fastEthernet <1/1> ERS5520(config- if)#spanning-tree cost <value></value>	
Port level BPDU guard configuration	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3 C3750(config-if)#spanning-tree portfast C3750(config-if)#spanning-tree bpduguard enable	5520-1(config-if)# spanning- tree learning fast 5520-1(config-if)# spanning- tree bpdu-filtering <enable timeout=""></enable>	
Configuring fast learning on access ports	C3750(config-if)# spanning-tree portfast	ERS5520(config- if)#spanning-tree learning fast	
	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 7/0/3 C3750(config-if)#spanning-tree bpdufilter enable C3750(config-if)#exit	ERS5520(config- if) #spanning-tree bpdu- filtering enable ERS5520(config-if) #exit	
Verify Spanning Tree on ports and VLANs	C3750#show spanning-tree	ERS5520#show spanning- tree config	
Verify Spanning Tree on ports	C3750#show spanning-tree interface <interface_id></interface_id>	ERS5520#show spanning- tree config port	
Verify Spanning Tree on VLANs	C3750#show spanning-tree vlan < <i>vlan_id</i> >	ERS5520#show spanning- tree config vlans	
Summary information for STP on VLANs	C3750#show spanning-tree summary		

10.1.10 MSTP Configuration

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750-E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
Enable MSTP	C3750(config)# spanning-tree mode mst	ERS5520(config)# spanning- tree op-mode mstp	ERS-8610:5(config)#boot config flags spanning- tree-mode mstp
Enter MSTP config mode	C3750(config)#spanning-tree mst configuration		
Exit and commit changes to active MSTP region	C3750(config-mst)#exit		
Assign Region name	C3750(config)#spanning-tree mst configuration C3750(config-mst)#name <region_name></region_name>	ERS5520(config)# spanning- tree mstp region region- name < <i>region_name</i> >	ERS- 8610:5(config)# spanning- tree mstp region region- name <region_name></region_name>
Assign a region	C3750(config)#spanning-tree	ERS5520(config)#spanning-	ERS-



configuration revision number	mst configuration C3750(config-mst)#revision <version_number></version_number>	tree mstp region region- version < <i>version_number></i>	8610:5(config)#spanning- tree mstp region region- version <version_number></version_number>
Map VLANs to MSTP instance	C3750(config)# spanning-tree mst configuration C3750(config-mst)# instance < 165 > < <i>vlan_list</i> >	ERS5520(config)# spanning- tree mstp msti <17> add- vlan < <i>vlan_list</i> >	
Change priority of the MSTP instance	C3750(config)#spanning-tree mst <instance 0-3,5,7-9="" range:=""> priority <0-61440></instance>	5520-24T-PWR(config)# spanning-tree mstp msti <1-7> priority <0000 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 8000 9000 a 0000 b000 c0000 d000 e000 f000> Example: 5520-24T- PWR(config)#spanning-tree mstp msti 1 priority 1000	ERS-8610:5(config)# spanning-tree mstp msti <1-63> priority <4096 8192 12288 16384 2 0480 24576 28672 32768 3 6864 40960 45056 49152 5 3248 57344 61440> Example: ERS- 8610:5(config)#spanning- tree mstp msti 1 priority 4096
Change priority of the MSTP instance to root	C3750(config)#spanning-tree mst <instance id=""> root</instance>	5520-24T-PWR(config)# spanning-tree mstp msti <1-7> priority 1000	ERS-8610:5(config)# spanning-tree mstp msti <1-63> priority 4096
Change MSPT Port Priority	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet <port #=""> C3750(config-if)#spanning-tree mst <id> port-priority <0- 240;increments of 16></id></port>	5520-24T-PWR(config)# interface fastEthernet <port #> 5520-24T-PWR(config-if)# spanning-tree mstp msti <id> priority <00 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 a0 b0 c0 d0 e0 f0></id></port 	ERS-8610:5(config)# interface fastEthernet <port #=""> ERS-8610:5(config-if)# spanning-tree mstp msti <id> priority <0- 240;increments of 16></id></port>
Change MSTP Port Cost	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet <port #=""> C3750(config-if)#spanning-tree mst <id> cost <1-200000000></id></port>	5520-24T- PWR(config)#interface fastEthernet <port #=""> 5520-24T-PWR(config-if)# spanning-tree mstp msti <id> cost <1-200000000></id></port>	ERS- 8610:5(config)#interface fastEthernet <port #=""> ERS-8610:5(config-if)# spanning-tree mstp msti <id> cost <1-200000000></id></port>
MSTP Example	C3750(config)#vlan 1500 C3750(config-vlan)#name mstp1 C3750(config-vlan)#exit C3750(config-vlan)#exit C3750(config-vlan)#exit C3750(config-vlan)#name mstp2 C3750(config-vlan)#exit C3750(config)#interface range gigabitEthernet 7/0/19 - 20 C3750(config-if- range)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q C3750(config-if- range)#switchport trunk allowed vlan 804,1000 C3750(config-if- range)#switchport mode trunk C3750(config-if- range)#switchport mode trunk C3750(config-if- range)#switchport mode trunk C3750(config)#spanning-tree mode mst C3750(config)#spanning-tree	5520-24T- PWR(config)#spanning-tree op-mode mstp New operational mode MSTP will take effect upon reset 5520-24T-PWR(config)#boot 5520-24T- PWR(config)#spanning-tree mstp region-region-name region1 region-version 1 5520-24T-PWR(config)#vlan ports 19-20 tagging tagall 5520-24T- PWR(config)#spanning-tree mstp msti 1 5520-24T- PWR(config)#spanning-tree mstp msti 2 5520-24T-PWR(config)#vlan create 1500 name mstp1	ERS-8610:5(config)#boot config flags spanning- tree-mode mstp ERS-8610:5#save boot ERS-8610:5#boot -y ERS- 8610:5(config)#spanning- tree mstp region region- name region1 region- version 1 ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan create 1500 name mstp1 type port-mstprstp 1 ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan create 1501 name mstp2 type port-mstprstp 2 % MSTI 2 does not exist % Vlan added to CIST 5520-24T- PWR(config)#spanning-



	mst configuration C3750((config-mst)#revision 1 C3750((config-mst)#instance 1 Vlan 1500 C3750((config-mst)#instance 2 Vlan 1501 C3750((config-mst)#exit	type port msti 1 5520-24T-PWR(config)#vlan create 1501 name mstp2 type port msti 2 5520-24T-PWR(config)#vlan members add 1500 19-20 5520-24T-PWR(config)#vlan members add 1501 19-20 5520-24T- PWR(config)#spanning-tree mstp msti 1 enable 5520-24T- PWR(config)#spanning-tree mstp msti 2 enable Note: You need to add the the msti instances prior to configuring the VLAN's, i.e. "spanning-tree mspt mst <1- 7>" prior to entering the command "vlan create <vlan #> type port msti <1-7>". This is not the case with the ERS 8600.</vlan 	tree mstp msti 1 add-vlan 1500 ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan ports 1/33-1/34 tagging tagAll ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan members add 1500 1/33- 1/34 ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan members add 1501 1/33- 1/34 ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan members remove 1 1/33- 1/34
Show active MSTP instances	C3750#show spanning-tree active		
	for more details: C3750#show spanning-tree active detail		
Show Root bridge for all instances	C3750#show spanning-tree root Additional commands: C3750#show spanning-tree root <address cost forward- time hello-time id max- age port priority></address cost forward- 	5520-24T-PWR#show spanning-tree mstp msti port config <1-7>	ERS-8610:5 #show spanning-tree mstp msti port config
Show Bridge ID	C3750#show spanning-tree bridge	5520-24T-PWR#show spanning-tree mstp config 5520-24T-PWR#show spanning-tree mstp msti port config <1-7>	ERS-8610:5#show spanning-tree mstp msti config ERS-8610:5#show spanning-tree mstp config
Show MSTP Configuration	C3750#show spanning-tree mst configuration Addition details: C3750#show spanning-tree mst detail		ERS-8610:5#show spanning-tree mstp msti config
Verity MSTP Port role	C3750#show spanning-tree interface gigabitEthernet <port #></port 		ERS-8610:5#show spanning-tree mstp msti port role
Verify MSTP instance	C3750#show spanning-tree mst <17>	ERS5520(config)#show spanning-tree mstp msti <17>	



10.1.11 RSTP Configuration

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750-E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
Enable RSTP	C3750(config)# spanning-tree mode mst	ERS5520(config)# spanning- tree op-mode rstp 5520-24T-PWR(config)# boot	ERS-8610:5(config)#boot config flags spanning- tree-mode rstp ERS-8610:5(config)#save bootconfig ERS-8610:5(config)#boot -y
RSTP Example	C3750(config) #vlan 1500 C3750(config-vlan) #exit C3750(config-vlan) #exit C3750(config-vlan) #exit C3750(config) #interface range gigabitEthernet 7/0/19 - 20 C3750(config-if- range) #switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q C3750(config-if- range) #switchport trunk allowed vlan 804,1000 C3750(config-if- range) #switchport mode trunk C3750(config-if- range) #switchport mode trunk C3750(config-if- range) #switchport mode trunk C3750(config-if- range) #switchport mode trunk C3750(config-if-range) #exit C3750(config-if-range) #exit C3750(config) #spanning-tree mode mst	5520-24T-PWR(config)#vlan ports 19-20 tagging tagall 5520-24T-PWR(config)#vlan create 1500 type port 5520-24T-PWR(config)#vlan members add 1500 19-20 5520-24T-PWR(config)#vlan members add 1501 19-20 5520-24T-PWR(config)#vlan members remove 1 19-20 5520-24T-PWR(config)#vlan members remove 1 19-20 5520-24T-PWR(config)#vlan members 19,20 filter-untagged- frame disable	ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan create 1500 type port- mstprstp 0 ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan create 1501 type port- mstprstp 0 ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan ports 1/33,1/34 tagging tagAll ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan members add 1500 1/33,1/34 ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan members add 1501 1/33,1/34 ERS-8610:5(config)#vlan members remove 1 1/33,1/34
RSTP Priority	C3750(config)# spanning-tree mst 0 priority <0-61440>	5520-24T-PWR(config)# spanning-tree rstp priority <0000 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 8000 9000 a 0000 b000 c0000 d000 e000 f000>	ERS-8610:5(config)# spanning-tree rstp priority <4096 8192 12288 16384 2 0480 24576 28672 32768 3 6864 40960 45056 49152 5 3248 57344 61440>
RSTP Root	C3750(config)# spanning-tree mst 0 root	5520-24T- PWR(config)# spanning-tree rstp priority 0000	ERS- 8610:5(config)# spanning- tree rstp priority 4096
RSTP Edge Port	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet <port> C3750(config-if)#spanning-tree portfast</port>	5520-24T- PWR(config)#interface fastEthernet <port #=""> 5520-24T-PWR(config- if)#spanning-tree rstp edge- port <true false></true false></port>	ERS-8610:5(config)# interface fastEthernet ERS-8610:5(config-if)# spanning-tree rstp edge- port <true false></true false>
RSTP Link Type point-to-point	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet <port> C3750(config-if)#spanning-tree link-type <point-to- point shared></point-to- </port>	5520-24T- PWR(config)#interface fastEthernet <port #=""> 5520-24T-PWR(config- if)#spanning-tree rstp p2p <auto force-false force- true></auto force-false force- </port>	ERS- 8610:5(config)#interface fastEthernet ERS-8610:5(config- if)#spanning-tree rstp p2p <auto force-false force- true></auto force-false force-
Change MSPT Port Priority	C3750(config)#interface gigabitEthernet <port #=""> C3750(config-if)#spanning-tree mst 0 port-priority <0- 240;increments of 16></port>	5520-24T- PWR(config)#interface fastEthernet <port #=""> 5520-24T-PWR(config- if)#spanning-tree rstp</port>	ERS- 8610:5(config)#interface fastEthernet <port #=""> ERS-8610:5(config- if)#spanning-tree rstp</port>



		priority <00 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 a0 b0 c0 d0 e0 f0>	priority <0-240;increments of 16>
10.1.12 I	Layer 3		
Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750-E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
Configuring routing between VLANs	C3750(config)#interface vlan <vlan_id></vlan_id>	ERS5520(config)# interface vlan < <i>vlan_id</i> >	ERS8600:5(config)# interface vlan < <i>vlan_id</i> >
	C3750(config-if)#ip address <10.10.10.254> <255.255.255.0>	ERS5520(config-if)#ip address <10.10.10.253> <255.255.255.0>	ERS8600:5(config-if)# ip address <10.10.10.253> <255.255.255.0>
	C3750(coning-ii)#exit	ERS5520(config-if)#exit	ERS8600:5(config)#exit
Enable IP routing globally	C3750(config)#ip routing	ERS5520(config)#ip routing	ERS8600:5(config)#ip routing
Configuring default route	C3750(config)#ip route <0.0.0.0> <0.0.0.0> <10.10.10.1>	ERS5520(config)#ip route <0.0.0.0> <0.0.0> <10.10.10.1> <1-255>	ERS8600(config)#ip route <0.0.0.0> <0.0.0.0> <10.10.10.1> weight <1- 65535> perference <1- 255>
Configuring static route	C3750(config)#ip route <30.0.0.> <255.0.0.> <10.10.10.2>	ERS5520(config)#ip route <30.0.0> <255.0.0.0> <10.10.10.2> <1>	ERS8600(config)#ip route <30.0.0> <255.0.0> <10.10.10.2> weight <1- 65535> perference <1- 255>
	C3750(config)#exit	ERS5520(config)#exit	
Verify L3 IP routing		ERS5520#show ip routing	ERS8600(config)#show ip routing
Verify IP configuration on physical interfaces	C3750#show ip interface	ERS5520#show vlan ip	ERS8600#show ip interface
Verify IP configuration on VLANs	C3750#show ip interface vlan < <i>vlan_id</i> >	ERS5520# show vlan ip vid < <i>vlan_id</i> >	N/A, only at interface level ERS8600-5:5 #show ip interface < fastethernet gigabitethernet> <port#></port#>
Verify IP routing table	C3750#show ip route	ERS5520#show ip route	ERS8600#show ip route
Troubleshooting IP connectivity	C3750#ping <10.10.10.1>	ERS5520#ping <10.10.10.1>	ERS8600#ping <10.10.10.1>
	C3750#traceroute <20.20.20.1>	ERS5520#traceroute <20.20.20.1>	
VRRP Global		ERS5520(config)#router vrrp enable	
VRRP Configuration	C3750(config)#interface vlan <vlan_id></vlan_id>	ERS5520(config)#interface vlan <vlan_id></vlan_id>	ERS8600:5(config)#interfac e vlan <vlan_id></vlan_id>
	C3750(config-it)#ip address	ERS5520(config-if)#ip	ERS8600:5(config-if)#ip



	<10.10.10.254> <255.255.255.0> C3750(config-if)#vrrp <1> ip	address <10.10.10.253> <255.255.255.0>	address <10.10.10.252> <255.255.255.0>
	<10.10.10.1> C3750(config-if)#vrrp <1> priority <1254> C3750(config-if)#exit	ERS5520(config-if)#ip vrrp address <1> <10.10.10.1>	ERS8600:5(config-if)#ip vrrp <1> <10.10.10.1>
		ERS5520(config-if)#ip vrrp <1> priority <1255>	ERS8600:5(config-if)#ip vrrp <1> priority <1255>
		ERS5520(config-if)#ip vrrp <1> enable	ERS8600:5(config-if)# ip vrrp <1> enable
C3750(config)# exit	ERS5520(config-if)# exit ERS5520(config)# exit	ERS8600:5(config-if)# exit ERS8600:5(config)# exit	
Show VRRP interface	C3750#show vrrp	ERS5520#show ip vrrp interface	ERS8600:5#show ip vrrp interface

10.1.13 Dynamic Routing Protocols

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750-E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
Basic RIP configuration	C3750(config)#router rip C3750(config-router)#network <10.0.0> C3750(config-router)#exit C3750(config)#exit	ERS5520(config)#router rip enable ERS5520(config)#router rip ERS5520(config- router)#network <10.0.0> ERS5520(config-router)#exit Or ERS5520(config)#interface vlan <vlan_id> ERS5520(config-if)#ip rip enable ERS5520(config-if)#exit</vlan_id>	ERS8600(config)#router rip enable ERS8600- 5:5(config)#router rip ERS8600(config-rip)# network 10.1.1.1 ERS8600(config-rip)#exit Or ERS8600(config)#interface vlan <vlan_id> ERS8600(config-if)#ip rip enable ERS8600(config-if)#exit</vlan_id>
Redistribute directly connected and OSPF routes into RIP	C3750(config)#router rip C3750(config- router)#redistribute connected metric <5> C3750(config- router)#redistribute ospf <1> metric <4>	N/A	ERS8600:5(config)#router rip ERS8600:5(config- rip)#redistribute direct ERS8600:5(config- rip)#redistribute direct metric <5> ERS8600:5(config- rip)#redistribute direct enable ERS8600:5(config- rip)#redistribute ospf ERS8600:5(config- rip)#redistribute ospf



			metric <4>
			ERS8600:5(config- rip)# redistribute ospf enable
			ERS8600:5(config-rip)#exit
			ERS8600:5(config)#ip rip apply redistribute direct
			ERS8600:5(config)#ip rip apply redistribute ospf
Show commands	C3750#show ip protocols	ERS5520#show ip rip	ERS8600#show ip rip
	C3750#show ip rip database	ERS5520#show ip rip interface	ERS8600-5:5#show ip rip interface
Basic OSPF configuration	C3750(config)#router ospf <1>	ERS5520(config)#router ospf enable	ERS8600(config)#router ospf enable
	C3750(config-router)# network <10.10.10.0> <0.0.0.255> area	ERS5520(config)# router ospf	ERS8600(config)# router ospf
	<0.0.0.0>	ERS5520(config- router)# network	ERS8600(config- router)# network
	C3750(config)# exit	<10.10.10.253> area <0.0.0.0>	<10.10.10.253> area <0.0.0.0>
		ERS5520(config-router)#exit	ERS8600(config- router)# exit
		Or	0-
			Or
		vlan <vlan_id></vlan_id>	ERS8600(config)#interface
		ERS5520(config-if)# ip ospf enable	vian <vian_id> ERS5520(config-if)#ip ospf</vian_id>
		ERS5520(config-if)#exit	enable
		ERS5520(config)# exit	ERS8600(config)# exit ERS8600(config)# exit
	00750/000553///000055		
	C3750(contig)#router ospt <1>	ospf	ospf
Redistribute RIP routes into OSPF	C3750(config- router)# redistribute rip metric-	ERS5520(config-router)# as- boundary-router enable	ERS8600:5(config-ospf)#as- boundary-router enable
	type <1> subnets metric <30>	ERS5520(config- router)#redisribute rip	ERS8600:5(config- ospf)#redistribute rip
		<pre>metric <30> metric-type <type1> subnets allow</type1></pre>	ERS8600:5(config- ospf)# redistribute rip



			metric <30>
		ERS5520(config- router)#redistribute rip enable ERS5520(config-router)#exit ERS5520(config)#ip ospf apply redistribute rip	ERS8600:5(config- ospf)#redistribute rip metric-type <type1></type1>
			ERS8600:5(config- ospf)# redistribute rip subnets allow
			ERS8600:5(config- ospf)#redistribute rip enable
			ERS8600:5(config- ospf)# exit
			ERS8600:5(config)#ip ospf apply redistribute rip
ECMP	C3750(config)#router ospf <1>	FRS5520(config)# osnf	ERS8600:5(config)# ip ecmp
	paths <4>	maximum-path <4>	ERS8600:5(config)#ip ecmp max-path <4>
Show commands	C3750#show ip ospf	ERS5520# show ip ospf	ERS8600:5(config)# show
	C3750#show ip ospf interface	ERS5520#show ip ospf interface	ERS8600:5(config)#show ip ospf interface

10.1.14 QoS

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750-E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
Basic QoS for VoIP on access ports and an uplink	C3750(config)# mls qos	ERS5520(config)# qos l2- element <1> vlan-min <30> vlan-max <30> ethertype <0x800>	
	C3750(config)#interface range <gi1 -="" 0="" 1="" 20=""></gi1>	ERS5520(config)# qos classifier <1> set-id <1>	
	C3750(config-if- range)#switchport voice vlan <30>	name <voice_class> element-type l2 element-id <1></voice_class>	
		ERS5520(config)#qos if- group name <unrestricted> class unrestricted</unrestricted>	
	C27E0(config if rongo)#mlo goo	ERS5520(config)#qos if- assign port <1-20> name <unrestricted></unrestricted>	
	trust cos		
	C3750(config-if- range)#switchport priority extend cos <0>	ERS5520(config)#qos policy <1> name <voice_policy> if-group <unrestricted> clfr-type classifier clfr- name <voice_class> in- profile-action-name</voice_class></unrestricted></voice_policy>	
	C3750(config-if-range)#exit	Null_Action non-match- action-name	



	C3750(config)# exit	Standard_Service precedence <10>	
		ERS5520(config)#exit	
Configure uplink to be trusted	C3750(config)#interface <gi1 0="" 41=""> C3750(config-if)#mls qos trust cos</gi1>	ERS5520(config)#qos if- group name <core> class trusted ERS5520(config)#gos if-</core>	
		assign port <41> name <core></core>	
		ERS5520# show qos classifier	

10.1.15 Simple ACLs

Config Task Description	Cisco (based on IOS 12.2(46)SE Catalyst 3750-E & 3560-E)	Avaya 4500/5000 (based on CLI ERS5000 & ERS4500 rel. 5.x)	Avaya ERS8600 Release 5.x
Deny all hosts from 192.168.1.0/24 network	C3750(config)#access-list <1> deny <192.168.1.0> <0.0.0.255>	ERS5520(config)# qos traffic-profile classifier name <acl1> src-ip <192.168.1.0/24> drop- action enable</acl1>	ERS8600(config)#filter act <1> name <src-ip></src-ip>
	C3750(config)#access-list <1> permit any		ERS8600(config)#filter act <1> ip <srclp></srclp>
			ERS8600(config)#filter apply act <1>
			ERS8600(config)# filter acl <1> type <inport> act <1></inport>
			ERS8600(config)# filter acl port <1> <port #=""></port>
			ERS8600(config)#filter acl ace <1> <1> name <acl-1></acl-1>
			ERS8600(config)# filter acl ace action <1> <1> deny
			ERS8600(config)# filter acl ace ip <1> <1> src-ip eq <192.168.1.0- 192.168.1.255>
			ERS8600(config)#filter acl ace <1> <1> enable
Permit SMTP connection from any host to mail server	C3750(config)# access-list < 100> permit tcp any host < 47.1.1.1> eq smtp	5520-6(config)#qos traffic- profile classifier name <acl2> dst-ip 47.1.1.1/32 protocol <6> dst-port-min 25 dst-port-max 25</acl2>	ERS8600(config)#filter act <1>
			ERS8600(config)#filter act <1> ip <dstlp></dstlp>
			ERS8600(config)#filter act <1> protocol <tcpdstport></tcpdstport>
			ERS8600(config)# filter apply act <1>
			ERS8600(config)#filter acl



			1 type <inport> act <1></inport>
			ERS8600(config)#filter acl port <1> <port #=""></port>
			ERS8600(config)#filter acl ace <1> <1> name <acl2></acl2>
			ERS8600(config)#filter acl ace action <1> <1> permit
			ERS8600(config)#filter acl ace ip <1> <1> dst-ip eq <47.1.1.1>
			ERS8600(config)#filter acl ace protocol <1> <1> <tcp-dst-port> eq <25></tcp-dst-port>
			ERS8600(config)#filter acl ace <1> <1> enable
Apply ACL to interfaces	C3750(config)#interface range <gi1 -="" 0="" 1="" 20=""></gi1>	ERS5520(config)# qos traffic-profile set port <port #> name <acl1></acl1></port 	See above
	C3750(config-if-range)#ip access-group <1> in		
	C3750(config-if-range)# ip access-group <100> in		
	C3750(config)# exit		
Show filters	C3750(config)#show access- lists	5520#show qos traffic- profile classifier 5520-6#show qos traffic- profile set	ERS8600#show filter act
			ERS8600#show filter acl
			ERS8600# show filter acl ace
			ERS8600#show running- config module filter



 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ 2010 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Avaya and the Avaya Logo are trademarks of Avaya Inc. and are registered in the United States and other countries. All trademarks identified by ®, TM or SM are registered marks, trademarks, and service marks, respectively, of Avaya Inc. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Avaya may also have trademark rights in other terms used herein. References to Avaya include the Nortel Enterprise business, which was acquired as of December 18, 2009. 02/10

Avaya / Cisco Interoperability Technical Configuration Guide